

WEATHER FORECASTS
Victoria and Vicinity—Light to moderate winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, generally fair and warm.

The Daily Colonist.

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No. 175—FIFTY-NINTH YEAR VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, JULY 1, 1917 PRICE FIVE CENTS

ENEMY STEADILY DRIVEN FROM LENS STRONGHOLDS

Canadian and British Troops Capture Number of Defensive Systems Along Both Banks of Souchez River—Objectives Gained With Slight Loss to Assaultants

CONSIDERABLE CASUALTIES INFLICTED ON DEFENDERS

Crown Prince Still Endeavouring to Break French Lines Near Verdun and on Aisne Ridges—Very Small Gains Made at Heavy Cost—Picked Troops Used

LONDON, June 30.—The official report from British headquarters tonight says: "Our troops again made progress during the day south of Lens and captured a further portion of the enemy's trenches in this area, with a few prisoners. "Five German airplanes were brought down yesterday and four others were driven down out of control. One other enemy machine was shot down by fire from the ground. One of our machines is missing.

Series of Defences Carried
A series of strongly-organized defensive systems on both banks of the Souchez River, covering Lens, has been captured by British forces, it was announced officially this morning. In their recent operations the British have advanced more than a mile on a front of four miles about Lens. "As the result of our attacks," the report says, "strongly organized defensive systems, on both banks of the Souchez River, covering Lens, were captured last night. Our whole objectives were gained with slight loss and with considerable enemy casualties. Positions of great strength, as well as tactical and strategic importance, were taken."

German Attacks Fail
PARIS, June 30.—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads: "North of St. Quentin an enemy surprise attack on one of our small posts in the region of Griquet, was repulsed. On the left bank of the Meuse, the activity of both armies was very great between Avocourt wood and Le Mort Homme. All the enemy attempts were driven back by our counter-attacks. We took about twenty prisoners, including three officers. "The official communication: 'Last night an enemy attack against one of our advanced posts near the Ferryman's zone was repulsed. The German artillery was very active in the region of Steenstraete and Het Sae.'"

GERMANS BUSY WITH DEFENCES

Creating New Rearward Lines in Fear of Renewal of Russian Attacks—Hindenburg's Armistice Proposal

PETROGRAD, June 29 (delayed in transmission).—Renewed activity of the Germans indicated in the reports from the front in the last few days presumably is the result of a revival of the Russian fighting spirit and a joint conviction that a separate peace is impossible. The correspondent at Minsk of the Hirspevica telegraphs that the Germans who, during the period of fraternization, almost completely laid bare their battle front, are now feverishly fortifying their trenches, and are creating a new defensive line 20 miles behind the first in preparation for a retreat. Fraternization, the correspondent says, has entirely ceased. From the Riga front comes a similar report. The Germans there are said to be fortifying their lines and to have been obliged to ask for reinforcements.

Operations Reported.
PETROGRAD, June 29.—Increased artillery activity yesterday in Eastern Galicia is reported today by the Russian War Department. In the Caucasus the Russians made a further advance in the region west of Sena.

Berlin, June 30.—The official report today says: "Eastern front: Russian attacks on the Upper Strips broke down under our fire. "Russian activities in East Galicia, the War Office announced today, indicate that attacks are contemplated. Strong Russian destructive fire has been maintained from the Lemberg-Brody railway to the south of Brestany.

Hindenburg Proposes Armistice.
COPENHAGEN, June 30.—It is reported from German sources that Field Marshal von Hindenburg, chief of the general staff, in a wireless message has again offered an armistice to Russia. This time his wish is to suspend hostilities during the election of delegates to the Russian constitutional convention.

Windsor Brothers Elected.
WINDSOR, Ont., June 30.—Three brothers by the name of Forsythe—son, a minister, Rev. Arthur R. Forsythe, pastor of the Walkerville Baptist church—were elected yesterday by the Canadian Engineers.

SPAIN'S DECREE ON SUBMARINES

Those of Belligerent Powers Forbidden to Navigate Spanish or Territorial Waters—Germans May Leave Cadiz

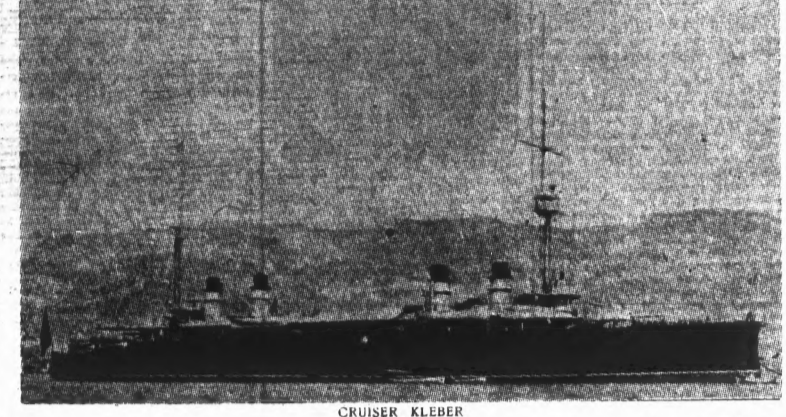
MADRID, June 30.—King Alfonso has signed a decree dealing with submarines, with a view to avoiding a repetition of incidents such as that of Cadiz, where a German submarine took refuge and later was escorted out of the port by Spanish torpedo boats. The text of the decree follows: "Article I.—All such submarines which enter Spanish ports, for whatever reason, will be interned until the end of the war. "Article II.—The submarines of all belligerent Powers are forbidden to navigate within Spanish territorial waters on to Spanish ports. "Article III.—All such submarines which enter the Spanish zone, for whatever reason, will be interned until the end of the war. "Article IV.—The submarines of neutral nations which enter Spanish territorial waters must navigate on the surface, with their colors visibly displayed."

Allowed to Leave Cadiz
PARIS, June 30.—A semi-official note issued in Madrid says that a German submarine which took refuge at Cadiz, left port yesterday morning escorted by the three-mile limit by two Spanish torpedo boats. The Spanish Government asked and obtained from the Berlin Government a formal promise that the submarine would go direct to a German port without attacking enemy ships or performing any other act of war.

BONE-DRY STATES

Twenty-Three States Under Prohibition of Liquor Shipments—Eleven Partially Affected
WASHINGTON, June 30.—Twenty-three states will be bone-dry after midnight tonight, the effective hour of the Reed amendment prohibiting shipment of liquor into any territory where its manufacture or sale is prohibited. Eleven other states are partially affected by the legislation, which has been hailed by temperance advocates as the greatest single step towards abolition of the liquor traffic in the nation's history. The law bars from prohibition areas, whether states or smaller corporations, all mail matter containing advertisements or seeking orders for intoxicants, a provision designed to aid in enforcing the anti-shiping feature by suppressing the activities of mail order houses in dry territory.

Sunk by Striking Mine When Near Home



FRENCH CRUISER SUNK BY MINE

Kleber, on Way to Brest From Africa, Meets Disaster—Three Officers and 35 Men Lost—Heroic Captain

PARIS, June 30.—An official announcement was made last night that the French armored cruiser Kleber struck a mine off Point St. Mathieu on Wednesday and sank. Three officers and 35 men were lost. The Kleber had come from Dakar, Africa, and was on her way to Brest. The sinking of the Kleber was attended by dramatic scenes and marked by heroism by the commander and the individual members of the crew. The Kleber sighted a mine and was attempting to destroy it by gunfire when another appeared, which the vessel hit before it could be turned aside. When it became evident that the Kleber was doomed, the commander gave the order for everyone to save himself. He preferred to go down with the ship, and a plucky bugler insisted on standing on the bridge beside the captain. The crew scrambled into the boats and went overboard as the vessel settled with the captain on his boat, but he declined to do so, the bugler remaining with his chief. A traskish wave finally came to the commander's rescue. It tore him and the bugler from their posts and hurled them into the sea. They were rescued by a destroyer which had rushed to the assistance of the cruiser. The other officers of the Kleber showed great coolness and remained at their posts until the last moment.

The armored cruiser Kleber was built at Bordeaux in 1902. Her tonnage was 7,575, length 224 ft., beam 34 ft. and draught 24 ft. She cost \$1,850,000. Armament, eight 6.4 inch, four 4.9 inch, ten 1.8 inch and four 1.4 inch guns. Her complement was 321 men. The cruisers Desaix and Dupuie are of the same type.

FOR GOVERNMENT OF DISPUTED LANDS

Suggestions Made That United States Should Administer Them as Trustee—German African Colonies
LONDON, June 30.—Suggestions that the United States should govern disputed lands as the trustee for civilization are being advanced by European publicists with increased frequency. The destinies of Palestine, Syria, and even the Suez Canal, have been thus arranged by enthusiasts. Josiah Wedgwood, who was on the staff of General Smuts in East Africa last year, proposes in an article in The Nation to give the United States the largest order yet framed. All German African colonies, Mr. Wedgwood says, should be pooled with the Congo Free State and the Portuguese colonies by the payment of \$100,000,000 to Belgium and \$20,000,000 to Portugal. This territory of 4,700,000 square miles should be administered by an American commission similar to the Philippine commission, but nominated by the United States and the individual members of the commission should be appointed for all whites, free trade and a progressive non-exploiting land policy up to the best modern pattern as exhibited in the Philippines.

EXPLOSION IN GERMAN FACTORY

Letter Found in Trench at Lens Tells of Disaster at Detmold—Church Bells Taken to Make Shells

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 30 (by the Associated Press).—Some interesting items of German news have been gleaned within the last few days from letters found in raided dugouts. One of them, written from Bielefeld, Prussia, June 6, tells of an explosion in an ammunition factory at Detmold, and continues: "It was terribly sad. On Sunday 900 victims already had been buried. One woman, who has lost four sons in the field, has now lost her three daughters in the explosion. It is strange that the Westphalian newspapers give no report of the accident."

Another letter written at Erfurt, Prussian Saxony, May 28, says: "The church bells have pealed a farewell dirge for the church which has been taken away to be smelted down and turned into shells. No eyes remained dry when the pastor mentioned that instead of ringing out the tidings of an early peace they must now cause death and destruction."

C.N.R. TRAIN WRECKED

Derailed Near Napanee by Switch Being Tampered With—Sir Wm. Mackenzie on Board
NAPANEE, Ont., June 30.—A C.N.R. train was badly wrecked at Thurlow, near here, at 3:35 a.m. today. The day coach shot into a swamp but the Pullman remained on the tracks. Sir William Mackenzie was on board his car at the rear of the train. Those in the Pullman included Sir John Alder, E. R. Wood, Z. A. Lash, W. Weichel, M.P., H. B. Morphy, M.P., Hugh Clark, M.P., and Lieut.-Col. Lewis, M.P. All escaped injury. The wreck was caused by deliberate tampering with a switch. TORONTO, June 30.—The derailment of a Canadian Northern express train from Ottawa, near Thurlow, five miles east of Belleville, Ont., at 3:35 this morning was caused by an open switch and it was the opinion of those who examined the track that there had been an attempt to wreck the train. "The evidence is conclusive that it was a deliberate attempt," said E. R. Wood. The switch lock had been broken off with a stone and carried away, and stones and mud were between the rails of the switch to ensure its staying open.

More Funds for Britain.
WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Treasury Department today placed an additional \$10,000,000 to the credit of Britain, making the total loans thus far to Great Britain for war purposes \$266,000,000. This makes the total loans to the Entente countries \$1,013,000,000.

Macedonian Front.
PARIS, June 30.—The War Office reports: "Eastern theatre, June 29.—The artillery was moderately active on both sides. An engagement between patrols took place in the region of Noms."

NO PRIVATIONS SO FAR FOR PEOPLE OF BRITAIN

Premier Lloyd George Speaks to Dundee Audience on Present Situation—Germany and Austria Suffering, but Still Fighting—War May Be of Long Duration

PROMISES DRASTIC MEASURES TO PREVENT PROFITEERING

Government in Duty Bound to Protect Public From Unnecessary Burdens—Winning of Contest Depends on Perseverance—Prussia Learns Virtue of Humility

DUNDEE, June 30.—In a speech here today, speaking of the sacrifices the people had been called on to make in the war, Mr. Lloyd George said there had been no privations in this country so far, and that while there were privations in Germany and Austria, those countries were still fighting. The restriction on horse racing, the Premier said, was entirely a question of the extent to which it could be permitted without interfering with the work of the war. Anything beyond that would be irritating and mischievous, anything short of it inadequate to meet the case. "If you apply those principles to the question of drink," he continued, "you will find that it will work out all right. No man in his senses would sacrifice the food of the country for any drink, however alluring it may be."

No Profiteering.
One condition which the country was entitled to ask from the Government, the Premier continued, was that it should not permit the burdens of the country to be increased by what was called profiteering, as distinct from profit. Profiteering was unfair in peace; in war it was an outrage. That was why the Government had taken action to restrict profits and proposed to deal drastically with profiteering in food. Another condition which the people were entitled to expect, Mr. Lloyd George went on, was that food must be brought within the reach of the people. Present prices were largely dependent on prices over which the Government had no control in America and elsewhere. But steps such as were within its power had been taken by the Government to keep the prices for food within bounds. The Government would even go to the extent of resorting to the Exchequer in order to see to any rate that the price of bread was within the compass of the people.

The Premier said the people must not suffer under the burden of the struggle, but lift their eyes to Great Britain's purpose, which was clearer than ever, he continued. "Fighting for Human Rights. "We are fighting for the rights of men and women, and we will win. I always knew the struggle would be a prolonged one, and made plans on that assumption, but with continuous persistence and unflinching candour we shall win." The Premier alluded to the attitude which the Germans adopted in 1870-71, when Alsace and Lorraine—those French provinces—were dragged from France," and continued: "The doctrine of 1870 is the doctrine of today, and it is the doctrine we are fighting. So it is with Italy, who wants to live with those of her people, and so with the Poles, who want to resume the thread of their national independence. It is our will that they shall. And so it is with Mesopotamia and Palestine. These men are not to be dumb, driven cattle that are to be transferred at the will of the Emperor. That is what we are fighting."

DRAFT OPPONENTS GET PUNISHMENT

United States Authorities Proceed Against Men Who Engage in Seditious Work—Slackers in Jail
SEATTLE, June 30.—Hulet M. Wells, former president of the Seattle Central Labor Council and an employee of the city light department until his recent suspension, was indicated today by seditious conspiracy in connection with circulation of anti-draft literature. The Federal grand jury also indicted Sam Sadler, Socialist general committeeman for the state of Washington, Aaron Eisman, secretary of the county Socialist committee, and Robert E. Rice, the charge against them being the same as against Wells. The grand jury also indicted a number of evaders of the draft.

BIG WATER TANK STRIKES VESSEL

Eleven Killed and Ten Injured in Strange Accident at Milwaukee—Steamer Crashes Into Dock
MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 30.—At least eleven persons were killed and ten injured here late this afternoon, when the steamer Christopher Columbus, in swinging away for her return trip to Chicago, crashed into a dock on the Milwaukee River, causing a huge water tank to fall from the top of a five-story warehouse onto the deck of the vessel. The impact of the vessel at the dock loosened the fifty-ton water tank, and it crashed down on top of the steamer, crushing the pilot house and three lower decks into kindling wood. There were said to be approximately 400 passengers on the vessel. As fast as the bodies of the dead could be recovered they were taken to the morgue. The crash of the water tank tore through the bridge, pilot house and two decks and slid into the river when it struck the steel main deck.

The officers of the vessel could give no explanation for the tragedy. Beyond what James Brody was at the wheel at the time of the accident, and that the ship failed apparently to respond quickly enough to his efforts, the officers were unable to explain the accident. An unconfirmed report was to the effect that one of the tug guides of the big vessel had its hawser cast off too soon. The first to notice the plight of the passengers were employees of a provision company. They put out in a steam launch and picked up three dead bodies and three men who had been knocked unconscious as they were thrown into the river by the falling tank. An emergency call was sent to the police department and to every hospital in the city to rush ambulances to the scene of the accident.

COUNT REVENTLOW STILL HYSTERICAL

Excited by Rumors of American Loan to Austria and Scheme for Separate Peace
AMSTERDAM, June 30.—Discussing rumors of a large American loan to Austria-Hungary and a separate peace, Count von Reventlow, writes in The Tages Zeitung, of Berlin: "That lively communication and very active co-operation exist today more than ever between the Polish elements in the United States and Europe is well known. Neither is it chance that just as the Poles and Slavs in Austria have effected the fall of the Ciano-Mussolini cabinet, rumors of a separate peace offer and negotiations appear." While rejecting the idea that Austrian statements would constitute such a course, Count von Reventlow, writes in the acceptance of such a loan with its logical consequence would be looked upon as a victory of the elements in Austria hostile to the alliance and would be the necessary result.

Calvary Airman Killed.
LONDON, June 30.—Lieut. Edgar Reynolds, R.F.C., a son of Mrs. Reynolds, of Calgary, has been killed while flying.

Fort by Violent Bombardment to Draw Back in Agnello Pass—Furious Attacks at Monte Ortigara
ROME, June 30.—The Italian official reads: "Last night on the Asiago plateau, our advanced posts withdrew from Agnello pass, owing to a violent enemy bombardment. We occupy the east end of the pass. "On the same night, an enemy attack on our positions on Piccolo and Col Ericone failed completely. "The artillery was very active yesterday on the Carro, south of Verico. During the night one of our airplanes east of Gorizia brought down an enemy machine and forced another to land. One of our air squadrons effectively bombed enemy huts in the Monte Hermada region. During the night, enemy machines dropped bombs on our lines of communication in the lower Isanzo abb on the northern Adriatic coast. There were no victims, and only very slight damage was done. As a reprisal, our machines bombed the enemy aviation ground at 'Frasacco.' At least 8,000 Austrians were killed in the fruitless enemy offensive around Monte Ortigara between June 10 and 25, according to War Office estimates. The battles for this dominating point set a new mark in ferocity. The Austrians attacked in successive waves with every known device of killing—big guns, little guns, machine guns, liquid fire, flame projectors, asphyxiating gas, mines, and bayonets. The ground was literally churned into powder and soaked with blood."

Count von Reventlow Still Hysterical.
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CITY OF HONOR CONFEDERATION

Fitting Ceremonies Will Mark Tomorrow Morning's Official Recognition of the Jubilee of the Dominion

Victoria will hold fitting celebration tomorrow morning of the jubilee of Confederation of the Dominion from which the Dominion dates its birth. The jubilee of the great Dominion will prove the occasion for a patriotic demonstration in which every Victorian, young and old, is expected to participate. It will be a memorable occasion in the history of the city.

With every prospect of real Victoria weather the celebration is certain to prove eminently successful. Simple in its character and essentially patriotic in nature, tomorrow's ceremonies will be impressive in the extreme. It will not be alone Victoria's recognition of Confederation, but also the Province's official participation in the ceremonies which throughout Canada will mark the jubilee of Canada.

The programme will commence in front of the Legislative buildings at 10 o'clock, and will be preceded by the parade of the naval and military forces, under command of Lieut.-Col. Angus, which will assemble at 9:15 o'clock at the new Army, North Douglas Street, and headed by the bands of H.M.S. Lancaster and the 5th Regiment, will march via Douglas, Fort and Government streets to the Parliament Buildings, where Lieutenant-Governor Barnard will take the salute at 10 o'clock.

Premier Brewster, as chairman of the committee under the direction of which the arrangements for the celebration have been made, will preside. Immediately the naval and military parade has ended the singing of the hymn, "O God our Help in Ages Past" will inaugurate the programme and will be followed by the Lord's Prayer, in the recitation of which the entire assemblage is requested to join.

A feature of the programme will be the presentation by the Honor of medals won for gallantry in action in Flanders to Company Sergeant-Major C. F. Dawson, 7th Battalion, C.E.F., and to Pte. F. S. Mackenzie, 10th Battalion, C.E.F. It will be the first occasion on which public recognition of the brave actions of the men from British Columbia has been given in this city.

Following the singing of "O Canada" Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K.C.M.G., K.C., will deliver the oration, "Hall to the Day." It is particularly fitting that this should fall to Sir Charles, whose distinguished father, the late Sir Charles, was one of the fathers of Confederation and took a leading share in the negotiations which culminated in that epoch-making event. The programme will terminate with the singing of the National Anthem.

Details Arranged

The arrangements for tomorrow's ceremonies provide that the public will assemble on the lawn, and for their convenience the members of the Girl Guides have kindly consented to distribute the neatly printed programmes prepared for the occasion by the King's Printer. On the steps leading to the main entrance of the Legislative Buildings will stand His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Barnard and Mrs. Barnard, Premier Brewster, and members of the cabinet, the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Mayor Todd, and members of the City Council, officers and other officials. This party will be flanked on either side by wounded returned soldiers, for whom special accommodation will be provided. The veterans of both services will also be provided with seats in recognition of their gallant services in former wars.

The driveway in front of the buildings will be kept clear for the troops. Vehicles with official guests will enter by the east side, the dependants of the officers at the steps, and leave the grounds by the west driveway. Those who will occupy positions on the steps are requested to be in their places no later than 9:45 o'clock, to permit of the driveway being kept clear for the troops, who are timed to be there on the stroke of 10 o'clock. The paved space in front of the steps will be reserved for the naval and military forces. The singing will be led by the military band on the bandstand in front of the building. The Boy Scouts, under command of Mr. R. E. Nash will assist the police in maintaining order.

Churches Celebrate

In practically all of the local churches, the Confederation anniversary will be celebrated today. The addresses at 11th morning and evening services will deal chiefly with the subject of Confederation and its influence on the development of the Dominion. Special music will be rendered, with the patriotic sentiment prevailing in the services in the various Sunday schools will also bear upon Confederation, and in most cases addresses by prominent members of the churches will be given.

At St. Andrew's Cathedral special services will be held. At all masses, the subject will be referred to and at the evening services there will be a special meeting, at which the Rosary will be recited and the Litany of the Holy Name of Jesus to invoke God's blessing upon the arms of the Empire and her Allies. Five "Our Fathers" and "Hail Marys" will be recited for the soldiers who have fallen in battle, and solemn benediction of the Sacrament will be given by Bishop MacDonald, who will also give an address suitable to the occasion.

At the First Presbyterian Church, at the evening service, Mr. William McNeil, a brother of the Scottish evangelist, John McNeil, will speak on the subject of "Confederation." At the morning service, Rev. J. G. Inkster will speak on the question of Church Union, and deal with the work of the recent Presbyterian Assembly at Montreal.

Patriotic services will be held at the Naval and Military Methodist Church, Esquimalt; at 9:30 at the Convalescent Home; and at 10:30 a.m. in the church special children's services; at 7 p.m., a Confederation service, with special music. Rev. Robert Hughes, chaplain to the Imperial and Canadian Forces, will preach morning and evening. At the evening service the soloist will be Mrs. C. H. Butt; and an oration by Miss Isabella Appleton, gold medalist, will also be given.

A feature of the evening service at the Tabernacle Baptist Church will be the unveiling of an honor roll containing the names of the church members who are at the front, and some of whom have made the supreme sacrifice. This unveiling ceremony will be performed by Premier Brewster. Rev. B. H. Best, pastor, will preach.



—Photo by Savannah.
Who is mentioned in a dispatch received yesterday from London as having been granted a flying corps with the Royal Flying Corps, Capt. Sargison, who is a son of Capt. A. G. Sargison, of the 39th Infantry Battalion, sent across in the summer of 1916 with the 15th Artillery Brigade Ammunition Column and transferred to the aerial service after reaching England.

SOLDIER'S BODY FOUND

Probably That of Pte. Paton or Leach, Drowned at Resthaven a Month Ago

The body of a soldier, believed to be that of either Pte. Paton or Pte. Leach, both of whom were drowned along with Pte. Holland on May 22 last while boating near Resthaven Convalescent Hospital, was found floating near Royal Bay last evening at 6 o'clock by men in charge of a scow being towed across from Albert Head to the Outer Wharf. It was secured by the men on the scow and brought to the Outer Wharf whence it was taken to Thomson's Undertaking Rooms awaiting identification.

There was no badge or other object by which the identity of the body, which was badly decomposed, could be ascertained, but the fact that on the feet still remained a pair of slippers similar to those worn by the returned men who are receiving treatment at Resthaven indicate that in all likelihood the body is that of one of the two men drowned near the hospital but whose bodies have hitherto been unaccounted for. It is about 100 yards from the shore and along past Oak Bay out into the Straits and thence over to the vicinity of Albert Head.

JUBILEE HOSPITAL REPORTS GOOD YEAR

The annual meeting of donors and subscribers to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was held in the board room of the Board of Trade, Friday afternoon for the purpose of hearing the reports of the institution for the past year. The year's receipts were \$77,986.16, an increase of \$3,125.25 over the previous year. The amount received for patient payments was \$41,498.27, an increase of \$6,859.40. The daily average number of patients was 194, an increase of 10 per cent, and the cost per patient, per diem was \$2.03, as against \$1.86 of last year, the difference being due to the increase in cost of supplies and commodities. The sum of \$46,527.50 was received from the following sources: The estate of Mr. Greaves, \$20,000; Mr. W. T. Hardaker, \$45,000, which is invested in mortgages; Mr. George Stevens, \$427.50; Herman Bowes, \$100; and Mrs. J. D. Pemberton, \$1,000 towards the maintenance of the Pemberton Memorial Chapel or other purposes connected with it. The retirement of four members of the board of directors necessitated the election of their successors. Mrs. C. W. Rhode and Mrs. R. F. Green, Mr. Andrew Wright and Mr. J. A. Mara were nominated and elected by the single casting vote of the secretary. The detailed annual reports and financial statement submitted at the meeting will be published in full next Sunday.

Canadian Given Office

COLUMBUS, O., June 30.—F. J. C. Cox, of Winnipeg, was yesterday elected junior councillor of the United Commercial Travellers at the supreme council meeting of the order here today.

Interesting Lecture

SUBJECT
The Door to the Highway of Holiness Soon to Be Opened

An highway shall be there, and a way, and it shall be called the way of holiness, the unclean shall not pass over it, but it shall be for those, the wayfarer men, though fools, shall not err therein. —Isaiah XXXV, 8.

Speaker
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All Welcome.
Autopsies Associated Bible Students.

MEN AT FRONT MUST GET HELP

French-Canadian, Returning Wounded, Believes in Compulsory Service—Will Enlighten Relatives and Friends

HALIFAX, June 30.—Sergt. W. Arsenault, of St. Benoit, a farmer, and Pte. Bruce Davis, of Lethbridge, formerly a C. P. R. brakeman, who returned from overseas yesterday in the party of 546 officers, N.C.O.'s and privates of the C. E. F., were at Rams-gate during one of the recent air raids.

"My God, man, it was awful," said Davis, "and Arsenault and I have both made up our minds that we are going to get into the flying corps in some way or other and have another crack at those devils. They tell us that as our health is good and we have arm power to steer the machines and nerve enough to go up in them we can be taught to fly. We have both sent in our applications."

Arsenault is a brown-eyed, good looking chap with the unmistakable French-Canadian face. He has been reading the newspapers. He knows what is being said about his fellow countrymen and what some of those fellow countrymen are saying. He believes in compulsory service, and says those of his countrymen who do not, fail to understand.

"I will have something to tell my friends and relations when I get home that will open their eyes," said he. "I don't want to see trouble, but the boys we have left behind us over there have got to have all the help we can send them and the sooner they get it the sooner the war will end. You see what I've got, but I'm not sorry."

ADVENTURERS MIXED

Man in Custody at Hamilton Supposed to Be Charles Keller, Not "Captain" de Willoughby

HAMILTON, Ont. June 30.—The police yesterday afternoon made the surprising announcement that the man arrested here, and who was supposed to be "Captain" Percy Seymour de Willoughby, for whom the English authorities are seeking, is not really de Willoughby, but probably Charles D. Keller, another old-countryman who wanted for fraud. Chief Wattle said the police had evidence to show that another man, supposed to be de Willoughby, is still at large. A telegram from Toledo, Ohio, announces that de Willoughby is wanted there, but that the man held here is not the one the Toledo police are after.

Pictures received from England gave the police the first intimation that the man under arrest here might be Keller. The chief thinks that the Hamilton prisoner and de Willoughby may have been patients in the same hospital in England, and that de Willoughby's passport came into the possession of the man who is now believed to be Keller.

The chief yesterday received from Boston a warrant endorsed by the British Consul there for the prisoner, who is charged by a Boston citizen with obtaining \$250 by fraud. An officer is said to be on his way from Boston and will not be surprising if the prisoner is deported.

COMMENTING ON SHIPPING LOSSES

London Times Correspondent Points Out That While Britain is Improving, Destruction is Still Serious

LONDON, June 30.—The Times' naval correspondent says of the latest report of shipping losses:

"On the whole, the ratio of vessels escaping to those attacked is slowly improving, when the figures are compared from month to month. This may be attributed to greater efficiency in the methods of coercion which the navy is now applying. It must be some time, however, before the efforts of the Allies in this direction can fully mature."

"On the other hand, although the loss of ships is not increasing—even at a rate for which the public was prepared—yet the total loss continues to accumulate. Therefore as regards shipping it must continue to be regarded as serious. The fact that fewer fishing vessels were sunk confirms the idea that greater attention is now being given to the larger vessels."

Y.M.C.A. Success

TORONTO, June 30.—Following a special meeting of the executive committee of the National Council of the Y.M.C.A., Captain Charles W. Bishop, general secretary, made the announcement that the results of the Y.M.C.A. appeals for its military and other national work had resulted approximately \$1,902,000. The amount that was asked for in connection with the budget for this year was \$750,000. The reports showed that almost all of the cities and towns in which campaigns had been held had exceeded the amount requested. Montreal led in giving \$250,000.

Labor Party Candidate

KITCHENER, Ont. June 30.—Dr. John E. Pett has just been nominated by the Independent Labor Party to contest in their interests the forthcoming Dominion elections.

SOME SUMMER WEAVES

Effect Clothes Economy as Well as Bodily Comfort

There is thrift in comfort when good Botany wool cloth costs as much as \$2 and \$4 a pound. If one can cut a few pounds weight out of a suit of clothes the saving is evident.

Semi-ready Summer wear and tweeds are tailored from 12 and 14-ounce-to-the-yard cloth, whereas a Winter weight cloth weighs as much as 22 ounces to the yard. On a three-and-a-half-yard length the difference is often two pounds, so that one is inclined to view with thrifty favor the purchase of one of the lightweight Summer weaves in the Semi-ready score. These can be worn from four to five months in the Canadian climate.

Mearns & Fuller have the only genuine Semi-ready Tailoring to be seen in the city.

Your New Suit, Sir!

The Suits we are showing, particularly the "20th Century" brand, are clothes embodying style and quality combined with moderate price. They are bench tailored by the most competent men in the business, according to the very latest custom models. For every build of man and young man we have a "20th Century" to fit him.

Made to Your Special Measure if You Wish. Prices From \$22.50.

For sale in Victoria only by

W. & J. WILSON

THE MEN'S CLOTHING CENTRE
1217-19-21 Government Street and Tronca Avenue

"THE FOOTWEAR CENTRE"

New Arrivals

LADIES' REINSKIN OXFORDS AND PUMPS

\$4 and \$5.50

W. CATHCART

Pemberton Bldg. 621 FORT STREET

"VICTORIA'S LEADING TAILORS"

A Well-Tailored Suit

ALWAYS smart, always correct, one can truthfully say that about a well-tailored costume. Just now we are having many enquiries for costumes, and a gratifying number of them are friends of patrons whom we have pleased in the past. If you are interested, will you not call and discuss this matter with us? Our quality is high and prices remarkably moderate.

LANGE & CO.

Naval, Military, Ladies' and Civil Tailors
Late of London, England
Phone 4830 747 Yates Street

Oh, That Hot Kitchen and Ironing Day

Do Your Ironing the Electric Way

KITCHEN COMFORT IRONING DAY COMFORT

Don't Delay. Get One of Our Irons Today. They are guaranteed for Five Years.

P.C. Electric

Port and Langley Streets Phone 193

PHEW! But It Gets Warm Sometimes!

BUY AN ELECTRIC FAN Today.

Carter Electric Company

615 View Street Phone 120 and 121

The Belmont Tea Rooms

Private Parties Catered For Home Made Cakes to Order

Teas, Lunches, Ices, Ice Cream Sodas, Etc.

New French Finances Bill
PARIS, June 30.—The new Finance bill of Joseph Thierry, Minister of Finance, will, if voted by Parliament, add about 1,500,000,000 francs a year to France's income. The most radical of the new features introduced in the measure is a tax upon the expenditures of individuals, which is to be collected by the merchants, who, when sales are made, will add, in behalf of the Gov-

R. THOS. STEELE

Voice Specialist Teacher of Mrs. Macdonald Fahey

J. D. A. TRIPP

Piano Virtuoso and Teacher of Piano Violin Teacher at Violin Miss Romaine Teacher at Violin Miss Mabel Scruby A.R.C.M. L.R.A.M. Teacher of Violoncello

B. C. Academy of Music

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strument, five per cent on all articles classed as indispensable, and ten per cent on all luxuries.

TO LOAN
\$18,000 **\$25,000**
 WHAT SECURITY HAVE YOU TO OFFER?
 Apply
P. R. BROWN
 Phone 1076 1112 Broad Street P.O. Box 428

FOR RENT

8-Roomed House on Gladstone Avenue—4 Bedrooms, Ruud Heater, Gas, Furnace and Nice Grounds. \$25.00 per Month.

For full particulars apply to

Arthur Coles

Real Estate and Financial Agent
 Phone 65 1205 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Short Term
Victoria City Bonds
 To Yield 6 Per Cent.

Heisterman, Forman & Co.

For Sale, Good Power Launch

Bullen & Jamieson, Ltd.
 Financial and Insurance Agents
 TEMPLE BUILDING
 Estates Managed Rents Collected
 Phone 4372 P. O. Box 629

NEVER FORGET

That I Make Men's and Women's Suits to Order,
 For **\$20** British Materials
 I Positively Guarantee Fit.

1434 Government
Charlie Hope Phone 2689

When in Victoria Don't Forget to Call and See
G. T. MICHELL
 The Farmers' Supply House
 Phone 1382 610-612 Pandora Avenue
 Opposite City Market

Offices for Rent

In the Pemberton Building, with or without vaults
 85 Acres, South Saanich—Some waterfront, subdivided
 in 10-acre blocks; first-class soil. Price, per acre, \$150

Pemberton & Son
 625 Fort Street

Baby Carriages and Go-Carts

We are showing a very fine stock of Baby Carriages, Go-Carts and Sidewalk Sulkies. These have all the latest and best features that distinguish the 1917 models from all others. Early buying has enabled us to place on view Carriages for King Baby that are moderate in price and beautiful in design. Mothers, make your selection now, while you have ample choice. We allow a discount of 10 per cent for spot cash off regular prices.

WE WILL BE CLOSED ON MONDAY, JULY 2, IN HONOR OF OUR COUNTRY'S JUBILEE ANNIVERSARY

SMITH & CHAMPION
 THE BETTER VALUE STORE
 1420 DOUGLAS ST. NEAR CITY HALL

Serbian Regia to Fight
 TORONTO, June 30.—This city was visited yesterday by 127 Serbians en route to the front from Indianapolis, Ind. They are members of the Serbian Soko Society of that city. They are well trained and are desirous of getting to the firing line at the earliest possible moment, not being particular whether it is on the western front or in the Balkan theatre of war. They paraded the downtown streets with the Serbian and United States flags at the head of the procession.

BRAZILIAN NAVY TO CO-OPERATE

Will Work With United States Fleet in Keeping South Atlantic Free of German Piratical Craft

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Brazil's navy has started co-operating with the American fleet in South American waters in hunting down German sea raiders and watching for German submarines.

The sending of a special diplomatic mission to Brazil to arrange for greater co-ordination of the forces and the closest possible co-operation of the Governments is under consideration. Without a formal declaration of war Brazil thus practically has joined the Allies against Germany. Whether Brazil will supplement her action by a formal declaration of war is regarded as doubtful, because the Government at Rio de Janeiro is inclined to regard its action rather as defensive than aggressive. Brazil's seizure of the war-bound German ships has added to her merchant marine more than 150,000 tons, which with that already at her disposal, it is believed, will contribute materially to the solution of the problem of getting supplies to the Allies.

The Brazilian navy is the largest of the South American group, and in connection with the American fleet commanded by Admiral Caperton it is helping the work of keeping the South Atlantic clear of enemy craft will be greatly facilitated. A plan for safeguarding ships carrying foodstuffs to Europe already has been put into effect.

CONCESSION TO HOLLAND

Reventlow Makes Characteristic Comment on Announcement That Vessels Have Been Released

THE HAGUE, June 29, via London, June 30.—Count von Reventlow protests that Germany made enormous concessions to Holland in recent negotiations for releasing the six Dutch vessels torpedoed, "and with every right," in February.

He adds that Wolff's tone is too entirely apologetic, and further criticises the words "ships for trans-oceanic use" which Wolff translated, and which is an entirely incorrect interpretation, in Reventlow's view.

The fact that the vessels are now so near America leads Reventlow to suspect that they will be utilized by her, and that the freeing of this tonnage for Holland is all to the advantage of the Allies in freeing other tonnage. Reventlow, however, fails to point out that these ships, which are now released for bringing American foodstuffs to Holland, will enable Holland to export more. He also argues that the release of two German submarines still interned in Holland should have been included in the negotiations.

ROUMANIA'S ARMY

Troops Appear to Be in Good Condition, With Excellent Equipment and Artillery

ROUMANIAN HEADQUARTERS, June 29, via London, June 30.—The appearance of the Roumanian troops, their equipment and their artillery, are all excellent.

The orders given to the Prussian divisions on the Roumanian front are that the soldiers shall keep on a strict defensive and never show themselves out of the trenches. Their artillery is provided at present with inferior material.

Prisoners taken lately confessed that they are very much disgusted with the war. Scarcity of food is becoming greater, and the ration of bread, which is of bad quality, has been reduced in quantity. The only thing which prevents the men deserting is the threat that their families in Germany will be subjected to vexations by the Government.

AUSTRIA AND BAVARIA

Visit of Imperial Party to Munich Seen to Be of Political Nature—Wild Story About United States

THE HAGUE, June 29, via London, June 30.—According to a report from Munich to The Berliner Tageblatt, the visit of the Austrian Emperor and Empress to Munich in a few days is to be of a political nature. This is apparent from the fact that Count Czernin is accompanying the Emperor; also leaders of the military and civil and cabinet officials, hofmarshals, Prince Hohenlohe, both the Emperor's adjutants, Count Esterhazy and other members of the court.

A report from Cologne in the Dutch press asserts that the rumor has been spreading in France that America had endeavored to make a separate peace with Austria-Hungary by payment of six or seven milliards. According to reports, the Pope is supposed to have supported this offer by Protestant America to ultra-Catholic Austria. If the offer meets with success, Austria-Hungary and America will be pleased to make peace with Bulgaria.

GERMANY'S HARVEST

Evidence That Expectations of People Have Not Been Realized—Furniture Killing of Swine

THE HAGUE, June 29, via London, June 30.—There is increasing evidence that the German harvest has not realized the expectations held out for it.

The Government now announces that no barley or potatoes will be available for cattle fodder from the new harvest. According to reports, many farmers have been keeping swine in the hope of fattening them up to the average peace time weight, namely, two hundred pounds, after the new harvest. The Government says it is now time these swine, averaging a hundred and fifty pounds, were given up to the Government.

Grain Control Board

MONTREAL, June 30.—Controller Alney, of Montreal, returned from Winnipeg yesterday. He has been attending the preliminary sittings of the Grain Control Board, which cannot start work until the similar body to be appointed by the United States is constituted. Mr. Alney said that there was promise of good crops this year. Labor in the west, he said, was solidly opposed to conscription.

Every Suit, Coat and Dress at July Sale Prices

"The Fashion Centre"
Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd.

1008-10 Government Street

Campbell's July Sale Offers Big Opportunities for Economy

Campbell's Annual July Sale Commences Tuesday, July 3rd

From Point of Value This Great Midsummer Sale Will Attract Greater Buying Enthusiasm Than Ever

THERE never was a time, we believe, when people appreciated this store more than now, not so much for the great variety of the offerings, and the exclusiveness of the fashions, as for the aggressive policy which has made possible "big savings" in the cost of the desirable and high-grade merchandise. All our efforts are now directed towards this Great July Sale. Study our July ads., and you will find many welcome opportunities to save money.

Tuesday, the First Day of Our July Sale

Shines Out With Many Groups of Women's Suits at Big Reductions from Former Prices:

Suits formerly priced up to \$55.00 for \$35.00
 Suits formerly priced up to \$47.50 for \$25.00
 Suits formerly priced up to \$29.00 for \$15.00
 Suits formerly priced up to \$20.00 for \$13.75

"Women's Suits at dollars less." That in a word is the meaning that this great July Clearance Sale in the Suit Section will have for many women. Suits of the smartest description and best materials are going to be obtainable here Tuesday at tremendous reductions from former prices—an event that offers greater opportunities to save money.



We Direct Your Attention to This Special Group of Suits Selling Tuesday at \$25.00, Reg. up to \$47.50

Without one word of exaggeration, this group of Women's High-Grade Suits represents one of the best suit offerings this store has offered for some time past. The materials, styles, linings, etc., are of the highest order, and the values offered are of the kind that you expect to find only at "Campbell's." An unlimited range of styles for your selection Tuesday at

Women's English Flannel Outing Suits, Regular \$19, Tuesday \$7.50

Every Department Offers Its Share of July Sale Bargains

15 Doz. Large Cover-all Bungalow Aprons on Sale Tuesday at the Low Price of 50c

Overall Aprons, tight fitting and bungalow styles—
 Regular 75c for60c
 Regular 90c for75c
 Regular \$1.00 for85c
 Regular \$1.25 for\$1.00
 Regular \$1.35 for\$1.15
 Regular \$1.60 for\$1.40

Colored Aprons, with and without bibs—
 Regular 35c for25c
 Regular 45c for35c
 Regular 50c for40c
 Regular 65c for50c

Nurses' Aprons of heavy white drill—
 Regular 50c for40c
 Regular 60c for50c
 Regular 75c for60c
 Regular 90c for75c
 Regular \$1.35 for\$1.15
 Munion Aprons, with Cap at\$1.35

Women's Knitted Underwear

Women's Cotton Knit Under-vests with short and no sleeve, at 2 for \$1.00, 3 for \$1.00, 4 for \$1.00, 5 for \$1.00 and 8 for\$1.00
 Women's Cotton Knit Drawers, tight and loose knee, at 2 for \$1.00 and 3 for\$1.00
 Women's Cotton Knit Combinations. Special at 2 for \$1.00
 Children's Black Tights, for ages 4 to 10 years, at 4 pairs for\$1.00
 Children's Zenith Vests. Small sizes only. Reg. 35c. Friday for25c

Gloves Reduced

Niagara Maid Silk Gloves, 16-button length, black and white. Reg. \$1.75 pair. Friday\$1.25
 Novelty Silk Gloves, black and white, odd sizes. Reg. \$1.25, Friday\$1.00
 Long Kid and Suede Gloves, white, only, sizes 5 1/2, 5 3/4 and 6, to clear at, pair\$1.00
 White Chamoisette Gloves, all sizes. Special at, pair.....90c

Exceptional Hosiery Values, Tuesday

Women's Cotton Hose, black and white, 4 pairs for\$1.00
 Women's Cotton Lisle Hose, black only, at 3 pairs for \$1.00
 Women's Fibre Silk Hose, black and colors, at 2 pairs for\$1.00
 Women's Silk Hose, black and colors, at pair\$1.00
 Children's Ribbed Hose, all sizes, 4 pairs for\$1.00
 Children's Ribbed Hose, black, tan, sky, white, pink; all sizes, at 3 pairs for\$1.00
 Strong Ribbed Hose, sizes 9 1/2 and 10 only. Reg. 50c pair, at 4 pairs for\$1.00

House Dresses

Of gingham and print, light and dark colors—
 Regular \$1.50 for\$1.25
 Regular \$1.75 for\$1.50
 Regular \$1.90 for\$1.60
 Regular \$2.00 for\$1.65
 Regular \$2.25 for\$1.90
 Regular \$3.25 for\$2.75
 Regular \$3.50 for\$3.00

All Sunshades Reduced

Regular \$2.00 for\$1.25
 Regular \$2.90 for\$2.25
 Regular \$3.25 for\$2.75
 Regular \$3.50 for\$3.25
 Regular \$4.75 for\$3.75
 Regular \$5.00 for\$4.25
 Regular \$5.75 for\$4.75

Bargains in the Neckwear Section

Fine French Veilings. Regular to \$1.25 yard, for, yard.....50c
 Black and White Chiffon Neck Ruffles. Reg. to \$1.60, for 75c
 Colored Silk Knitted Scarves. Reg. to \$1.25, for90c
 Very-Fine Sheer Lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at, a dozen\$1.00
 Colored Crepe de Chine Wind-sor Ties. Reg. 60c and 90c, for50c
 Neckwear—
 Regular up to \$2.25 for \$1.00
 Regular up to \$1.00 for50c
 Regular up to 75c for25c
 Regular up to 65c for10c
 Wash Stocks at, each10c

All-White Lingerie Blouses at Special July Sale Prices

Many Savings to Be Reaped From These Splendid Whitewear Offerings

Whitewear Bargains

Women's White Cotton Drawers. Reg. 35c for 25c, reg. 40c for 30c, reg. 50c for40c
 Women's Nightgowns. Reg. 90c for 75c, reg. \$1.25 for \$1.00
 White Underskirts. Reg. \$1.25 for\$1.00
 Envelope Chemises. Reg. \$1.25 for\$1.00
 Four only, Ladies' Black Muslin Princess Slips. Reg. \$2.00 for\$1.00
 Gingham Underskirts. Reg. \$1.25 for \$1.00, reg. 90c.....75c

Corset Bargains for Tuesday

An Odd Lot of Corsets, all well known makes. Reg. up to \$1.75. Friday\$1.00
 Madame Lyra and Nemo Corsets. Odd sizes. Reg. to \$4.75. Friday, to clear at \$2.45
 A Fine Lot of Madame Lyra Corsets. Reg. to \$6.75. Friday\$3.95

Hand Embroidered French Undermuslins

At July Sale Prices
CORSET COVERS
 Regular \$8.75 for\$5.50
 Regular \$7.50 for\$5.00
 Regular \$6.50 for\$4.00
 Regular \$4.75 for\$3.50
 Regular \$3.90 for\$2.90
 Regular \$3.00 for\$1.90

DRAWERS

Regular up to \$6.90 for\$2.50

COMBINATIONS

Regular up to \$8.25 for\$5.00
 Regular up to \$6.90 for\$4.50
 Regular up to \$5.50 for\$4.25

ALL PINK MULL UNDERMUSLINS
 Reduced for July Sale

Women's Fibre Silk Hose, Fine Quality, Reg. 90c, Sale 75c

July Sale Bargains in the Children's Section

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES

For Ages 2 to 12 Years
 Regular \$1.00 for75c
 Regular \$1.50 for\$1.25
 Regular \$1.75 for\$1.35
 Regular \$1.90 for\$1.65
 Regular \$2.25 for\$1.90
 Regular \$2.75 for\$2.25
 Regular \$3.00 for\$2.50
 Regular \$3.25 for\$2.75
 Regular \$3.50 for\$3.00
 Regular \$3.75 for\$3.25

CHILDREN'S ROMPERS

Regular 75c for60c
 Regular 90c for75c
 Regular \$1.00 for85c
 Regular \$1.25 for\$1.00

BOYS' WASH SUITS

Regular \$1.25 for\$1.00
 Regular \$1.75 for\$1.50
 Regular \$2.25 for\$1.75

CHILDREN'S BLACK SATEEN KNICKERS

For Ages 2 to 12 Years
 Regular 45c for35c

CHILDREN'S WHITE PIQUE COATS

For Ages 2 to 6 Years
 Regular \$1.75 for\$1.25
 Regular \$2.50 for\$1.90
 Regular \$2.75 for\$2.25
 Regular \$2.90 for\$2.50
 Regular \$3.50 for\$2.90
 Regular \$3.75 for\$3.00

CHILDREN'S PRINCESS

Regular 90c for75c
 Regular \$1.50 for\$1.15
 Regular \$2.25 for\$1.35
 Regular \$2.25 for\$1.75

CHILDREN'S WHITE TAILORED DRESSES

For Ages 2 to 6 Years
 Regular \$1.90 for\$1.65

CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS

Regular 50c for40c
 Regular 65c for50c
 Regular 75c for60c
 Regular 90c for75c

All Children's Cloth Coats Half Price on Sale Tuesday to Clear at Half Price

White Outing Skirts Selling Tuesday at July Sale Prices

The Daily Colonist

Established 1858. The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited, Proprietors. 1111-1115 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

Subscription Rates by Courier: Yearly \$10.00, Half-Yearly \$5.00, Quarterly \$2.50. Subscription Rates by Mail: To Canada, Great Britain, the United States and Mexico \$10.00.

ANNOUNCEMENT: Notice of ratification, political, financial, patriotic, literary or church meetings and services, concerts, socials, etc., inserted under special headings of "Meetings" or "Socials" only at the rate of 10 cents per word per insertion.

Sunday, July 1, 1917

CONFEDERATION

Canada today is taking note of the most remarkable anniversary in her history. Tomorrow that anniversary will be fittingly celebrated at every important centre of the Dominion. In Victoria, as the capital city of British Columbia, the celebration will be of special interest.

From an historical point of view all has been said in the columns of The Colonist that need be said. The story of Confederation has been told in a number of previous issues, and those who have followed the series of articles will appreciate the review Sir Charles is bound to make of the events of the past sixty years.

Canada has progressed in a remarkable way since 1867, and the steps taken at that time have been justified so emphatically by results that in the whole of the Dominion you could not find a sane and intelligent individual who would in the slightest degree deplore the action of the Fathers of Confederation, statesmen who, by the very fact of having officially taken part in the 1864 and subsequent negotiations, have been unblemished in Canadian history.

If we compare the conditions of our country, so far as they can be satisfactorily accounted for, between now and fifty years ago, we shall find a remarkable contrast. Not only have the people of the country, outside of Quebec, been consolidated in sentiment, but their interests and institutions have become common.

der the classification of Labor and when they return they will make their voices heard to insure that conditions are made better and brighter in the Dominion for which they are fighting. Their strength, and the debt of gratitude the country owes them, constitute a guarantee for the future when complete victory will bring about peace for many years, during which nations can pursue the paths of development.

LABOR AGITATORS

The legitimate grievances of Labor when properly explained to the public always command respect. We think it is the general experience, at least in this country, that demands, if proved to be justified, are met eventually by employers. As far as it is possible to ascertain there are three causes which make for a certain unrest that has been evident in Labor during recent months.

LENS AND AFTER

The pressure south of Lens is being steadily maintained and, there are certain aspects of the character of the tactics being pursued that recall those which forced the Germans to retreat along the Somme front last March.

It is doubtful if, between Lens and Douai, the Germans can make anything like the stand they are making at the former town. They will be forced to fight over level country dotted with tiny mining villages, many of which have doubtless long since been razed, and they will have no heights to rely on the pits with which the area is covered and such temporary fortifications as they have constructed.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

In the production of the Confederation number of The Colonist we have to make certain acknowledgments. In the first place we are indebted in an unusual degree to the officials of the Provincial Library—Mr. Scholefield, Librarian, and his assistants, Messrs. Forsyth, Hoyle, and Fraser, and Mrs. Austin.

There may be some ground for hope that Austria can be eliminated from the war by means of diplomacy. It is known that the Vatican for some time past has been exerting a powerful influence to this end.

Mr. Lloyd George points out that the present prices of foodstuffs in Great Britain are largely dependent on prices in America and elsewhere over which the British Government has no control. This is an aspect of the food question that must affect any country that is not self-supporting.

AUDIENCE ENJOYS ARTISTIC RECITAL

Pupils of Mrs. E. Semple were responsible for one of the most delightful musical evenings of the season in the music room at Fletcher's store Thursday night, one of the features of which was the piano playing of Miss Beatrice Griffin, who recently passed as an advanced student of the Royal Academy and the Royal College of Music, London.

LENS AND AFTER

The pressure south of Lens is being steadily maintained and, there are certain aspects of the character of the tactics being pursued that recall those which forced the Germans to retreat along the Somme front last March.

BAKERY'S REPUTATION FOUNDED ON QUALITY

The country-wide reputation of the Golden West Bakery, Quadra Street, has been based on the high quality of its products and on that alone. After a long experience in the business, the proprietor, Mr. D. W. Hanbury, has introduced the new machinery, and now has two large double ovens, with a capacity of 1,000 loaves at a single baking.

JAM GIFT FOR SOLDIERS

The secretary, Provincial Chapter, I. O. D. E. in British Columbia, is reminding all members and friends that the jam season is now commencing, and that the I. O. D. E. in British Columbia has again undertaken to send a "Jam Gift" forward for men in trenches and hospitals in Europe, Burma and France.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY

The annual distribution of prizes at the Centennial school took place yesterday. Bishop Hills presiding. Addresses were given by Rev. C. T. Woods, the principal, Rev. H. C. Garrett, Mr. F. G. Aiston, the Dean and Mr. Grubbell. The following prizes were awarded: District I—H. E. Woods; District II—E. J. Bishop's prize—John Toimie; District III—Bingham Devereux; District IV—Theodore Clifford; District V—Harry Harvey; Mathematics (Governor's prize)—C. J. Leggett; Classics (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Science (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Geography (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; English (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; History (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Natural Science (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Art (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Music (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; Physical Education (Governor's prize)—H. E. Woods; and Special mention—R. Harvey, James Toimie, Edgar Marvin, Robertson and Campbell.

In Woman's Realm

By MARIA LAWSON

How little the Confederation agitation affected the homes of Victoria at the time will readily be discovered by anyone who talks with those who were then daughters and wives in the little city.

LADY CREASE

It was thought that perhaps Lady Crease, who, in her fine old home of Penrose still takes an interest in many movements for the good of the people of Victoria, would remember incidents in connection with the event. This was not the case however, but Miss Crease very kindly gave some recollections of the day which which minds were agitated by the prospect of Union.

As a child at New Westminster, Miss Crease remembers seeing the legislators on their way to the big building where their meetings were held, walking up and down in heated discussion, and recalls the pomp and ceremony at the opening of the House.

What made a greater impression, however, were the long journeys taken by her father, Judge, afterwards Sir Henry Crease, through the Province. From the time he left home till his return not a letter reached the anxious wife. Although letters could be dispatched from home and might reach the judge at some point in his long circuit, his return was the first intimation that he was safe and well.

Twice the wife, an English lady, who had never, in her girlhood days known anything more exciting or more dangerous than expeditions with her father, Dr. Lindley, the eminent botanist, into English groves and meadows, accompanied her father along the wilderness roads and trails that led to the stations on the circuit.

The heroism with which some of the women, for their children's sake, bore the trials of their lonely lives was a revelation to the gently nurtured Englishwoman. On the other hand, her own life was added to the general, warmhearted men, vied with each other in showing kindness to their visitor, and only the judge's sense of what was fitting prevented the bestowal of valuable gifts.

The family afterwards moved to Victoria and the agitation against the non-fulfillment of the terms of Confederation to the visit of Lord Dufferin. That visit, which occurred in August, 1875, is very definitely remembered.

The viceregal party, which came in the Amethyst from San Francisco, were entertained at Government House and, even during his short stay, Lord Dufferin became a familiar figure. Dressed quite plainly in a dark suit with a red tie he often walked about alone. He forgot no one and gentlemen who had met him at Government House or elsewhere were quite surprised to be accosted by name.

An incident which showed the innate courtesy of a great man is recalled by the general with pleasure. As a young girl she went with her mother to a dance at Government House. She did not know that etiquette required that she should stand to greet the governor-general. Without appearing to notice the mistake, Lord Dufferin sat down beside the young lady as she asked the favor of a dance. The kindness has never been forgotten.

Miss Crease remembers well the impression made by Lord Dufferin's public addresses. People, she says, always came away soothed and gratified. Afterwards, they remembered that what he had said did not pledge anyone to a different or to any course of conduct.

Lady Dufferin, who accompanied her husband, is remembered as being very beautiful and stately. Commander Chaffield, of the Amethyst, the gunboat which brought the party from San Francisco, was a singularly handsome man and bore himself with a dignity in striking contrast to the pleasant affability of Earl Dufferin.

All the years that have gone by have not sufficed to break the links that tie the affections of Lady Crease to her girlhood's home. Three members of her family survive and though all are over four score years, letters pass backwards and forwards regularly. Her son, Lieut. Arthur Crease, was among the first to answer the call of the Motherland, and her nephew, General Lindley, is one of the noblest of those who took part in the ill-fated expedition to the Dardanelles.

How should a girl on the eve of her wedding be expected to take note of public affairs or a lady whose heart is full to overflowing with the love of husband, children and grandchildren recall the faint impressions? The years that have passed since Confederation have dealt gently with Mrs. David Semple. Looking back, her memories are of kindnesses given, her recollections of loving communion in the church she has attended since, as a girl, she found in the strange city the ministrations precious to her in the old home. How little, after all, governments have to do with the lives of most of us, how little essential change the progress of a city makes in the homes with its borders, how it is possible to keep through a long lifetime the simplicity and the sweetness of nature that are the charm of girlhood are among the thoughts that fill the mind as one takes leave of a lady who has done her share in the building up of this Canada of ours.

There were hard times in the little city to which Mrs. Lovell came as a girl about the time of Confederation, but neighbors were ready neighbors in those days. As a young wife her memories are of friendly visits, very different from the formal calls of a later time.

SCHOOL PUPILS GIVE FAIRYLAND OPERETTA

One of the best school entertainments that has been witnessed in or around Victoria was given in connection with "Patriotism and Production" in public and high schools of British Columbia on Thursday evening last, by the pupils of Toimie public school in "Cleverdale Gardens," loaned for the occasion by Mr. J. W. Toimie and the Misses Toimie.

The object of the entertainment, over and above affording enjoyment, was to create a market at which to dispose of the handwork and various productions of the pupils. For this purpose there was a four-booth "pre-fabricated" bazaar set up under the superintendence of the teachers. The articles for sale were tastefully exhibited and soon attracted the attention of purchasers. The booths were well patronized, and the effort in this direction was a pronounced financial success.

The operetta, "Fairy May Day," was a genuine treat, almost faultlessly rendered. The gay dresses of the immortals, fairy dancers and foresters, and the quaint costumes of the imps were much appreciated, and enhanced the pleasure and enjoyment which was manifest among the audience.

Much of the pleasure of the evening was due to the orchestra, the members of which gave their services gratuitously, and to whom the pupils and teachers owe their best thanks. The following is the programme:

O! Canada, a juvenile operetta entitled "Fairy May Day." Characters: Immortals—Fairy queen, May MacLeod; 1st attendant fairy, Lily Dooley; 2nd attendant fairy, Alice Churchill. Fairy chorus—Grace Moss, Rennie MacGowan, Elsie Haddon, Martha Green, Flora Green, Hazel Croft, Lucy Casey, Jean Anderson. Fairy dancers—Arl, Marjory Pletcher, Marjory Edwards, Annie Singer, Evelyn Crew, Phyllis Williams, Phyllis Sheret, Irene Scholes. Mortals—1st girl, Ada Raines; 2nd girl, May Beane; May queen, Kathleen Foster; 1st boy, Trevor Fisher; 2nd boy, Harold Brown. Chorus of merry-makers—Annie Haddon, E. P. Ye, D. Dumbleton, W. Sheret, R. Yates, L. Yates, W. Green, O. Green, L. Bennett, B. Hutchison, W. Vernon, L. Reason, C. Meade, E. Hill. Simon Jimmie—Harry Hollins. So-So—Florence McKinnon. Red Riding Hood—Dorothy Grimshaw. Robin Hood—Eugene Hollins. Maid Marion—Mary Boudy. Jack—Donald MacLeod. Jill—Lily Moore. Jack in the Green—Harry Ridge. Master Sweep—Gerald Wash. King of the Imps—Tommy Dooley. Champion Imp—Willie Hutchison. Mowers—Lennie Smith, Roger Ellis, Stanley Rife, Ernest Pimlott. Sweeps—Sidney Green, Harry Hutchison, Eric Gray, Tony Rosenau, James Wells, Elmer Ferguson. Foresters—Vivian Dominey, Hugh Monroe, Frank Wilkinson. Imps—Harold Thompson, Willie Tye, Willie Hutchison, Bert MacLeod, Teddie MacLeod, Bobbie Kellow, Donald Kellow, Frank Gibson, Oscar Wire, John Williams, Norman Booth, Douglas Roberson, Harold Nash, Jack Turpon, John Williams. Flower girls—Irene Williams, Iris Sheret, Irene Thompson, Ruby Bethel, Mary Logie. Part II. A Morris dance by Catherine Carey, N. Pierce, J. Smith, D. Churchill, R. Buddell, D. Sheret, E. Galloway, M. Dryden, D. Orkwell, E. Pieman, I. Thompson, H. Jones, B. MacLeod, D. Gibson, H. Donaldson, R. Cummins. Swedish folk dance—Evelyn Florence, G. Elliott, May MacLeod, Lu Malin, M. Orange, M. Lanchich, A. Hickman, G. Sheret, E. Cobb, M. Ford, M. Wilson. Action song—Divisions IV, V, VI, and VII. Dance—La-Vie-D'une Rose, by Jennie Smith. Gavotte dance, by K. Darbyshire and H. Smith. God Save the King.

The Soldier at the Front

derives immense enjoyment out of music, and thousands of Phonographs of all kinds are in the trenches, hospitals and bases to cheer and comfort our men.

Would you deprive them of this source of amusement and consolation? Why should the wives and children of those left behind be deprived of such means of cheering them in these anxious times?

Many people look upon music and the purchasing of musical instruments as a luxury. It is not so. Music in the home is a necessity at all times, but more especially now.

The New Edison

gives you the opportunity of enjoying, in your own home, all that is BEST in music. Prices are within the range of all, and we arrange satisfactory terms for payment, if desired.

The Store of Superior Service

KENT'S EDISON STORE Phone 3448 1004 Government St.

Running a Shoe Sale

FOR TWO WEEKS
AT GREAT REDUCTION
See Page 12, Sunday Colonist

Maynard's Shoe Store

Phone 1232 640 Yates Street

This Store Will Be Closed All Day on
Monday, Dominion Day—We Close
Today at 1 p. m.

- LOCAL NEW POTATOES—Early Rose. 25c
4 lbs. for
- LOCAL NEW GREEN PEAS. 25c
4 lbs. for
- LOCAL NEW-LAID EGGS. 40c
Per dozen, not delivered
- LOCAL STRAWBERRIES—Gordon Head. 25c
2 boxes for
- AUBURN CREAMERY BUTTER, 45c
per pound
- FRESH APRICOTS, PLUMS, WATERMELONS, CANTALOUPE, PEACHES, GLOBE ARTICHOKE AND BELL PEPPERS

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF PICNIC SUPPLIES

Phone or Mail Orders Receive Special Attention

DIXIE ROSS'

"Quality Grocers," 1217 Government St.

Phone 50, 51, 52, 53
Liquor 52

Ladies!

Sale Prices Please You

This Well Assorted Stock of Ladies' and Children's Merchandise Goes on July Sale

- 30c Hose—4 pairs for \$1.00
- Oddments in Boys' Cotton Suits, up from 50¢
- Oddments in Boys' Jerseys \$1.00
- Khaki Overalls 50¢
- Girls' School Dresses, 50c; 99c and up from \$1.25
- Waists, each, 99c and up from \$1.25
- Little Girls' Beach Sets—Hat, overall apron, bucket, complete \$1.35
- Women's Dresses—Lot 1 \$1.95
- Lot 2 \$3.50
- Lot 3 \$5.00

Sample Lustre Coats

- \$15.00 values, clearing for \$5.00
- Few Serge and Tweed Suits. Clearing, Lot No. 1 \$12.75
- Lot No. 2 \$10.75
- Lot No. 3 \$7.00
- Sport Coats. Sale prices, \$10.00, \$7.95 and \$7.35

Huge Cut in Millinery Prices

Every Hat is a Bargain
CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' MILLINERY MUST BE CLEARED

SEABROOK YOUNG

623-5 JOHNSON STREET
Between Government and Broad. Phone 4740

KILLED SERVING HIS INJURED COMRADES

Capt. Lewis Emerson Clark, M. D., who died in France while attending wounded, was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Clark, of Vancouver, and for five years lived at Duncan, where he had many friends.

He was in his 29th year and was a student for some time at McGill University, from which he graduated in medicine in 1915. He was in Montreal at the time of the killing of Dr. Brock, becoming ac-

quainted to the medical staff at Sherbrooke, Quebec, in March, 1916. He was sent overseas in May of that year. In July he was transferred to a base hospital in Boulogne, where he rendered conspicuous service and was mostly attached to a Montreal battalion with the rank of captain. The brilliant young officer was instantly killed by shell fire in the fighting of June 7 while engaged in his duties as senior medical officer of his regiment.

No need to be without a reliable watch now a high grade 7-jewel movement, in dust-proof case, can be purchased for \$5 at Express, 1217 Government street.

SAVES HIS OFFICER; WINS MILITARY HONOR

Nephew of Rev. C. M. Tate, of Victoria, Gains Distinction at Vimy During Gas Attack—Was Dispatch Rider



PTE. JASPER TATE

For rescuing an officer while poison shells were bursting on all sides over an exposed ridge near Vimy, Pte. Jasper Tate, nephew of Rev. C. M. Tate, of Victoria, has been awarded the Military Medal. In a letter just received here by his uncle Pte. Tate writes: "I have placed my ideals pretty high and have tried to live up to them while I have been in France, but it is not always plain sailing, as the army can hardly be called an ideal organization to the runners and there are ten of us together. We are all pretty well of the same age, so have everything in common.

"I hardly think we are too optimistic in expecting to be out of France this Fall, and I sincerely hope that we are not at any rate. Germany has certainly placed a big stake on the success of the submarine campaign, as practically every prisoner on this front seems to have unbounded faith in its success, and they don't seem to think there is the slightest chance of it failing.

"War is a terrible business, and the sacrifices which are being made are enormous, and sometimes in moments of depression I wonder if it is worth the price. But the world will emerge better and far wiser, for there is no nation that has not felt the stress of this war.

Twice Recommended

"No doubt you will be pleased to learn that I have been awarded the Military Medal for some good work that my chum and I did during the recent attacks of the Canadians which ended in driving the enemy from this ridge away across the plain beyond. I expect that the ribbons will be presented to us the next time that the battalion is out for a rest. The medal itself will go to my mother. My chum and I were recommended last Fall for the Military Medal just after our second trip to the Somme, but we didn't get the medals then.

"During the recent attacks I have had some very exciting times, and I also had my first smell of poison gas. My chum and I were bringing in a wounded officer, and at the time the enemy was sniffling fairly heavily, and a snow-storm was raging, too, but that soon blew over. The snow was in our favor while it lasted, as you couldn't see very far and the place we were at was just over the brow of the ridge and consequently in full view of the enemy most of the time, as there was very little cover in some parts. We hadn't got the officer very far when the enemy threw

over some poison gas shells and this added materially to our difficulties. My chum got his lungs full of the stuff and it made him pretty sick. I got a sniff of it, but held my breath till I got my gas mask on, so that it had practically no effect on me other than a feeling of dizziness. We got the officer out to the stretcher party after making a few more difficulties, and then guided the party to the nearest dressing station. The gas certainly is an awful weapon to use, and is most dreaded by us.

Gassed by Zepp.

"The gas used by the Germans in their shells is generally lachrymatory (it is not poison, but irritates the eyes and makes the tears flow so liberally that it is hard to see) and mixed with that is generally chlorine and prussic acid, so that it is hardly advisable to take a big breath of that.

"It was quite a difficult job locating places and different headquarters especially in the dark, as it was all strange country with very few landmarks; no roads or trenches were left, so thorough had been the work of our artillery. But we had to rely on our knowledge of the country that we had got from our study of maps of the enemy territory. At night, whenever possible, we invariably used the stars to get our direction and as guide marks, and thus have been able to go in a given direction, where without them it would be impossible when you have to keep on going round shell holes. We had a lot of work to do as guides."

OFFICER GAVE FIVE SONS TO HIS COUNTRY

Family of Lieut. Seymour Greene, Stipendiary Cadet, of Duncan, Has Grand Record of Patriotism



LIEUT. SEYMOUR GREENE

Lieut. Seymour Greene, of Duncan, who has been in the city during the past few weeks attending an infantry course at Work Point, has given five sons to the service of his country. One has made the supreme sacrifice, three are still in France, while the fifth has been for the past ten months with the Naval Volunteer Reserve.

Sergeant H. J. de P. Greene, the eldest son, was killed after he had fought two years at the front with the famous 10th Battalion. He was on the point of taking out a commission and had been frequently mentioned for his coolness under fire. Of the others in France, one is with the University Field Ambulance; another, a former cadet captain, is in charge of signalling headquarters, while the third is a signaller with the 54th Kootenays.

Lieut. Seymour Greene took the lieutenant's course some time ago in order to act as lieutenant instructor of the Cowichan Valley cadet corps, the former instructor having gone to Vancouver. Since taking charge of the corps it has increased 40 per cent, has qualified in the new company drill, and is now one of the corps in British Columbia that is quite up-to-date in organization and administration. It includes the boys of Duncan, Chemainus, Maple Bay and Quamichan, as well as those of Mr. Scrimshire's private school. It has a signalling and ambulance section and is now organizing a band. In civil life Mr. Green is police and stipendiary magistrate at Duncan.

Flight Sub-Lieut. John B. Daniell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniell, of Prince George and formerly of Victoria, has been located as a prisoner in Karlsruhe, Germany. He had been missing since May 12.

Finchs July Sale



Starts Tuesday, July 3

—an event which will be of exceptional importance, as it will involve the clearance of absolutely new stock. The object of this big Midsummer Sale is to make room for the early arrivals of Late Summer and Early Fall goods. The sale policy will embrace every department, and we would say to the many ladies who have inquired during the past week that they will find us ready with values that will surprise them.

Offerings in the Suit and Mantle Dept.

- ### JULY SALE SUIT SPECIALS
- Navy Blue Serge Suits, regular \$27.50 for \$19.75
 - Navy Blue Serge Suits, regular \$29.50 for \$14.75
 - Navy Blue Taffeta Silk Suits, regular \$42.50 for \$22.50
 - Shantung Silk Suits, regular \$35.00 for \$25.00
 - Pongee Silk Suits, regular \$30 for \$20.00
 - Khaki Cool Coat Dresses, with diamond shaped designs. Regular \$25.00, reduced to \$19.75
 - Grey Taffeta Silk Coat Dresses, regular \$29.00 for \$14.75

- ### JULY SALE COAT SPECIALS
- Peach Shade Cord Silk Coats, imported models. Regular \$60.00 for \$25.00
 - Navy Blue Heavy Moire Silk Coats, regular \$30.00 for \$18.75
 - Black Taffeta Silk Coats, regular \$35.00 for \$14.75
 - Black Taffeta Silk Coats, regular \$20.00 for \$9.95
 - Burnt Orange All-Wool Sport Coats, reg. \$19.75
 - White Corduroy Sport Coats, regular \$9.50 for \$6.50
 - All-Wool Blanket Cloth Sport Coats, reg. \$15.00 for \$8.75
 - Plaid Long Coats, reg. \$27.50 for \$14.75

- ### JULY SALE GOWN AND DRESS SPECIALS
- Rose Taffeta Silk Gowns, regular \$37.50 for \$17.50
 - Rose Taffeta Silk Poplin Gowns, regular \$25.00 for \$14.75
 - Rose Satin Gowns, reg. \$25.00 for \$14.75
 - Rose Liberty Satin Gowns, regular \$37.50 for \$29.75

Bargains on the First Floor

- Veilings—Hundreds of dollars' worth of New Veilings just arrived, which will be included in the July Sale at 25c, 35c, 50c and 75¢
- Colors in black, white, saxe, champagne, grey, amethyst, purple and paddy
 - Women's Blouses—Some plain and hemstitched; others tucked and trimmed lace or embroidery. On sale, 95¢ to \$1.35
 - Ladies' Middies—A few only, with blue and red trimmings. To clear at 95¢
 - Women's White and Tan Wash Skirts, \$1.25 and \$1.50
 - Women's Jap Silk Blouses, in new styles, \$3.25 and \$3.75
 - Women's Pongee Middies, trimmed striped collar and pockets \$5.00
 - Children's Middies. To clear, each .50¢
 - Middy Laces, in colors red, sky, paddy, white, navy and black. Pair .15¢
 - White Suede Belts. Reg. 60c, for .50¢
 - Patent Leather Belts, in black, 25c and 35¢
 - Women's House Dresses, in striped and checked ginghams, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75
 - Large Overall Aprons, in blue and white and black and white, check design, 75¢
 - Crepe Dressing Sacques, in dainty colors, at \$1.00 and \$1.25
 - Crepe Kimonos, in plain and fancy colorings, \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50
 - Ladies' Knitted Vests on sale at 20¢
 - Ladies' Knitted Combinations at 65¢
 - Misses' Corset Waists at 75¢

- ### JULY SALE SPECIALS IN RAINCOATS
- Regular \$6.50 values, for \$3.00
 - Regular \$20.00 values, for \$10.00
 - Regular \$25.00 values, for \$12.50
- ### JULY SALE PETTICOAT SPECIALS
- In moirette, moire, sateen and satin. Selling at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

Ladies' Handbags—A splendid assortment, in all shapes, One-Quarter Off
Fancy Hairpins, Barettes and Side and Back Combs One-Quarter Off

- Ladies' Handkerchiefs. Each, 10c, 15c, 20c and \$1.00
- Ladies' Silk Hose, in saxe, rose, sky, white and black. Special at \$1.00
- Women's Black Cotton Hose, good quality .25¢
- Women's Knitted Vests and Drawers, 3 for \$1.00
- Women's Nightdresses, slip-over style, trimmed lace. Good value at 75¢
- Corset Covers, lace trimmed, 3 for \$1.00
- Ladies' Drawers, hemstitched frills. Special at 45¢
- Ladies' Corset Covers, trimmed lace or embroidery 50¢

In the Millinery Section

- Street and Dress Hats—Trimmed with flowers and ribbons; some very dressy styles included. Reg. to \$5.50, for \$1.95
- Another Group of Dressy Hats, values to \$12.50, for \$5.00
- Kiddies' Trimmed Hats for \$1.50



Revolution!

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

The Grocery Business on the Pacific Coast of America Revolutionized!

Extract From Trade Journal
Self-Service Idea Spreading

The help-yourself idea, sometimes referred to as the Groceteria plan, is making rapid progress on the Pacific Coast. Los Angeles reports that, in less than a month, more than fifty of these grocery stores were opened there, and that many more are expected in the near future.

Everywhere the Cash and Carry system is "taking on." The public realize that they are able to make a large saving by dealing at the Groceteria, where all unnecessary expenses have been eliminated.

Demand the Best at Minimum Cost—Why Be Satisfied With Less?

The People's Groceteria

749-751 YATES STREET

Satisfaction Unconditionally Guaranteed

Phone 1404 **FINCHS** YATES ST.
LIMITED

128 YATES ST. Phone 3900



Correct Hats and Garments for Women

Scurrah's Great July Clearance

Of High-Grade Garments for Women Begins on Tuesday Morning

Every department of our store will contribute bargains of rare value to this important event. Although we itemize many of these values below, they are but representative of the savings we are able to offer. No woman should miss the opening hours of this Clearance. Our entire stock will be at her disposal, and we will be able to wait upon her with the utmost dispatch.

The Suits

Our Suit offerings embrace our entire stock of serges, wool poplins, tweeds, gaberdines and silks. Every color of note and every style that fashion has approved is included in this showing. Here are the reductions:

- Reg. to \$30.00. July Sale.....\$16.75
- Reg. to \$35.00. July Sale.....\$19.75
- Reg. to \$40.00. July Sale.....\$22.75
- Reg. to \$45.00. July Sale.....\$24.75
- Reg. to \$50.00. July Sale.....\$30.00



The Dresses

Exquisite creations in taffetas, crepes de Chine, khaki-kool, Georgette, etc. Your choice of all the leading shades and the styles that have proved most popular with us this season.

- 25 Dresses. Regular to \$27.50. July Sale price.....\$14.75
- 30 Dresses. Regular to \$31.50. July Sale price.....\$19.75
- 15 Dresses. Regular to \$42.50. July Sale price.....\$24.50

Wash Suits and Dresses

New, effective styles are marked now at big reductions for a rapid clearance. Suits in Palm Beach cloth, cotton cords and novelty weaves. Regular \$13.75 and \$15.00. July Sale.....\$8.50 and \$11.50. 20 Dresses only, in muslins, crepes, and cords. Regular to \$10.00. July Sale.....\$1.95 and \$3.95

Millinery Bargains

PANAMA SHAPES Large or small styles in excellent qualities of straw. Regular \$2.75 and \$5.75. July Sale \$1.75 and \$3.75

TRIMMED HATS Wonderfully smart effects in both ribbon and straw. All shades and sizes. Regular to \$9.50. July Sale \$2.95

DRESS HATS An assortment of the most beautiful Hats in our entire stock. Reg. values to \$13.50. July Sale, \$5.95

We Expect Sugar Will Advance

Most refineries have already raised their price 50c per hundred pounds, and raws are steadily advancing, so we are expecting a change any minute.

Protect Yourself

Preserving season is at hand and you'll require lots of Sugar.

A New Offer

Order your Sugar now and make a payment of not less than \$1.00 on each hundred pounds and we will hold the Sugar till you are ready to pay the balance, but not later than August 1, and if in the meantime you decide that you don't want it, we will refund your money.

The Only Stipulation we make is, that your order must be placed with us before the advance. SO HURRY WITH YOUR ORDER.

This is a one-sided proposition, for we protect you in every way.

The price is \$9.25 per 100-lb. sack, and we want you all to lay in a supply before it goes up.

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C. DUNCAN, B.C. Groceries, 178 and 179 Fish and Provisions, 5830. Delivery, 5523. Meat, 5621

CORRECT MUSIC STUDY

It is not WHAT you play, but HOW you play that counts. MR. LESLIE GROSSMITH PIANO, VIOLIN AND COMPOSITION. Progress guaranteed or lessons discontinued. Elementary harmony to all students. Style, tone and expression a specialty. Permanent Students for Full Course Free. A Limited Number Accepted. ORCHESTRAL CLASS EVERY SATURDAY, 11:30 to 4. All invited. No fees for instruction. At Fletcher Bros' Music Store. Address—114 Cheape Street, Fairfield, Cornering at Fairfield Road between Cook and Linden. Phone 4851.

HAPPENINGS IN BRIEF

The Friendly Help—The Friendly Help Association will hold its regular monthly meeting on Tuesday morning, July 3, at 10:30 o'clock in the rooms, Market Building.

Chapter Meeting Postponed—Monday being a holiday, the regular monthly meeting of the Arnes Donnan Chapter, I.O.D.E. will be held Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. A good attendance is hoped for.

Cowichan Bay Regatta—As the steamship excursion to Cowichan Bay for the Dominion Day aquatic sports and fete tomorrow has been cancelled because of the shipping strike, those attending the affair will have to go by train. Officials in charge of the fete have arranged a jitney service between Cowichan Station and the Bay. Motor cars will meet all trains.

Want Road Completed—The Board of Trade at Nelson has forwarded a communication to Hon. Dr. King, Minister of Public Works, urging the completion of the Nelson-Ymir road the construction of which, it is represented, is vital for the development of the district, especially in view of the resumption of logging operations. It is stated that where several hundred will shortly be put to work.

Clearing House Increases—Bank clearings in Victoria for June show an increase of nearly half a million over those of June 1916 and nearly one and three-quarter millions over the official statement issued yesterday by Mr. T. Laundy, manager of the clearing house. The clearings are still behind those of 1914, however. The figures are: June, 1917, \$7,323,563; 1916, \$6,919,085; 1915, \$6,877,945; 1914, \$10,915,671.

Library Books for Vacations—The Library will permit card holders going out of town for vacations to take a number of books with them, up to about 8 or 10, and while books in special demand will not be allowed in these vacation parcels, all other works are included. Each member of the library will be allowed on vacation a parcel, which may be kept until October 1.

Army Officers May Settle Here—Indications are that Vancouver Island will be attractive to many officers of the army now on duty in France are given by a recent inquiry received by the Development Association. Lieut. Albert E. Sharpe, of the 2nd South Africans, wrote asking for particulars in regard to the conditions on the Island from the fruit grower's point of view, and also for information as to obtaining Government grants. Mr. Sharpe, including a copy of the Land Settlement Act, was forwarded to him, and a request was made that he send the Development Association the names of any of his friends who might be interested in settling here after the war.

Boys for Garden Work—The Rotary Registry for boys willing to be of assistance to gardeners and farmers who are making an effort this year to increase production in the vicinity of this city, is now in a position to be of practical assistance in the matter. More than 100 boys have already registered and when the cards now prepared at the various schools of the city are collected during the first days of next week, this list will be swelled by several hundred more names. It is the hope of the Rotary Club in this way to get a practical clearing house for boys' labor and it is understood that the growers will freely avail themselves of its convenience.

Will Have Jubilee Meeting—The Rotary Club will celebrate the Jubilee of Confederation at its meeting on Wednesday of this week. The luncheon talks will be given over to the Dominion theme. The Premier will deliver the address of the day. The United States consul in this city, Mr. R. B. Mosher, will be the guest of the club. In keeping with the thought of the meeting, Mayor Todd will move a resolution calling on the club to give its utmost support to the Dominion Food Controller, Mr. W. J. Hanna, in his task of conserving the food resources of the country in view to allowing the largest export to the European Allies. A musical programme of patriotic music will be a feature of the occasion.

June a Cool Month—The month of June this year and the same month in the year 1899 were the coolest June on record in Victoria since accurate observations have been taken, commencing with the year 1855, according to the monthly statement sent out from the Granges Heights Meteorological Station last night by Superintendent F. Napier Denison, of the coast district. The average temperature for the past month was 54.7 degrees. This is 2.5 degrees below average. The highest record was made at 73 degrees on the 13th, and the lowest at 43 on the 11th day of the month. Rain fell on twelve days to a total of .93 of an inch. This is .06 of an inch above the average rainfall for this month of the year. In spite of these conditions, however, the total bright sunshine recorded exceeded the average by more than thirty-three hours.

Baked to a Turn!

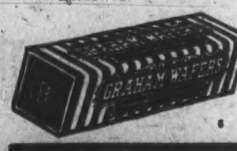
Our modern ovens, skillfully tended, never over-bake or burn **Sou-Mor Biscuit**

Every one is at its crisp and tasty best. Plain and Salted.

In Packages Only.

It takes even baking, too, to get the uniform golden brown and the melting crispness of our **GRAHAM WAFERS**

Sold in Packages Only. North-West Biscuit Co., Limited EDMONTON - ALTA.



The daily average for the whole of the month amounted to a little over eight hours, the total being 248 hours 42 minutes. The June average is 218 hours. There was also an unusual amount of wind experienced.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Brown, of Fiji, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fordham Johnson, of Shaughnessy Heights, Vancouver.

Mrs. J. D. McLaren, of Vancouver, is spending several weeks in the city visiting friends.

Mrs. A. P. Proctor, of Vancouver, and family, have again occupied their seaside cottage for the summer season.

Mrs. A. Warren, of Vancouver, is spending a few days visiting friends in the city.

Major O. C. Macpherson, of Vancouver, is visiting friends on Vancouver Island for a few days.

Miss Agnes Cowper, of St. Luke's Hospital, New York, is visiting New Westminster, and is staying with her aunt, Mrs. A. J. Hill.

Miss Constance Gilford and Miss M. Griston, of New Westminster, are spending a short holiday visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. David Lawson, who has until recently been living in Rosland, B.C., has arrived in Victoria, and will reside here for the remainder of the year. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bower are spending the holidays in Vancouver.

Mr. Alexander Dove, school inspector at Nelson, B.C., is spending the holiday season on the Coast.

Mrs. Lindsay, of Vancouver, is paying a holiday visit to her daughter's, Mrs. Dorothy Howe, at 1142 North Park Street.

At the recent musical examination of the Associated Board of the R. A. M. and R. C. M. held in this city, Emma Pratt successfully passed the advanced grade (pianoforte) at the age of sixteen within one year of similar success with the intermediate grade.

Mrs. Lindsay is spending a month's vacation at Summerland, where she is visiting with Mrs. John Tall.

Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson are spending a holiday in Summerland, where they are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Blair.

Mrs. Victor C. Best, accompanied by her son, are staying at the Dominion Hotel, while visiting the city.

Mrs. (Dr.) W. E. Lindsay, of Strathroy, Ont., is visiting her son, Dr. H. C. Lindsay, of Vancouver. Mrs. Lindsay is very well known in connection with the Red Cross, having been the first president of the society in her home city.

Rev. and Mrs. David A. Smith are spending a few days in Vancouver with Mrs. Mary McDonald of Comox Street, who is the mother of Mrs. Smith.

Mrs. Charles Allen of Vancouver, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Harold Ker, have returned from the South, where they have been spending the winter.

Mrs. J. J. Coughlan, of Seattle, Wash., and her daughter, are in Victoria for the Dominion Day and the Confederation celebrations. They are staying at the Dominion Hotel.

Major and Mrs. Lewis, of Montreal, are spending a holiday on the Coast, and are expected to be in Victoria in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Paterson, of Vancouver, are staying at the Dominion Hotel during their visit to the city.

Cadet W. B. L. Holms returned last Monday from the Royal Naval College, Halifax, to spend his holidays with his parents in Victoria.

Rev. S. W. Falls and family, of Calgary, are spending a few weeks in Victoria.

Miss Eliza J. Whetstone and Mr. Archibald Wilson, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilson, Springfield Avenue, are married Wednesday in Wesley Methodist Church, by Rev. R. M. Thompson. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson will make their home in Vancouver.

Mr. W. J. McKerrlie, late of the photographic staff of The Colonist, will leave tomorrow afternoon for Vancouver, having accepted a position on the engraving staff of the Cleland, Dibble Co., of that city. Mr. McKerrlie is a prominent forester, and last Wednesday evening was tendered a farewell by the local lodge and the auxiliary. On Thursday evening he entertained a number of his friends at his home, 342 Arnold Street, with music and dancing.

Miss Margaret Theresa Halley, of 1515 Belcher Avenue, Victoria, and Mr. Arthur James McCreath, of Vancouver, were married in Seattle last Thursday.

Mr. P. A. McDiarmid, of this city, left last week for California, where he will spend a month's vacation.

THE WEATHER

Meteorological office, Victoria, B. C., at 8 p. m., June 30, 1917.

SYNOPSIS
The barometer remains high over this Province, and except for rain on the West Coast the weather is generally on the Pacific slope. Fair, moderately warm weather prevails in the Pacific Province, and thunderstorms have occurred in Manitoba.

TEMPERATURE

Station	Min.	Max.
Victoria	59	71
Vancouver	58	70
Kamloops	46	74
Barkerville	34	64
Prince Rupert	48	64
Atlin	36	62
Dawson	44	72
Calgary	46	72
Winnipeg	46	72
Fort Smith	32	72
San Francisco	52	78
Port Arthur	46	64
London	48	71
Nelson	42	60
Cranbrook	42	72

Highest..... 71
Lowest..... 49
Average..... 56
Minimum on grass..... 44
These observations cover 15 minutes. General state of weather—Fine.

MINING ACTIVITY

Evidence of the increased mining activity on Vancouver Island and especially on the West Coast, is the present number of applications which the Department of Mines has received for the construction of trails to mineral-bearing areas in which new properties have been located and which are imperative if development work is to be continued.

Mr. W. M. Brewer, the new district engineer for the Western Mineral Survey district, who was recently appointed by the Minister of Mines, Hon. William Slone, with headquarters at Nanaimo, is now busy making an inspection of the localities in which the trails are needed, and upon his report will depend whether the work is prosecuted with.

Under the policy of the late Government, a policy followed by the present administration, provision for trails to open up important mineral areas was made. At the last session of the Legislature a substantial appropriation for the purpose was voted, and the work, when passed upon by the Mining



Fortunate People, Citizens of Victoria

Food in Abundance, and at REASONABLE PRICES

COPAS & YOUNG

SAVE YOU MONEY—IT'S UP TO YOU TO SAVE THE FOOD

Independent Creamery Butter, the nicest butter made. Per pound	45c	Superfine Toilet Soap, 7 cakes for	25c
Nice Ontario Cheese, per lb.	30c	Goodwin's Old Country Toilet Soap, box of 5 cakes	15c
McLaren's Cream or Pimento Cheese, each	10c	Nice Table Vinegar, large bottle	15c
McLaren's Imperial Cheese, per jar, 50¢ and	25c	Kellogg's Corn Flakes, per packet	10c
Pure Gold or Shirriff's Jelly Powder, 4 pkts. for	25c	Nice Fresh Broken Biscuits, per lb.	15c
Nice Ceylon Tea, rich and flavory, per pound	35c	Family Soda Biscuits, large pkt.	25c
Anti-Combine Coffee, fresh ground while you wait, per lb. 40¢ and	35c	Wetley's Home-Made Marmalade, tall jar	20c
Red Label Coffee, per pound	25c	C. & Y. Bread Flour, per sack	\$2.90

Fresh Fruit and Vegetables of All Kinds. WE DO NOT GIVE SPECIALS AS BAIT.

COPAS & YOUNG

ANTI-COMBINE GROCERS
Corner Fort and Broad Sts. Phones 94 and 95

Who Likes Strawberries

It would seem that everybody likes them, judging by the call we are having just now for our Strawberry Shortcake and Strawberry Cream Pies. The latter is a new addition to our list of bakery dainties; its top covering of cream meringue gives it extra taste and flavor.

Prices:
Strawberry Shortcake...15¢
Strawberry Cream Pies...20¢

The Yorkshire Bakery

640 Yates St. Phone 1929

Returned Soldiers

The work of finding suitable occupation for the returned soldier needs your assistance. When you have something to offer, kindly communicate with

The Secretary,
The Returned Soldiers' Employment Committee
104 Union Bank Building
Telephone No. 3640

Ladies and Gents

Your Straw and Felt Hats blocked into the latest style.....75¢
Panamas our specialty.....\$1.00
All Work Guaranteed

American Hatters

618 Yates St. Next to Harvey's

TO HORSE OWNERS:

On and after July 1st, 1917, the price on Horse Shoeing will be raised 50c per set. This raise has been caused by the increased cost of materials.

HORSE OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

Out-Doors Invites You

Bathing Caps, Bathing Shoes, Water Wings.

We do Developing, Printing and Enlarging.

Buy Your Films From Us.

HALL'S DRUG STORE

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Clarence Block. Phone 201

Cowichan Bay Aquatic Sports and Grand Fete

in aid of Red Cross and Patriotic Fund.

Dominion Day

Jitneys will meet trains at Cowichan Station.
Fare, 50c Return

Department experts and approved, will be carried out by the Public Works Department. As engineer for the Western district Mr. Brewer has supervision of Vancouver Island and the former mining divisions of Vancouver and New Westminster.

WE HAVE A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF


Summer Underwear

and dispose of it much below manufacturers' cost; read the prices:
Summer-Knit or Fenman's Undershirts—Short sleeves and knee drawers; regular price, \$1.50. Selling-out price, per suit..... 90¢
Kool-It Underwear—Regular price, \$2.00. Selling-out price, per suit..... 1.25
Silkette—The finest; only in pink and blue; regular price, \$1.50. Selling-out price, per garment..... 95¢
Kool-It Mercerized Silk Underwear—Regular price, \$2.25. Selling-out price, per garment..... 1.25

Combination (Union) Suits—Regular price, \$1.75; only sixty-five suits left. Selling-out price, per suit..... 95¢
Mercerized Silk Union Suits—Regular price, \$4.00 and \$4.50. Selling-out price, per suit, \$2.25 and..... \$2.50


KIRK & DUNKLEY

563 JOHNSON STREET



University School

FOR BOYS
MOUNT TOLMIE, VICTORIA, B.C.
Half Term Commences Friday, June 1
For prospectus apply to the Headmaster
Warden: Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.)
Headmaster: J. C. Barnack, Esq. (London Univ.)



Do Your Bit

The Man in the Trenches Depends on Your Promises
Are You Keeping Them?

Victoria Patriotic Aid Society
Winch Bldg. Fort Street

Corrig College

Branch 212 Fort, Victoria, B.C.
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL
New Terms from 1st Term
SPECIAL CLASS FOR BEGINNERS
ENTRANCE MONTREAL, 1ST AND 12TH
Free Moderate and Inclusive
FEE \$25.00

J. W. CHURCH, M.A. Principal

FOR SALE

Eleven self-oiling 18-inch drop hangers, 2 7-16 shaft.
Apply The Colonist Office

The Salvation Army Industrial Store

will be pleased to send to your home for old clothing.
Phone 2673

BEAUTY CULTURE

Never mind "bad lines" or "too fat" or "too thin"; make things even, soft, trim, womanly!
If your face is disfigured with superfluous hairs, have them removed by electrolysis. Absolutely permanent cure guaranteed.

MISS MASHAN
Qualified Specialist
200 Commercial St. Phone 2642.
Before 10 a.m. or after 5 p.m.

Dainty Dinner Sets

Special line in the English porcelain; also Royal blue and two colors designs in various shapes. Special sets of forty-sets \$12.50

Jelly Glasses—Squat shape; good tin covers. Special, dozen, 50c

Screen Doors—Full assortment of sizes; well made and handsome. Priced at, each, \$2.00, \$1.75, \$1.50 and \$1.25

Aluminum Floor Oil—Best and cheapest; gives quick and lasting polish. Quart tins, 40c; half-gallon tins, 75c

HALLIDAY'S

743 Yates Street Phone 888
We sell for cash and save you money



JUST TEAP OR A MEAL!

Both are served here, and you'll like the service.

The Tea Kettle
MISS M. WOOLDRIDGE
Corner Douglas and View St.
Phone 4098

The Wood Department
at
Canadian Puget Sound Mill
will promptly fill orders for
Mulwood Slabs
Kindling, Etc.
Phone 771 or 5000

Open Daily to the Public for
Breakfast—From 7:30 a.m.
Lunches—From 11 to 2 p.m.
Afternoon Tea—From 3 to 5 p.m.
Dinner—From 6 to 7:30 p.m.

The Alexandra Cafe
Entrance on Douglas Street through the tea gardens, and 718 Courtney Street
Charming Dining Room. Excellent Cooking. Moderate Prices. Under management of Miss MRS. KNOX, Late of Moon Grill

The Douglas Tea Gardens
Open Afternoon and Evening
FREE ADMISSION
Ice, Sundaes, Soft Drinks, and other light refreshments. Music at intervals.
Delightful evening resort, artistically lighted.
Victoria's New Beauty Spot.
Entrance on Douglas Street

OBITUARY NOTICES

The funeral of the late Florence Mary Sanders, who died on Thursday at the Royal Jubilee Hospital, took place yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from

Free Delivery

To All Parts of the City

Good, fresh, clean and properly selected meats are necessary to your good health. We keep nothing but the purest of foods and our prices are as reasonable as it is possible to make them. We do not grumble about the cost of delivery, as it is a very necessary adjunct to an up-to-date business, and a comparison with other firms' prices will convince you that our prices do not indicate that we overcharge for the purpose of defraying our delivery expenses. All we ask of you is a fair trial.

The New England Market

TWO STORES

1220 Government St.
Phone 2368

1308 Gladstone Ave.
Phone 3400

RED CROSS CARNIVAL PROVES BIG SUCCESS

Army and Navy Contribute Splendid Programme of Sports in Aid of Funds of Local Branch of Society

Tired but happy was the throng which attended the Red Cross Carnival at the Royal Athletic Club yesterday afternoon witnessing the interesting programme of sport in which the Army and Navy participated mostly, and displayed such prowess as to win for themselves the hearty applause of the large audience.

After the six prize babies had been chosen from among scores of tiny youngsters, and some fifty pairs of dissembling parents who each thought her baby should have won had stilled their ruffled feelings, a start was made on the real sports.

By far the best item on the programme was the realistic artillery action by the 5th Garrison Overseas Draft, when the guns dashed across the green to the accompaniment of the music by the combined bands of H.M.S. Lancaster and the Royal Canadian Regiment, took up their position to the left of the grandstand and commenced firing, all within but a few moments.

The audience was treated to a comprehensive exhibition of actual fighting as it is carried on at the front, the 8th Victoria Fusiliers carrying out a bayonet fighting display in a most creditable manner.

Mounted Wrestling
In the mounted wrestling, which was the most exciting feature of the day, some of the naval men found it difficult on horseflesh instead of their usual metal steeds. In some cases when they ordered full steam ahead their mounts disobeyed orders and went hard astern, with the result that the rider did likewise.

Both sailors and soldiers showed great daring, and entered into the sport with the idea of giving the audience plenty of amusement as well as excitement. Members of the H.M.S. Lancaster's complement caused much laughter and hearty enjoyment by their antics. One Jack Tar in the mounted wrestling competition, when he discovered that hopes of staying aboard his horse were unexpectedly vanishing, threw both himself and the animal's neck and crossed his legs on the other side, just as though he were preparing to slide down a mast, while his soldier antagonist industriously tugged away and kept his body suspended horizontally in space.

Another sailor, while manoeuvring for position, suddenly fell a stiff tuck in the seat of his nether garments, and in the act of going overboard mistook his horse's tail for a hawser and made a grab for it. Preferring to separate from his antagonist rather than his horse, he reached out for the animal's whiskers, but the mount considered this beyond all dignity, and immediately got his back up, and though the rider beckoned and enjoined, the horse continued to back away, leaving the mariner to splash in the dust.

Tug of War
In the tug-of-war competitions the soldiers managed to heave up and away with the sailors' anchor, despite the latter's determination to keep it where they had put it, on their own side of the line.

In the fat men's race, the fattest man of the lot came in last, but Petty Officer Small of H.M.S. Lancaster, who was extremely funny in his costume and his outfit of "pearlies," played the part of a gay deceiver when he disheveled himself as a fat man in order to get into the race by stuffing a quantity of sacks under his belt.

The officers and men of the Army and Navy are deserving of great credit for the indefatigable efforts put forth by them to see that everybody enjoyed themselves and that the Red Cross Society should benefit to the greatest extent possible. The Carnival executive committee and the volunteers who assisted also spared no effort to make the affair a success. The 5th Garrison Overseas Draft, H.M.S. Lancaster, Artillery and the H. S. Langstaff and R. C. R. bands lent their aid to the celebration with an excellent programme of music.

BAND CONCERT

The following programme will be presented by the 5th Regiment band at Beacon Hill Park this afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock:

"O Canada"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"
"The Star Spangled Banner"

Canadian Soldier's Letter

Says Dr. Cassell's Tablets have kept him fit through two wars

Sapper A. Hartley, of the A Company, Canadian Engineers, whose home address is 109, Trafalgar Street, London, Ontario, is one of many who have written in praise of Dr. Cassell's Tablets. He says: "As a constant user of Dr. Cassell's Tablets, I would like to add my testimony to the value of them there, for I know that they do all that is claimed for them. In my opinion they are the best tonic anyone can take for loss of appetite, weakness of the blood, or general weakness of the system."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 2 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Dr. Cassell's Tablets Co., Ltd., 10, Cecil St., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anemia, Nervousness, Headache, Stomach Trouble, Indigestion, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation, and Weakness. They are especially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Price: One tube, 50 cents; three tubes, \$1.50. Beware of imitations said to contain hypodermic needles. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors, and no imitation can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

PROVINCIAL OFFICIALS ABROUPEL DISMISSED

Mr. F. C. Gamble, Chief Engineer of Railways, Discharged After Twenty Years' Service—Mr. Icke Let Go

Mr. F. C. Gamble, Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways, and for twenty years a member of the Provincial service, has been dismissed by Hon. John Oliver, Minister of Railways, his services with the Government abruptly terminating yesterday. Beyond the announcement of his action, Hon. Mr. Oliver had no statement to make, but it has been rumored for some time that it was the intention of the present Government to remove Mr. Gamble.

Mr. H. A. Icke, engineer in charge of the improvement work on the former Songhees Reserve, has also been dismissed, the Minister holding that his work has not been satisfactory.

Mr. Gamble, who is one of the old-timers of the Provincial service, which he joined in 1888, has been a resident of British Columbia since 1880, when he came to Yale, being engaged in an engineering capacity on the construction of the C.P.R. Later he became a member of the Department of Public Works of Canada, and in 1887 was appointed resident engineer for the department in British Columbia. Ten years later he was appointed chief engineer for the Province, an office which he filled until 1911, when he was appointed chief engineer of railways, in which capacity he has served until his dismissal. He has been a leader in the engineering profession of Canada, and a member of both the Canadian and American societies of Civil Engineers. In 1915 he was president of the Canadian society.

He was born in Toronto on October 23, 1848, and was the second son of the late Mr. Clarke Gamble, K.C. He received his education at Upper Canada College.

Mr. Icke has been employed by the Province for the past three years and has been in charge of the development work being carried out on the former Songhees Reserve. His services were employed by the city, and was in charge of the construction of the Smith's Hill reservoir, and afterwards was connected with the City Engineer's Department. Before coming to Victoria he was engaged on a number of large public works on the Mainland.

500 GIRLS START AT BERRY PICKING

Half of the Number Are Students.—Work as Fast as Expert Chinese Pickers—Season Approaching Height

Five hundred Victoria girls and women, with wide-brimmed farmers' straw hats and aprons, start out at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday morning for the berry farms of Gordon Head and Saanich to take the places of men and relieve the general labor shortage. The season will be at its height during the next two weeks. At least 25 of the girls are students at the Victoria High School, Normal School and in the senior classes of the graded schools. Many of the women have been at work during the last week and many of them will work tomorrow. Eighteen girls, students from the University of British Columbia at Vancouver have been at work for a full week.

The girls and women will be paid 25 cents a crate for what they pick with a bonus of 5 cents a crate if they stay at work for the whole of the season. They work from 6:30 and 7 o'clock in the morning until 6 at night, with two breaks for lunch. The average of the girls picked every day is about 25 crates. Yesterday two girls were reported to have each picked ten crates, which is as much as expert Chinese pickers are capable of.

Most of the girls are living at the farms or camping nearby. The others are living in the city. These are taken out to the farms every morning in a battery of motor trolleys, which belong to the Carleton Place Railway, on Johnson Street at 6:30 o'clock. The cars return at 6 o'clock in the evening.

The girls were registered at the employment agency of the Y.W.C.A. The services of every girl registered have been requisitioned. Those who did not reply to cards sent out notifying them that they had been accepted for work were hunted out at their homes by the owners of the farms.

OLD FRIENDS MEET AT GOLDEN WEDDING

The fiftieth anniversary of the wedding day of Mr. and Mrs. David Spencer and Mrs. Elizabeth Spencer, who were married at the Methodist Conference of British Columbia, was celebrated yesterday by the felicitations and congratulations of their wide circle of friends.

Among those who called during the afternoon to extend their wishes for the continued health and happiness, were some of Victoria's most prominent and oldest citizens including Hon. Dr. J. S. Heintzen, Mr. Edgar Favcott and Mr. Noah Shakespeare. Early in the day congratulations were received from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard, Premier Brewster and Mrs. Wilkinson, president of the Methodist Conference of British Columbia. Many congratulations were also received from personal and business friends residing in England, Eastern Canada and other cities in British Columbia.

With the exception of their daughter, Miss Spencer, who is in England, and their grandson, Lieut. Evan Spencer, who is on active service overseas, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were surrounded by all their family, there being twelve children and twenty-two grandchildren assembled for the auspicious event.

The beautiful home was at its best, the wealth of flowers in the spacious gardens, and the bright summer sunshine providing fitting accompaniments for the jubilee festival.

Master Artists and Master Craftsmen Have Produced The Gerhard Heintzman Piano



THERE are hours at home that seem empty—when weariness of the day's toil brings on the "blues" and the heart craves after the restful and stimulating. Those are hours when music yields its greatest charm, wins greatest appreciation.

Thus there grows a great, big place in your every day for a piano—a good piano. Good music is good medicine—and good music is satisfying only when expressed by a good piano.

When the moment comes for you to buy we feel sure that the Gerhard Heintzman will fill that big vacant spot in life as no other piano could. It is genuine 24-carat goodness through and through, good for 365 days' pleasure each year—for many-years to come.

In tone it has the bewildering richness that is ever a new inspiration. Sweet and soothing, mellow and sound, broad and fulsome—whatever the mood of the player it has an answering tone-quality that fascinates.

For it is Canada's Greatest Piano—built today with the same integrity as fifty years ago, with the added skill that comes of half a century's piano-craft.

Master artists have produced each design, master craftsmen have built each Gerhard Heintzman model. So it is a piano whose charm and finish enrich the refinement and distinction of any home.

Hear the Gerhard Heintzman—its enthralling beauty of tone is instinctively appreciated even by ordinary ears. See for yourself how dignified is its strength, how charming its delicacy. Mark it as the piano whose outstanding merit wins for it the honor of filling that big, vacant place in your life and in the life of your family.

We welcome your inspection always. You know the convenient location of our comfortable, quiet show-rooms. A courteous salesman is ready to give you every kind of patient attention.

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 Government St. and 607 View St.
In the New Spencer Building Also at Vancouver

5,000 ATTEND FETE AT PUBLIC MARKET

Opening of Local Fruit Yesterday Marked by Elaborate Attractions—Stallholders Auction Goods for Red Cross

Between 4,000 and 5,000 persons crowded the Victoria Public Market yesterday for the midsummer market fete and opening of the fruit season. Stallholders said that they did the largest business since the market has been in operation. It was estimated by officials last night that nearly \$4,500 worth of produce was brought in early in the morning. It was practically all sold by the middle of the afternoon.

The interior of the big building was decorated with flags and bunting of all colors, and flowers and ferns. Chinese lanterns hung around many of the stalls. There was a competition for the best decorated stalls. These were judged by Mrs. J. H. King, wife of the Provincial Minister of Public Works. She made the awards as follows: 1st, Rockside Poultry Farm, the stall being canopied with a huge Chinese umbrella with lanterns dangling from it and colored streamers; 2nd, Home Kitchen of Miss Fisher, daintily done up with yellow streamers at the sides and overhead; 3rd, Waverley Farm; 4th, Portage View Ranch. A photograph in the form of a fan was given to the stallholders during the whole day.

Shortly afternoon goods donated by the stallholders were auctioned off for the Red Cross by Auctioneer Hemmingsway and Miss Fitzgibbon of the superlatives. The auction realized \$11,825. The chief donation was a pony by Mrs. Humphries, which realized \$150.

Other donations auctioned off included box of cigars, Mr. Bancroft, Olympus Cafe; two bottles jam, Mrs. Little; goods, Mrs. Matthews; leghorn cockerel, Mr. Terrill; wyandotte cockerel, Mr. Simmonds; three purchased Gordon Head kittens, Mrs. McConnell; duck, Miss Griffiths; 12 lbs. new potatoes, Mr. Davidson; 5-lb. loaf, Mrs. Cooper; Alredale terrier, anonymous; two leghorn hens, Mr. Hill; rabbit, Mrs. Marshall; white bottle dog, Mr. Bancroft; two year-old Alredale, Mr. Gilmer; pair pigeons, Mrs. Rye; crate of lettuce, Normal School; four pigeons, Mrs. Bayward; palm tree, Mrs. Linton; crate strawberries, Gordon Head Fruit Growers; crate strawberries, Red Cross; crate strawberries, Hatcherley Farm; purchased Alredale, anonymous; dozen eggs, two bunches flowers, Mr. Eds; dozen lettuce, Mr. Tate; dozen eggs, Mr. Lytton; bundle apparatus, Mrs. Beales; set flower vase, Mr. Ryland; tartan, Mrs. Bancroft; two cigars, Commercial Hotel; three rabbits, Mr. Ryland; box chocolates, Mr. G. Johns; roast of beef, Mr. Rutledge; two boxes chocolates, Mrs. Phillips; dozen eggs, Mr. Logan; four ducks, Wait & Son; hot tomatoes, Killarney Farm; chicken, Mr. Mueswhite; two lbs. Salt Spring butter, Mrs. Tallant; three pigeons, Mr. Ferrer; eight plants, Mr. Saragatzen; roast of beef, Mr. Clarkson; roast of beef, Mr. Hubbard; box cigars, Mr. Hewitt; plants, Mr. Knight; three bottles marmalade, Mr. Mervett; bottle jam, Mrs. Mueswhite; cream, Mrs. Merton; strawberries, H. Woods; beets, Mrs. Little, and a donation from Mrs. Matthews.

Arrangements for the event were made chiefly by Messrs. A. H. Pease, J. Ryland and Market Clerk Smith.

FRANK L. THOMSON
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
Parlors and Private Chapel, 827 Pandora Ave. Phone 44.
Motor or horse equipment. Refined service, moderate prices. 20 years in Winnipeg, 6 years in Victoria.

BIRTHS
GARDINER—At St. Joseph's Hospital, on the 30th June, to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Gardiner, 1213 Hampshire Road, a daughter.

MARRIAGES
HAWKINS-PENEY—on Monday, June 25, at St. James' Church, by the Rev. J. T. Archbold, Florence May, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Penny, Victoria, to Albert George Hawkins, of this city, late of London, England.

DEATHS
BORSON—On June 30, at the Royal Jubilee Hospital, Henry Charles Borson, aged 43 years, native of Manchester, England, and a resident of Victoria for the past four years, by the death of his widow and only brother, Fred Borson, of 2515 Shelburne Street, Victoria, also two sisters, Mrs. Crawshaw and Mrs. Partington, of Vancouver. The funeral will be held on Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock from the Thomson Funeral Chapel, where Rev. W. Stevenson will officiate. Interment in Royal Bay Cemetery. Funeral by motor. Friends kindly accept this intimation.

ATKINSON—Married, dearly loved husband of Jean, and only son of Mr. and the late Mrs. E. Atkinson, gave his life for his King and Country, in France, June 16, 1917. "Until the day breaks and the shadows fall away."

NEW—On the 28th inst., at 1845 Crescent Road, James Holman, New York, aged 72 years, a native of Milton, Cumberland, England, and a resident of Victoria for the past 36 years; a member of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local No. 10, Victoria, and a member of the Victoria Lodge, No. 10, of the Victoria Chapter, R. A. C. The funeral will be held on Monday, July 2, at 2 o'clock, from the Thomson Chapel, Rev. B. Cook will officiate. Interment in Royal Bay Cemetery. Funeral by motor. Friends kindly accept this intimation.

CARD OF THANKS
Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Coley and Mr. Frank Coley, 176 Market Street, wish to extend their sincere thanks to the committee of the Victoria Chapter of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local No. 10, for the kind words of sympathy and beautiful floral arrangements tendered during their recent and bereavement.

Gratefully Remembered.
On Thursday afternoon an inspection of the Collegiate School Cadet Corps was held by Capt. McAlpine and his staff sergeant on the school grounds. A display of squad drill was first given, Company Leader Wilkinson being in charge of the corps. This was followed by platoon and company drill under Lieut. Instructor Beckett, and then the corps, headed by the bugle band, marched past the inspecting officer at the salute. Capt. McAlpine then addressed the cadets. He complimented them highly on their efficiency, smartness and discipline, and said that great credit was due to them and Lieut. Instructor Beckett for the progress they had made during the short time they had been drilled as a corps.



THERE IS NO "FALSE TEETH" LOOK ABOUT THE TEETH I SUPPLY

The teeth I provide are so made and fitted that they do not produce sagging cheek and sunken lips—the familiar "false teeth" look which betrays the wearer of hastily or unskillfully made plates. Teeth made by me restore the youthful contour to cheeks and lips, the "bite" is absolutely accurate and true; thus assuring perfect comfort and lasting service. Each tooth that I fit into your mouth is carefully chosen for size and shade, matching in every way any of your sound, natural teeth that may remain. In the fitting—at every stage—my work is painless. Every operation, large or small, receives the most careful attention I am capable of giving. My prices are unusually low for quality so unusually high.

LADIES ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE

Offices in the Reynolds Building
Cor. of Yates and Douglas
Phone 808

Dr. Albert E. Clarke

July Clearance of Women's Wear

Commencing Tuesday morning, The Ladies' Sample Suit House will inaugurate the greatest sale of the Ready-to-Wear Women's Wear ever held in this city. This means an absolute clearance, as

Every Garment Must Be Sold

—no stock will be carried over from this season—and prices have been so reduced that every purchase will be a distinct bargain.

A positive guarantee of "your money returned" will be given that every garment offered is absolutely new, up-to-date in style, and made for this season's trade.

Suits in Four Groupings

LOT 1—Suits worth up to \$15.00 for.....	\$11.85	LOT 3—Suits worth up to \$35.00 for.....	\$20.85
LOT 2—Suits worth up to \$25.00 for.....	\$15.85	LOT 4—Suits worth up to \$40.00 for.....	\$23.85

Five Groupings of Coats

LOT 1—Coats at	\$8.00	LOT 3—Coats at	\$12.50
LOT 2—Coats at	\$9.85	LOT 4—Coats at	\$15.00
LOT 5—Coats at	\$17.50		

Some of the Coats in this grouping are worth as much as \$35.00

Two Groupings of Dresses

LOT 1 embraces a wide range of Dresses in taffetas and poplins. Regular values up to \$10.75, for	\$5.85
LOT 2 consists of an extensive assortment of smaller size Dresses, up to 36 only, and includes a number of beautiful Evening Gowns. The regular values are in no case less than \$18.50, and many are worth as high as \$35.00. Your choice at	\$14.85

Skirts—A special grouping of odds-and-ends in Women's Skirts, some of which would be considered excellent values at \$9.00, to be cleared at

Long Coats, suitable for nurses' outdoor wear, in serge, English gabardine, poplin and silk; some belted, others plain. Regular values up to \$20.00 for... \$7.85

Bathing Suits—All Kinds, All Sizes, All Prices—for Special July Clearance

July Sale Sweater Specials

Sweaters, in large assortment, at..... \$4.95
Special Line of Sweaters, a few of each size only. Regular \$6.00 values for... \$5.25

Ladies' Sample Suit House

721 YATES ST. "Where Style Meets Moderate Price" PHONE 1901

July Clearance of Millinery

Included in this sale will be found an extensive range of Imported Hats, Hats by our own expert designers—copies and adaptations of models by world famous millinery experts, also full lines of Sport and Outing Hats of many designs and trimmings. Note the following sale specials:

Panamas. Exceptional values at.....	\$1.95	Untrimmed Shapes. Values for \$5.00, for.....	\$1.50
Trimmed Hats. Values to \$7.50	\$1.95	Sports Hats, \$2.00 down to	\$1.00

South African Plume Shop

753 Yates Street Telephone 2818

Spencer's Arcade 621 View St.  Spencer's Arcade 621 View St.

Crown Millinery Parlors

MISS M. E. LIVINGSTONE

A Very Special Purchase of **Untrimmed Panama Hats at Less Than Half Price** On Sale Tuesday

Lot 1 Panama Hats, Reg. Up to \$3.50, Tuesday at \$1.50	Lot 2 Panama Hats, Reg. Up to \$4.50, Tuesday, at \$1.95
---	--

Sale Untrimmed Shapes Tuesday Values Up to \$6.25 for \$1.75

AT AUSTRALIAN HOSPITAL

Pte. Percy Harknett, Cobble Hill Soldier, is Suffering From Gunshot Wounds



PTE. PERCY HARKNETT
Mrs. Susan Harknett, of Hillbank, Cobble Hill, has received a cable stating that her son, Pte. Percy Harknett, had been admitted to the Australian General Hospital, Villersaux, on June 18, suffering from a gunshot wound in the knee.
Pte. Harknett was formerly with the 50th Highlanders and enlisted early in the war, but was turned down as being too young. As soon as he reached his eighteenth birthday he enlisted with the 4th and went away with that unit.
A brother, George, joined Capt. Black's Yukon contingent at White Horse, but was turned down at Victoria as being medically unfit.

MILITARY NOTES

Cpl. E. Wilkinson, of the 148th Battalion, wired yesterday that he had arrived in Halifax. He is being invalided home. His wife and family make their home at 412 Michigan Street.
Capt. W. H. Hayward, M. R. F., returned yesterday to report for duty in England, and possibly will be sent back to France to rejoin his old unit, the 1st Canadian Pioneer Corps, with which he left Victoria about two years ago. A few weeks ago Capt. Hayward was detained in the East while on his way to England after spending leave here, and was subsequently returned here, ostensibly to take charge of a recruiting campaign for Foresters south of the international boundary. The necessary papers had not been received up until yesterday, and the captain, upon making application at Ottawa, was given permission to go overseas again.
LONDON, June 30.—The following Canadians are gazetted flying officers: Captains A. E. Sargison, artillery; G. T. Paterson, infantry; Leslie S. A. Hunt-witt, engineers; C. F. V. Jeffrey, infantry; Captain D. C. Sheppard and Lieut. A. L. Stovel, of the Canadian infantry, are gazetted flying officers.

RED CROSS WORK

North Ward Branch
The proceeds from the card party held on Thursday evening were \$16. This is the last card party which will be held until further notice.
Mr. T. Kirby, George Road, has kindly offered this branch the use of his beautiful grounds for a garden party on July 10, at a committee meeting, held Thursday afternoon, it was decided to accept this offer, and committees were named for various stalls. Mrs. Bradshaw and Mrs. Dillabough have charge of the arrangements.
Owing to the near approach of the garden party, Mrs. Palmer has postponed her tea and musicale, which was advertised for July 7, to the afternoon and evening of July 28.
Mrs. Ridgard, who is still confined to her room, has just turned in to the rooms her 49th pair of socks knitted for the Red Cross.
The following work was sent in to headquarters, June 30: 132 pairs of socks, 21 scarves, 2 pairs of wristlets, 77 grey shirts, 59 suits of pajamas, 72 handkerchiefs, 1 dozen towels. The North Ward School children sent in this week 28 scarves, 21 pairs of socks, and 2 pairs of wristlets; also a box of comforts, and \$1 in cash for comfort bags.
Fairfield Branch
The month of June has been one of achievement and success for the Fairfield branch. The committee, pleased with the success of its first informal social evening, is considering a second, to be given in the near future. Due notice will be given of such. At the



—Photo by Gibson.
PTE. STANLEY DAVIES
He left here with a draft of the Mechanical Transport on Christmas Day, 1915, and went to East Africa as a lorry driver. On March 27 he was admitted to a hospital at Dar-es-Salaam, with malaria.
The committee meeting, a vote of thanks was unanimously accorded Mr. Stephen Jones for his courtesy in giving the use of the rooms at the Dominion Hotel, so admirably suited to such purposes.
Mrs. E. E. Wootton promises a delightful afternoon for Saturday, July 7, in the garden of her home, 1242 Richardson Street, Fairfield. A tennis tournament and silver tea will be the attractions. It has been suggested that all gentlemen desiring to enter this tournament will communicate as early as possible with Mrs. Wootton, telephone 2587R or 4507L, as entries will be closed on Tuesday, July 3.
The committee has expressed thanks to the following for donations during the past month: Mrs. H. W. Suttie, of St. George's School, \$34.75, result of a sale of refreshments; Emma Harris, of St. George's School, \$1.28, result of sale of photographs; Sir James Douglas School, \$1.05 from Division V, and from the same school, Division IV, \$2.40.
The necessity for comfort bags, it is felt, cannot be too strongly urged, and in no way can friends of the Red Cross show sympathy with the cause better than in helping to equip these bags with contributions of necessary articles or money to be used for this purpose. The committee hopes that all residents of Fairfield will continue their good work, and the active interest heretofore shown for the branch during the Summer months. Many of the lady members of the committee will not take a holiday this year, but will continue their faithful and unceasing labors throughout the season, as it is hoped that they will have active assistance and co-operation.

Following is a list of the work turned in at the headquarters during the month of June: 90 pajamas, 168 shirts, 456 bandages, 290 pairs of socks, of which 58 were machine made, 50 knit bags, 14 face cloths, 1 scarf.
Hollywood Branch
A general meeting of the Hollywood and Foul Bay branch will be held in the Wildwood Avenue Presbyterian Sunday Schoolroom, commencing at 9 o'clock. All the workers and residents in the district who are interested in the work of the branch have been urged by the committee to attend. The principal feature of the business will be the election of a branch convener to succeed Mrs. H. M. Fullerton.
Requiem Branch
The following detailed statement of receipts and expenditure of the Esquimaux and Thoburn Red Cross branches, for the month of June, has been submitted to Mr. Charles Williams, the honorary secretary-treasurer of the Victoria Red Cross Society:
Receipts—Donation, Mrs. Alma Luscombe, \$2; annual membership, Mrs. Rhodes per Mrs. Appleby, \$2; donation, W. J. Smith, bandmaster, 5th Regiment, \$5; Mrs. (Col.) Charles Williams, for ambulance fund, proceeds, \$40; Mrs. C. E. Pooley, who duplicated proceeds of Mrs. (Col.) Peters' bridge party for ambulance fund, \$40. Thoburn Branch—Life membership, J. Kingham, per Mr. A. Coles (paid direct), \$25; sale of flowers, Mrs. Fagan, \$25; manufacture and sale of headwork, by Miss D. Mackay, Lampton Street School, \$10; sale of aprons, per Mrs. Stacey, \$2.50; Mrs. Mackenzie, account of life membership,

DEAF PEOPLE

DEAFNESS AND NOISES IN THE HEAD can now be most certainly cured. This new remedy goes right to the actual seat of the trouble, and effects a complete and lasting cure in a few days.
One box is ample to cure any ordinary case, and has given almost immediate relief in hundreds of cases which had been considered "hopeless."
Mr. D. Borthwick, of Dalhousie, N. B., writes: "Your new remedy, which I received from you some time ago, HAS COMPLETELY CURED MY HEARING AFTER MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS' DEAFNESS. I will be pleased to recommend it to all my friends."
Try one box today, which can be forwarded securely packed and postpaid to any address upon the receipt of postal or money order for \$1. There is nothing but the best in our pills.
Address: "ORLENE" CO., E. T. RICHARDS, Walling Street, Dartmouth, Kent, Eng. (Phone London 494 2221).

July Clearance Sale

Gordon & Co. LIMITED
Store Hours: 9:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Friday, 9:30 p.m.; Saturday, 1 p.m.

July Clearance Sale

This Sale of Women's Suits

Presents Exceptional Opportunities

We cannot impress too strongly the importance of this sale and just what it means to those who desire to economize. The Suits, in the first place, are from regular selling stock, a point that is well worth considering. The garments' workmanship is above the average. The garments are in every way just what you would expect them to be at this store.

Prices Are Greatly Reduced, Serges, Tweeds,

Gaberdines and Taffetas

Suits that were \$25.00 to \$29.50 now	\$15.00
Suits that were \$35.00 to \$45.00 now	\$23.50
Suits that were \$49.50 to \$59.50 now	\$32.50

Pure Silk Crepe de Chine, Special

\$1.15

This special All-Silk Crepe de Chine in about 20 beautiful shades. Worth \$1.75 a yard for \$1.15.



An Extraordinary Sale of Wash Goods, Tuesday

Featuring fancy muslins, crepes, foulards, voiles, batistes, beach cloth, gaberdine, linens and silverbloom fabrics, for making Summer Dresses, Suits and Separate Skirts. A few of the most popular lines mentioned here:

27-Inch Fancy Muslin, shown in floral effects only. Reg. to 25c value, for 10¢ a yard.	36-Inch Figured Artificial Silk, in jacquard designs, in all colors. Reg. 55c value, for 35¢ a yard.
40-Inch Floral Batiste, about 20 pieces to clear. Reg. to 35c value, for 20¢ a yard.	36-Inch Beach Cloths, shown in a variety of stripes and spot designs. Special 40¢, 50¢ and 60¢ a yard.
40-Inch Fancy Muslin and Voiles, in dainty floral designs. Reg. to 65c, for 35¢ a yard.	36-Inch Persian Coin Spot Beach Cloth, shown with large spot in Persian colorings on white or tan grounds. Very special, 50¢ a yard.
40-Inch Mercerized Foulards, a soft finish material, shown in dainty foulard patterns, in light and dark colors. Very special, 40¢ a yard.	36-Inch Plain Colored Beach Cloths, shown in a fine Panama weave in all the fashionable colors. Special, 60¢ a yard.

White Wash Fabrics at Specially Reduced Prices

36-Inch White Seed Voile. Reg. 35c value, for 20¢ a yard.	36-Inch White Pique. Very special, 25¢ a yard.
40-Inch White Plain Voile. Worth 40c, for 25¢ a yard.	28-Inch White Pique. Special, 30¢ a yard.
36-Inch White Seed Voile. Very special, 35¢ a yard.	36-Inch White Pique. Special, 35¢ a yard.
36-Inch White Stripe Voiles. Worth 50c, for 35¢ a yard.	36-Inch White Rep. Very special, 35¢ a yard.

Store Closed Monday

Phone 1876 First Floor, 5329 1211 Douglas Street Sayward Building

Now Open Holley's Restaurant
622 FORT STREET
Short Orders at all hours, 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Merchant's Lunch 35¢
Dinner a la Carte
AFTERNOON TEAS
MRS. J. C. HOLLEY.
Phone 5319

Ladywear
Special offerings for July 3 in Ladies' Voile and Muslin Dresses and Wash Suits.
Silk and Muslin Waists from \$1.00
White Wash Skirts, up from \$1.00
Lisle Hose, 4 pairs for \$1.00
Silk Boot Hose, 2 pairs for 90¢
Middie, clearing at \$1.00 and \$1.25
Women's House Dresses, up from \$1.25
Children's Dresses All Reduced Many Bargains in Whitewear
The Ladywear
716 YATES ST. In the Metropolitan Block

Excellent Values in Neckwear for Remnant Day

A Large Assortment of Windsor Ties in Paisley, floral, stripes and plain ecru grounds with spots and rings. Regular 85c values. Remnant Day, each **50c**

Another Smart Range of Neckwear comes in muslin, voile and linen, in white, green, mauve, tan and brown. Also a few Collar and Cuff Sets, embroidered and trimmed with lace. Regular 75c values. Remnant Day **49c**

Net Gimp, bound with corded silk and boned. Sizes 13, 13½, 14 and 14½. White only. Regular 50c values. Remnant Day, each **33c**

—Neckwear, Main Floor

Women's Underskirts, Remnant Day \$1.00

Women's Underskirts, made of superior quality satteen. They are cut full, with accordion pleated and tucked frills; black only. Special, Remnant Day **\$1.00**

—Underskirts, First Floor



Women's Underskirts, Remnant Day 89c

Women's Underskirts, made of heavy cotton percale, with full frills. A good choice of colored stripes. Regular \$1.25 values. Remnant Day, each **89c**

—Underskirts, First Floor

Women's Waists, Marked Away Down for Remnant Day

Beautiful Lingerie Waists, developed from fine voile and mull, trimmed with fine lace and organdie embroidery. A fine range of styles, finished with large collars, long sleeves and dainty cuffs. Sizes 34 to 44. Special, Remnant Day **\$1.98**

Corsetry Middy Waists, trimmed with lace at neck and sides; large and convertible collars, long and three-quarter sleeves. Regular \$3.75 and \$4.75. Remnant Day **\$2.50**

—Waist Section, First Floor

Tuesday Is Remnant Day

A Special Clean-Up of All Broken Lines, Oddments and Remnants Which Have Accumulated During the Past Month

Ladies' Handkerchiefs, Remnant Day 10c Each

Odd Handkerchiefs in Sparrock finish lawn with daintily embroidered corners. Regular 20c values. Remnant Day, each **10c**

Khaki Handkerchiefs with hemstitched edges. Special, Remnant Day, each **10c**

Kiddies' Nursery Rhyme Handkerchiefs in colors. Special, Remnant Day, dozens **25c**

—Handkerchiefs, Main Floor

Women's and Children's Underwear Reduced

Women's White Cotton Union Suits, low neck, sleeveless or short sleeves; tight or loose knee. Sizes 36 to 44. Regular values 65c. Remnant Day, each **49c**

Women's Diaper Knickers, made with elastic at waist and knee; colors sky, pink and white. Regular 65c. Remnant Day, each **49c**

Children's Fine Ribbed Cotton Union Suits, low neck, short sleeves, tight or loose knee. Odd sizes only. Regular 40c. Remnant Day, 3 for **\$1.00**

Children's Vests in low neck with short sleeves. Remnant Day, each **10c**

—Underwear, Main Floor

TAKE NOTICE

A Range of Women's Smart Suits to Clear at \$15.75

For Remnant Day we have 25 only of these Smart Suits to clear at this special price. They are developed from all-wool Cheviot serges. The coats are medium length, with large flare collar, velvet trimmed, and lined throughout with satin. The skirts are full, with high waists and yokes. Colors—brown, green, grey, purple, navy and black. Sizes 16 to 40. Regular \$25.00 to \$30.00 values. Special Remnant Day **\$15.75**

—Mantle Section, First Floor

Remnant Day in the Staple Section

The crowds of busy shoppers who patronize this department on "Remnant Day" is evidence of "the Supremacy of Values" to be found there. Follow the crowd to the Staple Department, where will be found thousands of yards of Mill-Ends, Remnants and Oddments at Irresistible Prices.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Mill-Ends | Remnants |
| Sheetings—800 yards Bleached Sheetting, in all widths and qualities. Lengths, 2 yards to 10 yards. All marked low for quick selling. | Plain and Fancy Crepes—Remnants of Plain and Fancy Crepes in various lengths. |
| Flannelettes—2,000 yards mill ends of white and striped flannelettes. This is an unusual opportunity to secure your Fall Flannelettes fully 25 per cent below makers' prices. These goods are quite pure, and the best make for warmth and wear. Many choice designs for pajamas, etc. 34-36 inches wide, in lengths 2 yards to 10 yards. Marked low for quick selling. | White Cottons, Nainsooks, Madapollams, Longcloths—Numerous useful lengths. |
| Ginghams and Voiles—2,500 yards mill ends Ginghams and Voiles in a variety of stripes and checks, suitable for waists, children's wear and house dresses. Lengths 2 yards to 6 yards, Regular 25c yard. Remnant Day, yard 15c | White Pique, Drill, Middy Suitings, Indian Head—In lengths for all purposes. |
| | Pillow Tubing, Towelling, Canton Flannels—Many useful remnants. |
| | Prints, Galateas—A quantity of remnants in useful lengths. |
| | Bedspreads—Factory oddments. 75 only of these White Damask Bedspreads, slightly imperfect; just right for camp use. In various sizes, values to \$2.25. Oddment Price, each 99c |
- Staple Section, in Basement

TAKE NOTICE

Women's Undermuslins—Regular to \$5.00, for \$1.78

The lot includes Gowns, Chemises, Princess Slips, Underskirts and Drawers. They are made of the finest materials and trimmed with Swiss embroidery, real lace and French Val. Many hand-embroidered garments are included. These garments are slightly soiled and mused, and will be cleared out Remnant Day at a fraction of their original value. Regular values up to \$5.00. Remnant Day, each **\$1.78**

—Whitewear, First Floor

Special Prices on Notions for Remnant Day

Bias Seam Tapes, ¼ to ¾ in. wide, in navy, brown and red. Regular value 10c yard. Card of 6 yards, Remnant Day, 5c

Featherstitch Braids, ¼ inch, in navy with white stitching. Regular value 10c. Card of 4 yards, Remnant Day, 5c

Embroidered Wash Trimmings in helio, brown, navy, black, linen and white. Regular value 15c. Card of 4 yards, Remnant Day **5c**

Silk Hair Nets, with tied ends. Regular value 5c. Remnant Day, each **2c**

Children's Elastic Pin-on Hose Suspenders in black and white. Regular 20c value. Remnant Day, pair **12c**

Tan Mohair Laces for Oxford shoes, length, 27 inches. Reg. 5c value. Remnant Day, per pair **3c**

—Notions, Main Floor

Clearing Out Odd Lines From the Corset Department

A clearance of broken lines, all up to date models, made of batiste, coutil and fancy brocades. Many styles in low and medium bust, long slips, with elastic hose supports. Tops are prettily finished with lace and silk embroidery. Sizes 19, 20, 23, 25, 26, 27 and 28. Regular values, \$2.00 to \$4.00. Remnant Day, **\$1.69**

"Traform" Shoulder Braces for Women and Children. Reg. \$2.00 values. Remnant Day **49c**

Bust Pads, regular 85c values. Remnant Day **25c**

Shir Ruffle Bust Forms, reg. \$1.50 values. Remnant Day **49c**

—Corsets, First Floor

TAKE NOTICE

Regular \$3.50 Sports Skirts, Remnant Day \$1.98

An unusually fine range of Sport Skirts, made of white gaberdine and cords, also fancy stripes in navy, saxe and coral. They come in wide flared styles, with yokes and pockets. Sizes 24 to 28 waist. Regular \$3.50 to \$5.00. Remnant Day **\$1.98**

—First Floor

Six Big Values From the Staple Section

- | | |
|---|--|
| Snip in Roller Towelling—300 yards Twill Roller Towelling, very strong for kitchen and camp use. Regular 12½c. Remnant Day, yard 9c | Special Snap in Canton Flannels for Nursery Use—550 yards Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannel; 26 ins. wide. Regular 15c yard. Remnant Day 8 Yds. for \$1.00 |
| Ready-Hemmed Sheets at Special Price—50 only, Ready-Hemmed Sheets, made from a good wearing sheeting; 2 yards by 2½ yards. Just right for camp or cottage. Remnant Day, each 69c | Remnant Price on Voiles—600 yards dainty Dress Voiles in broken checks and novel designs and figures, in the season's colorings; 38 inches wide. Regular 45c to 50c yard. Remnant Day, yard 33c |
| Wash Goods at Cut Price—500 yards Awning Stripe Etamine, in blue and white, pink and white, green and white, mauve and white, and black and white. Solid and line stripes; 36 inches wide. Regular 25c yard. Remnant Day, yard 19c | Cut in White Turkish Towelling—150 yards only, White Turkish Towelling; 22 inches wide. Regular 25c. Remnant Day, yard 19c |
- Staples in Basement

TAKE NOTICE

Pretty Neckwear to Clear Remnant Day at 39c

A fine range of Neckwear in Georgette crepe, muslin and voile, made in sailor, round and many other shapes; some come in white trimmed with lace, others are daintily embroidered in shades of rose and paddy. Special, Remnant Day, each **39c**

—Neckwear, Main Floor

Remnant Day Bargains in Women's Gloves

Long Silk Gloves in black with heavy white silk points, and white silk with black points; elbow length, double-tipped fingers, and two dome fasteners. Sizes 6½ to 7½. Reg. \$1.25 values. Remnant Day, pair **79c**

Long Silk Gloves, very heavy quality of silk, in tan, mauve, Nile and sky; 20-button length, double-tipped fingers and two dome fasteners. Sizes 6½ to 7½. Original value \$1.50. Remnant Day, pair **49c**

Broken Lines of French Kid Gloves—They come with over-sewn seams and two dome fasteners. Black, white and tan. Sizes—Black, 5½, 6, white, 5½, 6½, 7, 7½, 7½, tan, 7½, 7½, 7½. This is an opportunity to purchase good Kid Gloves at a very low price; cannot be duplicated for \$1.75. To clear, Remnant Day, at **\$1.00**

Ladies' Short Lisle Gloves, in white and various shades of grey, neatly sewn, with two dome fasteners. Sizes 6½, 7 and 7½. Regular 65c pair. Remnant Day, pair **49c**

—Gloves, Main Floor

Remnant Day Bargains From The Art Needlework Dept.

- Ladies' Gowns, stamped on fine white longcloth in dainty and floral patterns for French embroidery. Made up in sizes 16 and 17 years. Also one Crepe Gown in yellow and one in mauve. Regular to \$1.65 values. Remnant Day, each **98c**
- Children's Dresses, stamped on fine white lawn in dainty patterns for solid, eyelet and buttonhole embroidery. Infants' Long Dresses, in 6 months to 1 year; completely made or semi-made. Stamped Rompers in fine pique and rep, made up in sizes 1 to 2 years. Babies' Crib Pillow Slips, in fine Irish linen, for French embroidery. Regular values to 75c. Remnant Day, each **39c**
- Ladies' Boudoir Caps, stamped on pink, rose, blue and white cotton voile; made up ready for embroidery. Regular to 45c values. Remnant Day **23c**
- Lawn Aprons, stamped in pretty, simple designs for easy embroidery. Centres and Pincushions, stamped on a good grade of white cotton in satin and buttonhole stitches. Also Babies' Bibs, stamped on white pique. Special, Remnant Day, each **10c**
- Stamped Ovals, in tan art cloth. Many pretty butterfly and floral patterns for solid and outline stitches. Size 18 x 22 inches, finished with guimp trimming. Regular to 69c values. Remnant Day, each **39c**
- A Lot of Royal Society Packages to be cleared out Remnant Day at unusually low prices. The lot includes Babies' Caps, Ladies' Aprons, Children's Dresses, Combinations, Dresses and Collar Bags. Regular values to \$1.00 Remnant Day, each **25c**
- Art Fringes in natural color and brown linen, also brown, terra cotta and green silk. Regular to \$1.00 yard. Remnant Day, yard **49c**
- Art Fringes, one piece of brown and one of white with light colors combined. Regular to 25c yard. Remnant Day, yard **10c**
- Silkine Crochet Cotton, in yellow, brown, green and red, 7½c spool. Remnant Day, spool **4c**
- Art Needlework, Main Floor

Clearing Out Odd Lines of Embroideries

Embroideries—The lot includes cambric edgings, with open and blocked designs, and fine muslin edgings; some with insertions to match. All splendid laundering qualities. Widths to 3½ in. Reg. 17½c. Special, Remnant Day, yard **8c**

Allover Embroideries, 22 inches wide, in open patterns, suitable for brassieres and children's coats. Regular \$2.00 yard. Remnant Day, yd., **50c**

Odd Lines in Cluny, Valenciennes and Guipure Edgings, also 3-inch Embroidered Net Lace. Regular up to 35c. Remnant Day, yard **10c**

30-inch Embroidery Flouncings, suitable for misses' dresses and underskirts. They come in the finest quality Swiss muslin, with blocked, floral embroidery and buttonhole edge. Regular \$1.50 value. Remnant Day, yard **87c**

Almost no end to the useful kinds that we have weeded out from our regular stock. Laces of all sorts and all lengths, useful ends of Embroideries and Flouncings that are sure to come in handy. Every one is greatly reduced for clearance.

—Laces and Embroideries, Main Floor

TAKE NOTICE

Women's Summer Waists—Special Remnant Day 95c

Women's Summer Waists, made of voile, lawn and mull; prettily finished with picotting or hemstitching; also lace, embroidery, insertions and edgings. Various styles with large collars and long sleeves. Sizes 34 to 44. Special, Remnant Day **95c**

—Waists, First Floor

TAKE NOTICE

Regular to \$2.50 Hats—Special Remnant Day 59c

A large range of Ready-to-Wear and Untrimmed Hats in tassel, chip, Javas, lisse and rustic straws. Medium and large styles. Regular values to \$2.50. Remnant Day **59c**

—Millinery, First Floor

Two Big Bargains in Silk and Satin Ribbons

Single and Double-Faced Satin Ribbons, varying in widths from 4 to 5 inches. A fine range of colors to choose from. Regular values to 65c. Remnant Day, yard **25c**

All-Silk Taffeta Ribbon, 4 inches wide, in shades of saxe, sky, pink, brown, green, navy, red, black and white. Special, Remnant Day, yard **13c**

A Large Assortment of Remnants and cut lengths in various widths and lengths, all marked down for Remnant Day.

—Ribbons, Main Floor

Women's and Children's Hose Reduced for Remnant Day

Women's Silk Boot Hose, made with garter top, double heel and toes. Colors—Light grey, dark grey, sand, delf blue, sky, tan and black. Regular 65c. Remnant Day, pair **49c**

Women's Fine Cotton Hose, of medium weight, made with double heels and toes; black only. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular 25c pair. Remnant Day, pair **18c**

Women's Fine Cotton Hose, of medium weight; made with double heels and toes; black only. Sizes 8½ to 10. Regular 25c pair. Remnant Day, pair **15c**

Children's Silk Lisle Socks, in white with colored tops, also sky and pink; odd sizes. Regular 25c pair. Remnant Day, 2 for **35c**

Children's Fine Ribbed Hose, in white and black. Sizes 5 to 9½. Regular 35c. Remnant Day, pair **25c**

—Hosiery, Main Floor

TAKE NOTICE

Regular \$1.75 Suede Gloves, Remnant Day \$1.29

Reynier Suede Gloves, fine quality of French suede in grey and a great variety of tans and browns; over-sewn seams and two dome fasteners. Sizes 5½ to 7½. These Gloves are selling at a very big reduction, so don't miss a chance to get a pair. Regular value \$1.75. Remnant Day, pair **\$1.29**

—Gloves, Main Floor

TAKE NOTICE

A Fine Range of Women's Lingerie Dresses to Clear at \$3.95

Wonderful bargains are these. Here are Dresses made of dainty voiles in striped and floral effects, also many fancy mulls and crepes. A good choice of styles with flirty skirts and waists trimmed with all-over lace and edgings. Sizes 16 to 40. Original values to \$17.50. Remnant Day **\$3.95**

—First Floor

The House Furnishing Department Offers Many Bargains for Remnant Day

- Regular to 85c Drapery Remnants, Yard 18c**
- After four weeks' busy selling, we find dozens of useful pieces of Cream Scalloped and Plain Edge Madras, Ribbon Edge Voile, Scrim, Marquisette, Stencilled Voile, Scotch Nets, White Spot and Figured Muslins, English Art Satteens, Chintz and Cretonnes. All arranged for Remnant Day at one price. Some styles there are two pieces alike. Lengths from 1½ yard to 6 yards. Regular 25c, 29c, 35c, 39c to 85c values. Remnant Day, yard **18c**
- 100 Pairs Scrim Curtains, Remnant Day \$1.19 Pair**
- Good clear thread Scrim Curtains, trimmed with fine lace and wide flit insertion, in ivory and ecru. These are well worth \$1.00 a pair more. Others are Plain H.S. with medallion on each corner. Also Double Bordered Scrim Curtains with separate valance. All full length Curtains, white, cream and ecru shades. Remnant Day, per pair **\$1.19**
- Regular to 35c Drapery Remnants, Yard 10c**
- A splendid selection of Drapery Remnants at this small price. Plenty of good pieces 5 and 6 yards long, and some only 1 yard. Shop early, as these will go in double quick time at this small price. Regular to 35c values. Remnant Day, yard **10c**
- Regular to \$5.50 Carpet Ends, Each \$1.98**
- About 20 only of these, all good pieces of English Axminster and fine Wilton Carpet, with border on each side; also a few pieces of Body Wilton, sizes 27 x 72, 27 x 63 and 27 x 54 inches, in rich shades of brown, green and solid blue. Remnant Day, each **\$1.98**
- 3 Dozen Only, Made-Up Cushions Each 79c**
- These Cushions are made from good quality flowered satteen, cretonne, dimity and chintz. Filled with good flax forms and finished with a wide frill effect all round. They should sell for \$1.00 to \$1.50 each. Remnant Day, each **79c**
- Regular to 75c Chintz and Cretonne, Yard 33c**
- About 25 good styles, taken from our regular stock for Remnant Day's selling. A choice of fine Mercerized Rep, American Chintz and English Dimity, Cretonne and fine Satteen. Widths, 30, 33 and 36 inches. Regular to 75c values. Remnant Day, yard **33c**
- 20 Only, Congoletum Rugs, Each \$1.29**
- A good size Rug for bedroom, hall or kitchen use, in a good selection of patterns; all neat and serviceable. Remnant Day, each **\$1.29**

Special Reductions Made on Dress Goods for Remnant Day

- Paisley Silk Mulls and Crepes—These fabrics are in demand for dresses, kimono, trimmings, etc. Width, 36 inches. Regular \$1.00 values. Remnant Day, yd., **79c**
- Plain and Fancy Messalines—The plain colors come in sky, cerise, mahogany, mauve, turquoise and lavender; also many shot and fancy effects. Width, 36 inches. Regular values up to \$1.50. Remnant Day, yard **98c**
- Natural Pongee in very nice quality and finish. Width, 24 inches. Special, Remnant Day, yard **33c**
- Fancy Check Suitings in various colorings, also black and white and navy and white checks. Ideal for house and street dresses, children's frocks, etc. Width, 36 inches. Regular values to 45c. Remnant Day, yard **25c**
- Tweeds, Checks and Serges—Splendid for suits, dresses, etc. Width, 40 inches. Regular values to 85c. Remnant Day, yard **67c**
- Covert Coatings in shades of sand, cloud grey and sand, suitable for ladies' coats, suits, skirts and children's coats. Width, 50 inches. Regular \$2.00 values. Remnant Day, yard **\$1.69**
- An accumulation of short lengths of Dress Goods from the active selling during the month. The collection is arranged on a special counter, and consists of all kinds of fashionable Dress Goods and Silks for skirts, dresses and suits, also many useful lengths of Coatings and Linings. Prices are almost cut in two for Remnant Day.
- Dress Goods and Silks, Main Floor

Kitchen Aprons with Bib, made of percale, in stripe and floral designs. Special Remnant Day

..... **37c**

Infants' Feeders, made of fine Terry cloth. Regular 20c values. Special Remnant Day, 2 for

..... **25c**

IF IT'S CORROSE "CHRISTIE" HAS IT
HOLIDAY FOOTWEAR
 Be comfortable during the holidays in a pair of Christie's Outing Shoes. A very large assortment to choose from, and the prices are the lowest.

Men's Black, Brown or White Tennis Shoes—Per pair \$1.25
 Men's Black or Brown Tennis Shoes—Per pair \$1.00
 Ladies' White Tennis Shoes—Per pair \$1.50
 Ladies' White Tennis Shoes—Sizes 11 to 2. Per pair \$1.25

Boys' Blue Tennis Oxford, 80c

G. D. CHRISTIE
 1231 Government Street

Ladies' High-top Outing Shoes, rubber soles, wood heels, \$2.50

"Sell Out and Get Out by the End of This Month"

Last Month of This GREAT HARDWARE SALE

What the Executor says goes, and he says "Sell out and get out by the end of this month." So come, all ye bargain hunters, and save more money on Hardware than you ever did before. The rush of the week-end left us little time to get this ad ready, so the items are just picked at random. Many times more bargains in the store than in this ad.

- 1 only, Brass Bird Cage \$3.45
- 2 only, White Enamel Bird Cages \$2.39
- 1 only, 5-Gal. Heavy Milk Delivery Can, for \$3.95
- Set of 12 Fancy Tart Tins, set 17¢
- Screen-Door Coil Springs 6¢
- Dull Brass Clover-Leaf Hinges, pair 11¢
- Solid Brass Ornamental Drop Drawer Handles, each, 20¢
- No. 9 Folding Handle Camp Fry Pans 30¢
- Dust Pans, each 8¢
- White Carpenters' Aprons 35¢
- Teamsters' Brown Leg Aprons 79¢
- Victor Steel Rat Traps, No. 0 18¢
- Ornamental Solid Brass Trays, \$1.98, 98c and 67¢
- Ornamental Solid Nickel Trays, 98c and 79¢
- Solid Oak Trays, 12 x 18 \$1.87
- Hay Forks, plain. Each 59¢
- 1-Ply P. & B. Building Paper, 1,000 sq. feet in roll. Per roll \$3.19
- International "Klearstone" Oil Stain—1 gallon \$2.38
- Half gallon \$1.24
- Pints 39¢
- Quarts 69¢
- Half pints 22¢
- Campbell's Carpenter's Adze. Yours for \$1.95
- 1 only, Stanley Mitre Box, No. 50 1/2. It goes for \$6.97
- Solid Brass Fire Sets. Executor says \$2.75
- Stanley Combination Plane, No. 45 \$7.85
- Canada Steel Ranges. A snap at \$57.50. Executor's Sale Price \$48.50
- Cast Iron Cook Stove, with four holes. Reg. \$30.00. Executor's Sale Price \$23.00
- Hotel or Camp Range, a big fellow and a "dandy." Reg. \$15.00. Executor's Sale Price \$84.00
- Nelson Range, 5-hole, with high closet. Reg. \$37.00. Executor's Sale Price \$27.50
- Nelson Range, same as above, only nickelled. Reg. \$39.00. Executor's Sale Price \$29.50
- Canada Steel Range, with a 20-inch oven. We've sold lots of them at \$69.00. Executor's Sale Price \$52.50
- Steel Wool, 1-lb. packages. Per lb. 39¢
- Tea Spoons, re-tinned, No. 900. Offered at, per dozen, 19¢
- B.A. Paints, ready mixed, regular colors—Gallon \$2.50
- Half gallon \$1.29
- Pint 38¢
- Quart 69¢
- Half pint 39¢
- Inside Lock Sets, complete 39¢
- Below Cost—Machinists' and Carpenters' Tools; all Granite ware.
- Front Door Lock Sets \$1.57
- Old Copper Butts—3 x 3 for 16¢
- 3 1/2 x 3 1/2 for 16¢
- 4 x 4 for 21¢
- Silver Polish—"Silva Putz" for only 17¢
- Showels—"D" handles and round points. Each 78¢
- "Community" Silver Berry Spoons \$1.59
- Lanterns—"Cold Blast." Get one for 65¢
- Skirt and Pants Hangers. To clear at 7¢
- Lawn Fencing, 30 in., No. 2, "Globe" quality. Per foot, 8¢
- Steel Hose Reels. Just two of them. Each 99¢
- Screen Windows, to extend to 28 1/2 inches. Snap 23¢
- Simond's Cross-Cut Saws. Per foot, only 89¢
- Wellan Vale Cross-Cut Saws. Mighty cheap at, per foot 42¢
- 1 only, Whilis Mop Wringer and Oak Bucket. Reg. \$5.00. Yours for \$3.98

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A "Buy"-Word for Perfect Bread

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RED CROSS SPORTS KEENLY CONTESTED

Varied Programme Kept Spectators' Interest Sustained Throughout the Afternoon—Summary of Results

Appended is a summary of the results of the competitive games held at the big Red Cross carnival at the Royal Athletic Park yesterday afternoon. Competition was keen in nearly all the races, and the card was run off in excellent style without any undue delays.

The baseball game, which opened the programme, did not attract a great deal of attention, most of the "rooting" inseparable to this game being confined to the players themselves, but the track events were followed with a deal of interest and lots of fun was caused by the obstacle and sack races.

The tug-of-war competition caused a great deal of excitement before it was finally won by the powerful team entered by the R.C.G. of the 5th Regiment overseas draft being second.

During the course of the afternoon W. H. Davies' little lads, Jumbo and Albie, gave a boxing exhibition which caused a deal of merriment and astonishment at the skill of the youngsters, who are only 4 1/2 and 5 years of age. This was followed by an interesting exhibition of Japanese fencing, in which Messrs. Ise and Kano showed their skill in the use of the two-handed sword. The men of H.M.S. Lancaster took part in a large number of the events, and were successful in winning a large share of the prizes.

- Summary of Results**
- Baseball game—Metropolis 2; Bapcon, 0.
- Baby show—Boys under two years: 1. Victor Phillips; 2. Edwin Rowbotham.
- Girls under 2 years: 1. Hazel Barber; 2. Mary Fowler. Boys two to six years: 1. Thomas Collingwood; 2. Melville Cornett. Girls two to six years: 1. Mary Healey; 2. Alice Ruffel.
- 100 yards open—1. Valo; 2. Huxtable; 3. Locke.
- Four-legged race—1. Connolly's team; 2. Gath's team.
- 75 yards, boys under seven—1. G. Longhurst; 2. R. Tillyer; 3. G. Healey.
- 75 yards, girls under seven—1. Gladys Spence; 2. F. Halmers; 3. L. Leask.
- Open relay race—1. Valo's team; 2. H.M.S. Lancaster team.
- Children's Sack Race—1. L. Patt; 2. C. Hunter; 3. E. Laborne.
- Returned to school—1. Cpl. Holmes; 2. Sergt. Houston; 3. Sergt. Rowley.
- Boys' race, ages 7 to 11—1. Pickering; 2. Rob. Balfour; 3. Joe Tillyer.
- Girls' race, ages 7 to 11—1. A. Waldron; 2. M. McGregor; 3. M. Mowat.
- Half mile, open—1. Soul (H.M.S. Lancaster); 2. Harwood; 3. Driscoll (H.M.S. Lancaster).
- Open sack race—1. Bird (H. M. S. Lancaster); 2. Dickson (H. M. S. Lancaster); 3. Lutz (H. C. G. A.).
- Adults' obstacle race—1. J. H. Warren; 2. S. E. Glover; 3. M. Connelly (all of H. M. S. Lancaster).
- 100 yards for schoolboys—1. E. G. Sauerne; 2. A. Atherton; 3. R. Macready.
- Schoolgirls' relay race—1. M. Cox; 2. A. Watson; 3. M. McGregor.
- Thread the needle race for returned soldiers and nurses—1. Miss Rayner and Sgt. Rowley; 2. Miss Bonnell and Sgt. Houston; 3. Mrs. Davies and Cpl. Montgomery.
- Est men's race—1. McGinnis; 2. W. Kilburn; 3. F. Mount (all of H. M. S. Lancaster).
- Employees' race—1. W. Locke; 2. J. Naden.
- Managers' race—1. A. T. Proctor; 2. H. Skuce; 3. W. H. Davies.
- Girls' race, ages 11 to 14—1. M. Cox; 2. L. Craig; 3. M. McGinnis.
- Children's obstacle race—1. C. Hunter; 2. J. Wright; 3. E. McNaughton.
- Tug-of-war—1. No. 8 Company R. C. G. A.; 2. 5th Regiment Ammunition Column.
- Battering ram contest—Won by W. H. Davies' team.
- Japanese fencing—1. Ise; 2. Kano.
- Bandmen's race—1. C. L. Cowdell (H. C. R.); 2. H. Williams (5th Regiment); 3. T. Cheney (5th Regiment).
- Relay race for boys—1. High School; 2. Geo. Jay School; 3. Y. M. C. A.
- Mounted wrestling—1. G. A. team; 2. 5th Regiment Ammunition Column.

RED CROSS CRICKET TOMORROW'S FEATURE

Vancouver Eleven Arrives This Afternoon—All in Readiness for the Cricket Event of the Season

President Payne announced last night that everything was in readiness for the Red Cross inter-city cricket match to be played tomorrow at the Jubilee Hospital between Victoria and Vancouver. The Vancouver team will reach the city at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The two teams will breakfast together on Monday morning at the Pacific Club, and the match is scheduled to start at 10:30. The Victoria representative eleven will be as previously announced, with the exception that Lieut. Thomas is unable to take his place in the team and Sergt. Wells as first reserve will play instead of him.

As far as it is possible to forecast from the advance sales tickets, there should be a bigger crowd at this match than at any of the previous affairs of the kind held since the start of the war, and, unless there comes a sudden and unwelcome change in the weather, the match should be played under the best possible conditions for cricket. The ground at the Jubilee Hospital is in excellent shape and a first class contest should be witnessed.

COAST STATES DIVIDE GOLF CHAMPIONSHIPS

PORTLAND, Ore., June 26.—Finals in the Pacific Northwest Golf Championship on Waverley Links today saw honors evenly divided as between the three Pacific Coast states. The champions are: Women's amateur, Miss Agnes Ford, Seattle; men's amateur, Rudolph Wilhelm, Portland; men's open, Walter Fovargue, San Francisco.

Miss Ford won the women's championship by defeating Mrs. C. F. Ford of Claremont Club, Oakland, 4 up and 3 to play, in a match that was closely contested throughout.

In the men's amateur, Wilhelm led his opponent, H. A. Finzer, Seattle, most of the way, being 1 up when the

"Sam Scott Suits Boys"

Shrewd Women Are Outfitting Their Boys for Summer, Fall and Winter at

Sam Scott's Great Removal Sale

This is a Genuine Clearance of High-Grade Boys' Clothes at Absolute Rock-Bottom Prices

Look over this budget of bargains. These are offers I will never be able to repeat.

Budgets are the only item of boys' wear I don't sell. You can get everything else here—at bargain prices!

Bargains in Boys' Suits

My entire stock of high-grade Boys' Suits has been marked away down for this Removal Sale. Styles include yoked Norfolk and pinch-backs with one pair of full bloomer pants. There are sizes to fit boys of all ages, and there is an immense variety of patterns to choose from. Regular prices, \$6.50 to \$17.50.

Removal Sale Prices \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$11.00

Tweed Bloomers Also some extra quality corduroys. In this group of odd garments all sizes from 25 to 38 are included. Regular values are from \$1.75 to \$2.25. Removal Sale... \$1.50	Cotton Suits An excellent assortment of shades to choose from, including plain white, tan, blue and stripe designs. Coat or middie styles, fitting to 6 years. Prices: Reg. to \$2.00 for... \$1.35 Reg. to \$3.00 for... \$1.95	Cotton Sweaters You can choose either navy trimmed with red, white or light blue, or white with either of these trimmings. Short or long sleeves. Price..... 50c	Flannelette Pajamas A nice assortment of white with pink or blue stripes, checks, etc. All sizes from 22 to 36. Regular \$1.50 and \$2.00. Removal Sale... \$1.10
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Khaki Shorts
Stout quality and well made. Sizes to fit boys to 8 years. Regular \$1.00. Removal Sale... 60¢

SAM M. SCOTT

Boys' Clothes Specialist

736---Yates Street---736

Boys' Shirt Waists
Tan, blues or light stripe effects. Sizes to fit 7 to 15 years. Removal Sale Price 2 for \$1.00

morning round had ended. In the afternoon the play was closely followed to the end, when Wilhelm came in winner, 3 up and 2 to play.

Fovargue's final opponent in the open championship was Russell Smith, Waverly Club, Portland, who was the 1916 Northwest amateur champion. In the 72 holes of play Fovargue's score was 290, four better than Smith, who finished in 294. In the morning play Fovargue turned in a 69 for 18 holes, the lowest score of the tournament.

BASEBALL RESULTS

National		R.	H.	E.
At Brooklyn (first game).....	Philadelphia.....	6	11	5
Brooklyn.....	5	5	1	0
Batteries—Alexander and Kilfer; Combs, Smith and Miller.				
(Second game).....		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia.....	8	10	3	
Brooklyn.....	9	16	1	
Batteries—Mayer and Burns; Cadore and Meyer.				
At New York.....		R.	H.	E.
Boston.....	2	4	0	
New York.....	8	12	2	
Batteries—Nehf and Traeger; Sallee and Gibson.				
At Pittsburgh.....		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.....	4	10	1	
Pittsburgh.....	5	7	2	
Batteries—Schneider and Clarke; Cooper and Fischer.				
At Chicago.....		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.....	0	4	2	
Chicago.....	6	10	1	
Batteries—Ames, Mays and Gonzalez; Vaughn and Elliott; Wilson.				
American		R.	H.	E.
At Boston.....	2	7	0	
New York.....	5	11	1	
Boston.....	9	11	1	
Batteries—Cullop, Love and Nunamaker; Mays and Thomas.				
At Cleveland.....		R.	H.	E.
Chicago.....	1	6	5	
Cleveland.....	11	12	1	
Batteries—Williams, Scott and Schalk; Nagby and O'Neill.				
At Philadelphia (first game).....		R.	H.	E.
Washington.....	6	7	3	
Philadelphia.....	14	19	0	
Batteries—Dumont and Henry; Seibold and Haley.				

THE UNIVERSAL SAUCE

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North, South, East or West.

wherever you travel, there you will find Lea & Perrins' Sauce, with that delightful, piquant, zest-inspiring flavor.

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The Original Worcestershire Sauce.

Popularity creates imitation. Be sure and insist on the Lea & Perrins' signature.

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In perfection of workmanship and excellence of finish, this superb make of Pianos and Player-Pianos equal, and in many cases excel, higher-priced instruments of other makes.

Special Terms of Payment When Desired

We Also Sell the Celebrated Knabe Piano

Willis Pianos Limited
 709 Fort St., Near Douglas

JUNIOR CRICKET

The results of the Junior League cricket matches played yesterday were as follows: The University School defeated the Boy Scouts by 148 to 9, and the Five C's juniors won from the Collegiate School by 28 to 31. Macey made 25 for the Five C's, and Quinton took 4 wickets for 5 runs.

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Our modern methods of teeth correction and gum treatment have been brought to the highest limits of perfection. By constant study and research, by conscientious effort, by persistent endeavor to simplify treatment, we have overcome many great obstacles in dentistry.

Today our methods permit us to treat the gums, extract, treat, correct or restore teeth in the very worst stages of decay and neglect.

And this urgent and necessary work is accomplished very easily and very quickly—while you sit and smile in our operating chair.

The continued success of our scientific methods, and our highly efficient work, are testaments on us the confidence of hundreds of British Columbia people. Our charges are truly moderate, as our estimate will prove.

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1304 Government St., Cor. Yates

VANCOUVER, 807 HASTINGS W.

NURSE DESCRIBES LIFE WITH SERBIAN ARMY

Mrs. Eric Colbourne Encounters Some "Awfully Decent Serbs" and Meets Eight Wives of an Old Turk

The following letter from Mrs. Eric Colbourne, of Victoria, to her mother, Mrs. George Gillespie, will, it is felt, be interesting to their many friends. Mrs. Colbourne left Victoria two and a half years ago to join her husband in England. He fell six months later in France after having been awarded the Military Cross for "conspicuous bravery." After having missed for a year at the Military War Hospital in Edinburgh Mrs. Colbourne joined the Scottish Women's Hospital in foreign service and went with the unit to the Balkans, where it was attached to the Royal Serbian Army. In her letter, she says:

"I am up in New Serbia now, at our dressing station. You will have read in the paper about poor Mrs. Harley being killed, and if you noticed the name of the place it will give you an idea where I am, as we are within easy sight of it. "Well, it is a great life up here, and it is quite a sight to see the shells bursting over the place at night and the star shells lighting up the country as they fall. We get bombed every morning nearly. In justice to the Serbs I must say that I don't think they purposely try for our little camp, but for the camps round about, and a few hundred yards or so either way is nothing from an aeroplane. However, we have some good "funk holes" to fly to, and have all been provided with gas masks. So far I have been much interested to remember about the "funk holes" at the time, but suppose I will learn sense later.

"The enemy planes usually arrive after breakfast, and we see them coming over the hills as we hastily swallow our last piece of toast, and go up to engage seats in the dug-outs. This morning, however, they thoughtfully arrived much earlier, and every one turned out in pajamas. The worst we had was about a week ago. My friend and I were watching them from the kitchen door, dropping bombs some distance away, and we hadn't realized how near they were getting, until we suddenly saw some automobiles in the next camp go "kn-puff" in to the air, and immediately afterwards "boom" went a great bomb just at the foot of our camp.

"My friend and I and the other girl cook and two Serb orderlies immediately threw ourselves in a little heap face downwards on the floor, and in the next few minutes the bombs simply crashed around us. There is an appalling row while it is on—the whole place shakes with the roar of the bombs, and the anti-aircraft guns blaring away for dear life, the whirr of the machines, and you lie covering your face and head as much as possible, and wonder if the next crump will send you all to glory! For an experience I wouldn't have missed it for worlds—it gives a sort of spice to life not knowing what the day will bring forth.

"This place all about where we are was very much fought over ground, and is of course intersected with trenches, and up a hill not far away there are still some poor dead Bulgars lying. It is very stony ground, and I suppose it was difficult to bury them, so they were just left—it is a sad and pathetic sight. There are a great many Bulgar and German prisoners working on the roads about here—some of them were put on to fix up our kitchen and mess tent.

"Awfully Decent Serbs" "The kitchen is rather picturesque, dug out of the side of a hill, and the lantern at night hangs on a bayonet stuck in the clay, and our shovel for the oven is an interesting tool! Will I ever be able to go back to civilization, I wonder? "No Zuum," as the Serbs say. It has been ripping weather lately, quite hot but not too much so, and the flies have not yet wakened up to life again. Other things have, though, and there is a lovely green lizard sunning itself at the moment on the foot of my bed, and one of the chauffeurs caught a huge centipede this morning in her bed which rather gave us cold shivers. I have had some ripping riding up here. There are some awfully decent Serbs near by, who were keen to lend us their horses. We rode down to the boundary line between Serbia and Greece the other day, lovely open country, and we had some great gallops. Another time we were exploring some old Bulgar trenches, masses of war material all scattered about, such as rifle cartridges, shell cases, gas masks, bayonets, etc., etc., and some lumping big shells which had never exploded and hand grenades by the scores. There was also many dead Bulgars still lying about, poor creatures. I don't know why they don't send up a party to bury them. Some one had made a half-hearted attempt to bury some of them, but as the rain had washed away most of the earth it was worse than just leaving them alone.

Meets Eight Wives "There were some German trenches a bit further on, too, and I tried to find a decent helmet, but the soldiers had taken all the badges off them, which was rather disappointing. Another interesting expedition was when another girl and I and one of the Serbs started over the hills to a Turkish village. The latter brought a rifle in case we should meet the "comradis"—gentlemen who haunt the hills. We must have some about nine miles there, I should think, and when we reached the village were most hospitably entertained by an old Turk we met in the market-place. He took us to his house and gave us awfully good coffee and some sweetmeats made of honey. He afterwards took the other girl and myself into his harem and introduced us to his eight wives. It was amusing to see how interested they were in us and how they examined our clothes and watches and hair. Fortunately we had some chocolate in our pockets, which we distributed to the children. They had no idea what it was until we showed them what to do with it! They were most friendly, and we had more coffee with them. Then the old Turk said as we had come so far would we not like to stay the night. However, we thought it best to decline this kind offer, and after having our pockets filled with walnuts and fresh eggs, we returned our escort, who was waiting outside.

"This war is so full of the strangest kind of paradoxes. I mean in spite of the horror of it, and the terrible things

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Men! This Is a Real Opportunity to Make Substantial Savings on Your New Suit, Shirts, Underwear, Hat and Other Furnishings

It is important that you bear in mind that every Suit, Hat or Shirt was made by the best makers of Britain or Canada. We have too much stock. These reductions should move it quickly.

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Garments designed specially for the young fellow, bearing all the latest style fancies. Many different colors from which to select... **\$14.75 and \$16.75**

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Porous Knit Combinations, knee length, short sleeves, per suit..... **\$1.00**

BALBRIGGAN COMBINATIONS
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Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, per suit..... **.95¢**
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Women's Blue Cashmere, with quarter sleeves and skirt. Per suit..... **\$1.55**
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that go on just a few miles away, we living here, if we were able to accept all the invitations we get, would have an exceedingly gay time. Of course we can't get away from work very often, though our chief is awfully decent about letting us go whenever possible. Yesterday, Easter Monday, an A.S.C. camp some miles away gave some sports, and we were all asked and a lot of us allowed to go as it was a holiday. They sent some cars round for us to give our poor chauffeurs a rest. It was really very good fun, there was a jolly good band and we met a number of British officers whom we had known last year when they were

camped near us, and we all had a splendid tea together.
A Few Feet
"After tea my pal and I went over the fields to a Serbian hospital to see some friends of ours who we knew were there. They were delighted to see us. The Serb is always so hospitable (they all are for that matter). They took us to one of the wards where there were a couple of gypsy musicians playing and where first a Serb came in and danced a pas seul, and then a Russian gave a ripping exhibition of their national dance, and then a Bulgar prisoner came and did likewise. It was most interesting, and what I liked so much was that the prisoner smiled and seemed perfectly happy and the Serbs were so decent to him.
"I am mess tent orderly at this dressing station, and it is really rather an entertaining job, especially at the tea hour, because so many people keep dropping in from surrounding camps. Today, for instance, there were three Italian officers, and a French, Russian, and Serb ditto. We are the only women for miles around, so naturally I suppose they like a little feminine conversation occasionally. No day ever goes by without visitors of some kind, and one makes a lot of pleasant acquaintances. Some of the Serb table manners are rather amusing—for instance I have often had my meat cut up for me by my neighbor with his own knife and fork, and I have known them transfer particularly choice portions of their food from their own plates to ours, if they think we have not fared so well in the serving.
"I am going back to my hospital next Monday. I am going to England in the summer for a rest and may not return here. I should like to see another part of the world, and as the Scottish Women's Hospital have branches everywhere, I may be sent to the Russian front. Lord, what a queer life it all is!"

Have You Insured Your Partner?

If your partner should die to-morrow, how would it affect your business? Would your credit tighten while awaiting developments?
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Many business men realize that Imperial Partnership Insurance upon the lives of partners and executive officers in their business is the surest way to protect themselves against losses that may occur through unforeseen accident or death. It is an interesting phase of the insurance business; one that—if a partner—you should know about.

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Mining in British Columbia

By E. Jacobs

Mining in Northeast Kootenay

On May 15th there was reprinted in The Daily Colonist an interesting account of mining properties in Windermere division of Northeast Kootenay. In the last number of Mining and Metallurgical Progress of San Francisco, from which that account was taken, there appeared a continuation of the description of mines in Windermere division and of others in Golden division, in the more northerly part of the district. This additional information follows:

The Steele group in the Northeast Kootenay district adjoins the Lead Queen mine, and is a continuation of the Lead Queen vein. A 50-foot cross-cut adit reaches the vein, but no drifts have been run, though the vein has been exposed on the surface for 100 feet where it is 18 to 24 inches wide, and its ore assays from 15 to 50 oz. silver a ton, and 50 to 60 per cent lead. The mine will be developed this summer and ore shipments made.

Delos and Bunyan Groups

The Delos Group is on Boulder Creek, about three miles from the Hestathief Creek wagon road. It is a Crown granted property; it has not been worked since 1898. It is reached by a good trail, which could easily be widened to a wagon road. The ore is chalcocite, with some gold and silver. The mine is situated on a zone of quartz stringers that intersect the state in all directions—a stockwork 150 feet wide. The quartz stringers are from one inch to two feet wide. An adit has been driven 55 feet near the creek level; this has opened a good showing of copper ore. On the surface masses of sulphur sulphide are found in the quartz. It is the intention to mine and ship ore this summer. Clear ore runs up to 32 per cent copper. There is considerable ore on the dumps ready for shipment. The Bunyan group comprises four claims at the foot of Bunyan Mountain, between Toby and Goldie Creeks, and six miles from Invermere. The vein is 16 feet wide, and in it there is a pay streak of ore 3 feet 6 inches wide, runs 15 to 20 per cent copper and 14 oz. silver. There is an adit 80 feet with some drifts, and a mine 20 feet deep at one place, and numerous surface cuts, short adits and other superficial work. There is abundance of timber and a good water power is available. This property has been idle for several years.

Mines in Golden Division

The Golden division is bounded on the south by the Windermere division, on the west by Alsworth, Lardeau and Revelstoke divisions; on the north by the Quenesel division, and on the east by the Alberta-British Columbia boundary. Several of the mines in this division have shipped ore in recent years; among them the Monarch and the Giant.

The Monarch mine is 1,000 feet above the track of the Canadian Pacific Railway, three miles east of Field. The mine was discovered in 1846, and has since changed ownership many times. The camp buildings and mill are at the railway, and are connected with the mine by an aerial tramway. The ore body is a replacement in limestones, and is from 15 to 40 feet thick with great longitudinal extent. The ore is sulphide, principally zinc. The mill is provided with the usual concentrating machinery, and has a capacity of 70 tons daily, turning out a 75 to 85 per cent concentrate in which zinc runs 45 to 55 per cent and lead 55 to 65 per cent. The mine has a good equipment of machinery, including a gas engine situated at the top of the tramway and used to hoist supplies from the railway to the mine. An adit has been driven 400 feet on the ore body, and considerable stopping done on both sides. The mine is idle, though there seems to be no reason why it should not be in profitable operation with metals at their present high price.

Giant Silver-Lead Mine

The Giant mine is situated on the north side of the Spillimacheen River, seven miles west of Spillimacheen station. The ore occurs along the contact of limestone and slate, with an east-west strike and south dip of 40 to 50 degrees. Barite is abundant in a zone 20 to 30 feet wide, the limestone being silicified at a greater distance from the slate. In places the barite is impregnated with galena, from 5 to 10 per cent, with a lower contact of zinc, arsenic and antimony sulphides. The galena is fine-grained and often is found in small seams. It contains silver to the extent of one ounce to each per cent of lead. An open cut 40 feet long, 50 feet wide and 40 feet high at the face represents the main surface development. An adit has been driven 635 feet and 50 feet below the open cut another adit is 348 feet, in which ore was first cut 80 feet from the entrance. From the ore bins just below the cut a gravity tramway has been constructed to the concentrating mill. The ore goes to a Blake crusher, from which it passes to a Robins picking belt conveyor; from the conveyor it drops onto a grizzly, the fine going to a fine ore bin, the coarse being crushed and then joining the fine in the bin, from which it is fed automatically to rolls. The plant proved unadapted to the ore, and as a consequence the property has been idle for several years. In 1914 three cars of ore were shipped to the Trail smelter, and this yielded 12 per cent lead and 5 oz. silver to the ton. With proper machinery in the mill and competent management this property should be worked continuously and profitably. There are large outcrops of ore on the mine where practically no work has been done. Free water power is available, and transportation facilities are good.

Copper Butte and Tennessee

The Copper Butte mine is on a small branch of Bugaboo Creek, five miles from Bugaboo Creek wagon road. This property was worked during 1914, though not steadily. Two cars of ore were shipped to Trail; this ran well in copper, which occurs as chalcocite. Not having sufficient working capital to operate the mine in an economical manner, the owner suspended operations.

The Tennessee group is on Spruce Tree Creek. The vein is from 3 to 10 feet wide, with a streak 8 to 10 inches wide of solid chalcocite, containing 80 to 90 oz. gold and similar values in silver per ton. The selected ore runs 85 to 95 per cent copper; the entire vein averaging 18 per cent copper. Work will be commenced early this summer, and the ore be shipped to Trail.

Generally speaking, comparatively little work was done in the Golden mining division in 1916, but the increase in the price of metals has stimulated the owners of many mines to undertake active work during this season, and to ship their ore. What the district needs is more capital and experienced

management. There is a copper belt in the Selkirk range running northwesterly from Dutch Creek to Fifteen-Mile Creek. Ore bodies are exposed in nearly every creek cutting through this belt, which is more than 70 miles long. Within a mile and a half of Canal Flat Railway station there are two parallel lodes on the north side of Fifteen-Mile Creek, locally called the East and the West lodes respectively. These lodes are more than 100 feet wide in some places. The ridges rise from 850 to 900 feet above the neighboring canyons and mining facilities are unusually good. Timber and water power are both abundant. The ores contain from 81 to 85 in gold, and from 1 to 40 oz. silver a ton, and about 50 per cent lead. For large capital these lodes offer many promising opportunities, as mining and metallurgical operations can be carried on at low cost, and transportation facilities are better than in many other districts where mining is successfully carried on. Throughout the Northeast Kootenay, including the Windermere and Golden divisions, there are many promising properties that require capital, and men who have had sufficient practical experience with mines of the type that are plentiful in this region. What is wanted here is men of the kind that developed the Slocan district, and who were not afraid to stay with the game through many disappointments and trials until they made a success.

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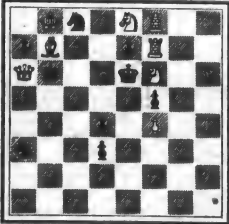
CHESS COLUMN

To Correspondents: All communications to be addressed Chess Editor, Post Office Drawer 732, Victoria, B.C.

F. G. C. (Nanose)—Hope to see you before long. But it is impossible to say definitely.

Problem No. 63

By R. G. Thompson (1st Prize—Third International Contest of the Revue L'Eco Degli Scacchi.) Black—3 pieces.



White—8 pieces. White to play and mate in two moves.

Solution to Problem No. 61

White Black
1. R-K R 6 1. Any move
2. B or (P) queens mate.

Correct solutions to this problem received from F. G. Claudet, Mrs. G. W. Coles, Alfred Mansfield, A. G. Hawkins, and Rev. Geo. Aitkens.

The following pretty game played recently at the Geneva Chess Club, we take, with notes, from our Italian contemporary L'Eco Degli Scacchi:

Game No. 130—K's Bishop Opening

White	Black
E. Geller	Dr. Kalltanmark
1. P-K 4	1. P-K 4
2. B-B 4	2. N-K B 3
3. P-Q 4	3. P x P
4. N-K B 3	4. N x P
5. Q x P	5. N-K B 3
6. B-K N 5	6. B-K 2
7. N-Q B 3	7. N-Q B 3
8. Q-R 4	8. O-O
9. O-Q-O	9. P-Q 3
10. K B-K	10. B-K B 4
11. R x B1 (a)	11. N x R (b)
12. B x N	12. P x B
13. Q x B P	13. B-N 3 (c)
14. P K R 4 (d)	14. Q-Q 3
15. N-Q 4	15. Q R-K (e)
16. P-B 5	16. B x R P
17. N-K 6!!	17. P x N
18. B x P ch	18. R-B 2
19. Q-N 5 ch	19. Resigns.

(a) The attack initiated with this move proves irresistible.
(b) If 11... Q x R, White replies with 12... K.
(c) To liberate the K.
(d) This effectively prevents Black from playing N-B 4, as after that P-K N 4 and P-R would win a piece.
(e) 15... P-Q 4 would have been decidedly better.

OUTRAGES ON NORWAY

Carrying of Bombs by Messenger to German Legation Causes Sharp Protest From Government

LONDON, June 29.—An account of the German plot to tie up Norwegian shipping was given in The Storting yesterday by Foreign Minister Islen, says an Exchange dispatch from Copenhagen. Mr. Islen declared bombs had been sent to Norway by the German Foreign Office by means of a messenger dispatched to the German legation in Christiania. The Norwegian legation in Berlin had been ordered to inform the German Government of what had happened and to make a sharp protest against this violation of Norwegian neutrality. Norway, the Foreign Minister said, now was awaiting Germany's reply. After the examination of the messenger had been concluded, he was handed over to Germany on condition that action be taken against him there and that she should be used again as a messenger to Norway.

General Furling and Alsatians

PARIS, June 30.—Major-General Furling yesterday received a delegation from the Alsace-Lorraine reception committee. Referring to the American commander's Alsatian ancestry, the vice-president, M. Stealing, told the general how proud they were that a descendant of their little country had come to fight for the triumph of their inalienable rights and the restoration to France of the lost Provinces. General Furling was visibly moved. He said he was most happy to meet representatives of the valiant people who had suffered so deeply because of fidelity to their country, and that he had a warm place in his heart for Alsace, the land of his forefathers.

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"Homade" Ice Cream is served only at our Yates Street Store. For our Ice Cream we claim the same superiority that marks our Chocolates and Candies—absolute first quality at all times. The service, too, at this "Soda Fountain is exceptional. Each girl is a trained dispenser of Soda Fountain Drinks and Sundaes; this goes a long way towards eliminating the irksome waiting to be served, an unpleasant feature of old-time service. Our prices in this department are fair and moderate at all times.

"Homade" Candies are prepared in half a hundred different ways. They embrace every delicacy of the crisp, caramel or fudge variety, and all are warranted to please the palate of even the most discriminating candy buyer. Prices range from as low as 35c to..... 75c

Nut Clusters—Under this heading several varieties of nuts and fruits are prepared. One has but to taste this delicious combination of velvety chocolate and freshly-roasted nuts to become a confirmed "Homade" enthusiast. The price per pound is only..... 60c

Chocolate Nougatine—A delicious, chew, made from the purest cream, the froth of eggs and the added nectar of honey; the whole mass is enclosed in a wrapping of smooth, velvety chocolate. Price, per lb. 60c

"HOMADE" CHOCOLATES 60c to \$1.50 Per lb.



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 - 24 Pairs Men's Neolin Sole Boots. A pair \$4.95
 - 30 Pairs Men's Calf Boots, rubber heels. Pair \$3.95
 - 60 Pairs Men's Tan Calf Boots. Pair, \$7.00, \$4.95
- REMEMBER THE PRICES
- 30 Pairs Ladies' Patent Button Boots. A pair \$4.65
 - 26 Pairs Ladies' Lace and Button Boots. Pair \$3.65

- 30 Pairs Ladies' Pumps. A pair \$2.50
 - 29 Pairs Ladies' Tan Lace and Button. A pair \$3.95
 - 120 Pairs Misses' Button and Lace Boots. Pair \$2.95
 - 60 Pairs Misses' Calf Boots. A pair \$3.45
 - 90 Pairs Children's Boots, all sizes. A pair \$2.65
 - 60 Pairs Boys' Calf Oxfords. Great value, pair \$2.95
 - 90 Pairs Children's Patent and Calf Oxfords. A pair \$1.95
 - 24 Pairs Men's Leather Slippers A pair \$2.00
- A large lot of White Pumps and Canvas Boots from, a pair, \$1.00 to \$2.95

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PROMOTIONS FOLLOW CLOSING OF SCHOOLS

Partial Lists Issued of Successful Pupils and Those Winning Mention in the Various Honor Rolls

The following Victoria school reports have been issued following the close of the summer term on Friday:

KINGSTON STREET

At the Kingston Street school on Friday morning the teachers were surprised to see every seat in the large room filled before 9:30, an unusually early hour for assembling on closing day.

When the children were in order outside, the visitors were invited to see the dancing of the little girls under Miss Fen's direction.

A number of classes having been reviewed, all returned to the school and listened to an entertainment consisting of part songs, recitations and patriotic songs. A little play, "Sweet Rice Pudding," delighted the children. The characters were: Mother, Dorothy Gates, Chidi, Audrey Lees and Fairy, Sue McLeod.

At the close Miss Lawson, the principal, thanked the parents for their cooperation in the past, and said she felt assured of receiving similar help in the coming year. She told how much the boys and girls had done for the Red Cross, and expressed her confidence that each would have earned a dollar before the close of the year.

In the absence of any of the school trustees, the principal presented rolls of honor, and with the singing of "O Canada" and the National Anthem, school was over.

Parents then went to the garden, where each of the eighty little gardeners proudly showed his or her plot to mother or father.

Promotions List

From Kingston Street School to South Park School in order of merit: Dorothy Gates, Jack Collingford, Allan Pendray, Marjorie Renwick, Marie Cayla, Roswell Hocking, Stanley Whalley, Alfred Tripp, Richard Nix, Jean McLeod, Bert Buller, John Latham, Noel Waite, Sue McLeod, Miesie Grimsdon, Kathleen Dixon, Louis Giroux, Shirley Cann, Willie Robinson, Gillon Thorburn, Cecil Redout, Hilda Rawlinson, Bobbie Moffat, Dick Steele, Archie Bradley, Freddy Robinson, Marjorie Graham, Lily Bergstrom, Jack Richmond, Clyde Philip, Mary Earnshaw, Hazel Irvine, Evelyn Slater, Doris Jewell, Allan Stewart, Maybell Kirkpatrick, Fred. Burch, Lily White, Raymond Holman, Fred. Grossmith, Elsie Whitehouse, Nora Stowe, Billie Lord, Gladys Davis, Archie Wood, Mildred Carney.

NORTH WARD

Division II., Promoted to Senior Fourth Reader: Marie Abbott, Elinor Swain, Rosalind Gardner, Marjorie Comber, Lillian Allen, Margaret Matthews, Orion McGary, Roy Kenny, Myrtle King, Gertrude Ray, Bessie MacGregor, Miriam Margell, Joseph Yetcho, Ada Jewsbury, Marjorie Kiel, Miriam Grant, William Turnbull, Joseph Brinton, Isaac Willan, Etlis Bucey, Lucille Blake, Charles Goodwin.

Division III., Promoted to Senior Fourth Reader: Chester Crawford, Myrtle Milby, Nellie Skipworth, Frank

Couthorne, Norman Keown, Lloyd Campbell, Robert Belford, Wallace Colwell, Doris Humber, Ethel Nemburn, Katie Jones, Iris Marcell, Stewart Davis, Edwin Moore, Helena Hurst, George Coleman, Mary Rainer, Hugh Sheret, Conway Sears, Leslie Wolfenden, Willie Nachtrieb, David Wilson, Jack Noble, Sadie Hird.

Honor Rolls: Department: Myrtle Milby. Proficiency: Chester Crawford. Punctuality: George Coleman, Wallace Colwell, Doris Humber, Jack Noble, Conway Sears, Hugh Sheret, Phyllis Tack.

Division IV., Promoted to Junior Fourth Reader: George Smith, Arthur Flows, Neale Wallace, Edgar Breckenridge, Blase Sandiford, Annie Wong, Ina Walker, Jewell McMahon, Marjorie Gibson, Maud Barrett, Annie Worthington, Elinor Hutchinson, Mable Zieshen, Gerald Gary, Alma Marcroft, Charlotte Laird, Fred Greenwood, Annie Hanbury, Robert MacDonald, Florence Roberts, Georgina Logan, Florence Wilson, Ada Blair, Edward Logan, Edwin Burnett, Ella Chafe, Agnes Auchincloss, Jean Dunsagan, Joseph Sears, William MacEwan, Marjorie Seras, Edward Worth, Wilbur Matthews, Ethel Olive, Lynden Argue.

Rolls of Honor - Department, Florence Roberts.

Proficiency: Neale Wallace. Regularity and Punctuality: Maud Barrett, Annie Wong, Edwin Burnett, George Smith, Mabel Stephen, Wilbur Matthews, Jean Dunsagan, Ella Chafe, Neale Wallace, Florence Roberts.

Division V., Promoted to Junior Fourth Reader: Hazel Hesson, Cathie McLean, Garfield Sidwell, Robert Nunn, Frank McEwan, Margaret Harris, Ivor Davis, Harry Denyer.

Division V., Promoted to Senior Third Reader: Howard Roberts, Violet Brown, Jack Carmichael, Phyllis Nunn Louise Harris, Mary Martin, Clyde Nall, Lee Hing, Jessie Smith, Robert McEwan, David Moffat, Earl Moore, Donald Gardner, Queenie Wilson, Emma Mills, Lee Hay, Jack Moraes, Arthur King, Andrew Moffat.

Rolls of Honor: Department: Catherine McLean.

Regularity and Punctuality: Robert Nunn, Phyllis Nunn, Hazel Hudson.

Proficiency: Senior Third: Hazel Hesson, Junior Third: Violet Brown.

Division VI., Promoted to Senior Third Reader: Dora Rogers, Frank Hall, Doris Boyle, Dorothy Ellis, Sevrine Keown, Queenie Graves, Burton Skipworth, Muriel Gary, George Campin, Chester Price, Lena Solomon, Ethel Bean, Hubert Taylor, Jack Yuen, Walter McCaschem, Valencia Roberts, Harry Crawford, Marjorie Breckenridge, Lillian Chan, Ernest Galt, Winnie Burnett, Joe McIntrye, Iris Philbrook, Nellie Potts, Gordon Kenney, Irene Drinkwater, Edwin Mulholland, Walter Lind, Oscar Molts, Ferdinand Vanruchevel, Vera Beran, Fredeline Gilson, Mildred Smallwood, Herman Lind, Albert Setterington, Phyllis Hogarth, Kathleen Hutchison.

Punctuality and Regularity: Frank Hall, Oscar Molts, Walter Lind, Walter McCaschem, Iris Philbrook, Marjorie Breckenridge, Doris Boyle, Dorothy Ellis, Vera Beran.

Honor Roll for Department: Jack Yuen.

Honor Roll for Proficiency: Dora Rogers.

Division VII., Promoted to Senior Third Reader: Margaret Hurst, Mildred Thibault, Gladys Mulkey, Phyllis Wormleighton, Tommy Watson, Archie Doherty, Henry Taddie, Aletha Williams, Lawrence McKay, Violet MacCaschem, Patrick Stephen.

Department: Mildred Mulkey. Regularity and Punctuality: Patrick Stephen, Raymond Matthews, Iola Worthington, Gladys Mulkey, Violet MacCaschem.

Proficiency: Margaret Hurst. Division VIII., Promoted to Junior Third Reader: Thelma Baker, Jack

Burr, Peter Basso, Pearl Bergman, Willie Blair, Annie Borrowman, David Burnett, Joyce Cave, Clifford Deaville, Harry Ellis, Nelson Goodwin, Mary Heacock, Marjorie Hopwood, Orville Keown, Frank Mathews, Alma McMurtree, Ethel Raynes, Fawcett Roberts, Mary Roberts, Lila Schofield, Lillian Spersbott, Percy Webb, Walwin Williams.

Division IX., Promoted to Senior Second: Kathleen Muriel Forbes, Thomas Raymond Tyldesley, Ronald Edward Smith, Mary Catherine Hogg, George Alfred Ellis, Marion Alice Brown, Herbert William Dobson, Violet Dixon, William Hefty, Toby, George Bittancourt, Thomas William John Nuts, Dorothy May Walsh, Maurice Connor, Harold William Gough, William Edward Teale, Norma Marjorie Keys, June Wink, Logan, Agnes McRobert, Norman Frank Stauffer, William Ralph Mills.

Rolls of Honor: Department: Gertrude Schofield. Punctuality and Regularity: Dorothy May Walsh.

Proficiency: Kathleen Muriel Forbes.

SOUTH PARK

Division I., Department: George Copsa.

Regularity and Punctuality: Tom Woolison, Evelyn Irvine, Ethel Leigh, Helen Starr, Grace Campbell, Mary Minkler, Payne Scott, Marion Austin.

Division II., Department: Vera Chadwick.

Regularity and Punctuality: Rupert Sandy, James Givens, Joey Gosse.

Division III., Proficiency: Marjorie Locke.

Department: Eileen Dwyer. Regularity and Punctuality: Gladys Fletcher, Eileen Grossman, Isabel Kirkpatrick, Alexandra Martin, Victor Riley, Genevieve Sangster, Dorothy Shepherd, Alberta White.

Division III., Promoted to Entrance Class: Arthur Ayres, Raymond Bowles, George Campbell, Hazel Cook, Herbert Cuthbert, Regie Dickinson, Eileen Dwyer, Gladys Fletcher, Jessie Gray, Eileen Grossman, Gladys Hemingway, Lester Jewell, Joseph Jewkes, Douglas Kelly, Dorothy Key, Lawrence King, Isabel Kirkpatrick, Hilda Locke, Marjorie Locke, Alexa Martin, Margaret Martin, Robert Murray, Violet McInnes, Louise Noble, Muriel Pottinger, Gladys Povah, Victor Riley, Genevieve Sangster, Novart Saungers, Dorothy Shepherd, Wilfrid Shroeder, Marjorie Spring, Muriel Strickland, Sue Taylor, Guy Waddington, Evelyn Webster, Alberta White, Clifford Woolison.

Division IV., Proficiency: Dorothy Hardisty.

Department: Elsie Smith. Punctuality and Regularity: Curtis Bahr, Margaret Byrn, Mary Hamilton, Esther Lamb, Beatrice Porter, Doris Weatherston.

Promotions (Alphabetical): Margaret Burtholme, Margaret Byrn, Willie Calder, Dorothy Hardisty, Reta Kelly, Willie Kenyon, Harry Latham, Gordon MacKenzie, Tom Moffat, Langton Plumb, Elsie Smith, Freida Widdowson, Alice White. Recommended for Promotion: Malcolm Calderwood, Violet Davies, Irene Howes, Margaret Kermod, Beatrice Porter, Victor Wilson, Audrey Warburton.

Division IV., Penmanship: Winners of Progress Certificates presented by Sprout-Shaw Bus, Institute: Margaret Burtholme, Malcolm Calderwood, Willie Earnshaw, Dorothy Hardisty, Reta Kelly, Margaret Kermod, Esther Lamb, Margaret Moore, Florence Patterson, Constance Stubbs, Doris Weatherston, Alice White, Freida Widdowson, Violet Wilson, Ruth Wood.

Division V., Proficiency: Gordon Macintosh.

Department: Olive White. Regularity and Punctuality: Jack MacLachlan.

Promoted to Senior Fourth: Jack Davey, Owen Fowler, Fred. Heard, Florence Irving, Louis Kohse, Rachel Leckie, Gordon Macintosh, Jack MacLachlan, Mary McNeill, Marjorie Morry, George Mowat, Albert Nex, Edna Pentz, Harold Pollard, Beth Reid, Kate Renwick, Frank Russell, Raymond Sandy, Harold Steanson, Ruth Tomlinson, James Walker, Olive White.

Division VI., Proficiency: Fred. Peele.

Department: Evaline Russell. Regularity and Punctuality: Robert Ferguson, Carl Grossman, Evaline Russell, Bryce Stewart, Addy Wright.

Promoted to Junior Fourth: Jessie Ackerman, Thomas Ashorn, Violetta Clemo, Edmund Corby, Muriel Corry, May Dixon, Nellie Faray, Robert Ferguson, Florence Gates, Gertrude Gosse, Carl Grossman, Belinda Hamilton, Gordon Hartley, Tom Hopkins, Viola Lawson, Cecil Lewis, Agnes Mackay, Walter Mason, Caroline Nairne, Marion Owen, Fred. Peele, Kenneth Riddell, Olive Rines, Mabel Ringshaw, Evaline Russell, Zovart Saunders, Grace Slater, Bryce Stewart, Alfred Thomassett, Addy Wright, Albert Winkel, Kathleen Wooliam-Palmer, Irene Wheldon.

Division VII., Proficiency: Charles Edward Swannell.

Department: Henry Edward Hellyer. Regularity and Punctuality: Crawford Coates, Emily Barbara Field, Lois Helen Tripp, Jessie Lorimer Widdowson.

Promoted to Junior Fourth: Frank Allan, Gerald Anthony, Wilfrid Bullock, Ronald Brindley, Queenie Brown, Crawford Coates, Elizabeth Cuthbert, Marguerite Carney, Harold Davidson, Iris Griffin, Henry Hellyer, Howard Harman, Marjorie Lyndie, Berneice Leckie, Leola Matthews, Dorothy Melville, Agnes Naysmith, James Ormond, Robert Peattie, Dorothy Penndray, Donald Sinclair, Charles Swannell, Alfreda Shuttleworth, Mildred Stephens, Kathleen Tobin, George Turner, Lois Tripp.

Division VIII., Rolls of Honor: Proficiency: Ingram Dallain.

Department: Daisy White. Regularity and Punctuality: Helen Boyce, Audrey Field, Leon Miller, Alice Sangster, Marjorie Schroeder, Thelma McLean.

Promoted to Senior Third: Helen Attack, Helen Boyce, Lewis Coates, Ingram Dallain, Audrey Field, Grace Grossman, Cora Harding, Leonard Hillier, William Jacobson, Godfrey Jones, Fred. Kenny, Essie Liddell, William Leckie, Cecil Mackenzie, James McConnel, Leon Metro, Victor Morry, Eileen Owen, Iola Poirer, Nora Prudon, Stephen Russell, Gerald Sandy, Alice Sangster, Marjorie Schroeder, Fred Smith, Marvin Squire, Wesley Strickland, Jack Vital, Henry Watson, Gladys Weatherston, Emily Wilkinson.

Division IX., Proficiency: Homer Westworth Cameron.

Department: Florence Beatrice Phillips. Regularity and Punctuality: Arthur Buller, John King, Winifred MacDonald, Arthur Speed.

Promoted to Senior Third: Ethel

Wright, Jack Barnes, Eric Berstrom, Ivy Bradley, Arthur Buller, Homer Cameron, Blanche Cooley, Mona Davies, Sarah Ellis, George Faray, John Francois, Eleanor Heaney, David Hunter, George Hunter, Jack King, Alice Leckie, Helen Matthews, Parlo Matthews, Louis Martin, Winifred MacDonald, Frederick Nes, George Peterson, Marguerite Peterson, Beatrice Phillips, Samuel Ranna Charlton Smith, Arthur Speed, Ralph Steele, James Wight, Ila Winkel, May White.

MARGARET JENKINS

Division I., Rolls of Honor: Department: Ethel May Cave.

Punctuality and Regularity: Gilbert Simmons.

Proficiency: Marjorie Ballard.

Division I., Promotion List. Junior Fourth to Senior Fourth: Marjorie Ballard, Janet McIntosh, Dorothy Houghton, William Urwin, Herbert Fullerton, Charles Ballard, Margaret Amphlett, Fols Fraser, Caroline White, Margaret Green, Gilbert Simmons, Jessie Scott, May Campbell, Harold Buckle, Nellie North, Frederic Hughes, Albert Smith, Hassi Lamont, Roy Pitzer, Katie Kenning.

Division I., Senior Third to Junior Fourth: Josephine McIntosh, Constance Shupe, Winifred Tunley, Mabel Urwin, Herbert Weeks, Harold Small, Alfred Wood and Ethel Cave, Evelyn Carlow, Frederic Smith, Francis Brown, Iyson Dickinson.

Division II., Rolls of Honor: Proficiency: Elsie Kathleen Exham.

Regularity: Leonard Charles Gibbs. Department: Rachael Rolis.

Division II., Promoted from Junior Second to Senior Second: Alan Sanburn, Marjorie Grant, Paul Brocker, Kathleen Moon, Yvette Bruch, Thomas Denny, Frances Bacon, Gertrude Calow Olive Leigh, Howard Wicker, Charles Fraser.

Division II., Promoted from Senior Third to Senior Third: Elsie Exham, Dorothy Pitney, Leonard Gibbs, Thelma Pitzer, Douglas Alcorn, Frances Amphlett, Lawrence Clark, Kathleen Humphries, Audrey Hughes, Franklin Grant, Grace Kenning, Richard White, William Clark, Arthur Winter.

Division III., Rolls of Honor: Proficiency: Hilda Slavin.

Department: Helen Duncan. Punctuality and Regularity: Amy Morton.

Division III., From First Reader into Junior Second Reader: Hilda Slavin, Helen Duncan, Amy Morton, Herbert Wood, Martin Cave, Thelma Creech, Mildred Pitney, David Livingstone, Marjorie Cansell, Kathleen Slavin, Julian Moon, Frank Hyslop, Alfred Morgan, Herbert Steele, Alice Kenning, John Urwin, Godfrey Creech.

Division III., From Second Reader into First Reader: Betty Nicholson, Arthur Stott, Phyllis Carter, Donald Humphrey, Maude Mason, Gwen Gibbs, Doreen Burt, John Hutton, Wilfred Gibson, Hugh Lamont, Robert Dupen, Reginald Baily, Kenneth Bonner.

Division IV., Rolls of Honor: Regularity and Punctuality: Edward Theodore Simmons.

Proficiency: Jessie Jones. Department: Madeline Carter.

Division IV., First Reader to Second Reader: Madeline Carter, Freda Skuce, Theodore Simmons, Jessie Grant, Ruth Heatherbell, Jessie Jones, Thomas Denny, Jean Duncan, Charles Heisterman, Etta Young, Mary Fails, Roy Denny, Milly Morgan, Arthur Wilcox, Jack White, George Clark.

Division IV., Receiving Class to First Reader: Margaret Livingstones, Robert Armstrong, Howard Gibson, Harry

Continued on Page 31

Advertisement for Smith, Davidson & Wright, Ltd. featuring stationery, paper, and building materials. Includes the slogan "Everything in Paper" and contact information for Victoria and Vancouver.

Large advertisement for McCarter Shingle Co. High-Grade B. C. Shingles. Includes address 2418 Rock Bay Avenue and phone number 2545.

Advertisement for R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd. Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Features a photograph of their dock and lists various insurance services.

CONGREGATIONALS

WIN FROM VICTORIA

Decisive Victory Scored In Match at Beacon Hill—Five C's Were Defeated but Made Good Fight

The Congregationals confounded all the prophets yesterday, when they inflicted a defeat on the Victoria Club in their senior league cricket match on the Albion ground, at Beacon Hill. Magnificent bowling by W. Speak, excellent fielding by all the Congregationals, and a good innings for 27 by league secretary H. E. Lock, combined to bring about the downfall of Victoria.

The Congregationals batted first, and when they were all out for 74, it looked as if the Victoria team would have little difficulty in gaining the victory; but, with Goward clean bowled first ball, Verrall finely caught by G. Speak when he had only made a single, and other wickets falling in quick succession, 5 being down for 9 runs, things began to look rather different. Hill was the only man to do anything worth while with the bat for Victoria, getting 24 before he, too, fell a victim to Speak's deliveries. The innings closed for 85 runs.

The Congregationals went in for the second time, and began to score like league leaders. Collett batted finely for 54, Speak made 22, and there were several other double figure scores, Lomas being not out 14 when the innings was declared closed with 147 for seven wickets registered. Victoria did much better at their second attempt, York and Leathby hitting the runs, and they had 94 with four wickets down when stumps were drawn. The score and bowling analysis follow:

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for E. R. Lock, A. J. Collett, C. W. Speak, etc.

Innings declared closed.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for H. A. Goward, E. Verrall, J. W. D. York, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for E. Verrall, J. W. D. York, H. Leathby, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Speak, Collett, Verrall, etc.

At the University School ground, at Mount Tolmie, the Five C's made a gallant fight against the Incogs, but were unable to win from the team which looks to have the Virtue Cup tucked away for this season.

Radcliffe was out again for his old club, and, although he was not fortunate enough to take any wickets, the fact that he bowled 11 overs of 8 balls each and that only 38 runs were scored off him is proof that his trundling was of a high class.

May also played an excellent game with the bat, making top score for his side of 41.

In addition to the bowling honors of his side, Sparks also captured the batting honors, playing a practically faultless innings for 59, before being caught by May off his own bowling.

Wrist watches are the style at present; you can be up-to-date by securing one of Haynes' reliable 'jewel wrist watches' at \$5. 1124 Government Street.

HORLICK'S Malted Milk for the Home. A nourishing food-drink for All Ages. Anywhere at anytime. Delicious, sustaining, No cooking.

OPPORTUNITY SALE Of High-Grade Men's Suits Furnishings and Sundries

EVERY man in Victoria and vicinity should know about this Opportunity Sale. It affords some of the most astounding bargains ever offered by the firm of O'Connell's, Ltd. And we would not be able to offer them now if necessity did not demand our raising a considerable sum of money in a very short time.

During this sale Clothing will be sold for cost—AND LESS. Not one or two, but hundreds of items will be marked at prices below what we can replace them at today. Look below! Note the tremendous reductions we have made. If any of the items appeal to you, call on Tuesday and see the goods. We'll warrant you'll be more than satisfied with the amount of value your money can buy.

A Word of Explanation

regarding this sale is in order. Our principal reason for holding this sale is to raise cash to buy in an outside interest in this business. As hundreds of our patrons know, this business was started under the style of Fitzpatrick & O'Connell in March, 1909.

Today we have a heavy stock of Summer merchandise which we are prepared to dispose of at a fraction of its actual value. While the prices of some lines may seem high, they are as nothing compared to what we and the public will be called upon to pay in the months to come.

In conclusion we would like to thank our patrons for their support in the past and take this opportunity of bespeaking a continuance of their favor for this sale and for future business. At all times they will find us ready to render the very best service that lies in our power.

J. A. O'Connell

Tickets on Our COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA Must Be Deposited Before the 14th of July

Bargains in Suits for Men and Young Men

Young Men's Suits—Ideal first long-pant suits. Fine fabrics, developed in the newest pinch-back, Norfolk and regular three-piece styles. Sizes 31 to 36. Reg. to \$20. Opportunity Sale.....\$14.75

Men's Norfolk Suits—Made from heavy-weight imported woollen material. Nice shades and splendidly finished. Opportunity Sale.....\$18.75

Odd Lines of Suits—15 only, Men's Suits, in good qualities of tweed and worsted. Reg. to \$25. Opportunity Sale.....\$10.00

Light Weight Summer Overcoats—The famous shower-proof "Zambrene" Overcoat. We can offer you a good variety of shades from which to make your selection. Reg. at \$25 each. Opportunity Sale.....\$16.75

Men's Tweed Suits—20 only, good quality Tweed Suits, in light and medium shades. Reg. to \$25. Opportunity Sale.....\$18.75

Fancy Tweed Suits—Suitable for young men, or men who feel young. Snappy styles and good selection of shades. Reg. values \$27.50 and \$30. Opportunity Sale.....\$21.75

Smart New Suits—50 only, beautifully tailored suits, in qualities that are well worth the regular price of \$30. Opportunity Sale.....\$26.25

Sensational Values in Seasonable Furnishings

Penman's Underwear—Medium-weight Natural Wool Underwear. Reg. per garment at \$1.75. Opportunity Sale.....\$1.15

Sport Shirts—The popular outing garment for men and young men. Made of fine soisette. Reg. at \$2.00. Opportunity Sale.....\$1.25

CASHMERE SOCKS Reg. 50c values at the special Opportunity Sale price of 3 pairs for.....\$1.00

SILK SOCKS Plain black or fancy shades. Reg. at 75c a pair. Opportunity Sale.....45¢

NEW NECKWEAR Ten dozen New Ties, worth 75c each. Opportunity Sale, 45¢

SILK NECKWEAR Twenty-five dozen New Wide-End Ties, in qualities of silk that will stand hard wear. Reg. at 75c and \$1.00. Opportunity Sale.....55¢

PANAMA HATS The newest blocks and extra good quality. Regularly priced at \$5.50 each. Opportunity Sale.....\$3.75

PANAMA HATS Ten only. Panama Hats, the finest qualities our stock can produce. Reg. \$7.50 to \$12.00. Opportunity Sale.....\$5.00

STRAW HATS Fifteen Hats, in small sizes only. Reg. to \$5.00. Opportunity Sale.....85¢

STRAW HATS Nine dozen Hats, in the best of styles and qualities. Sizes 6 3/4 to 7 3/4. Reg. to \$5.00. Opportunity Sale.....\$1.50

Underwear Odd lines of Shirts and drawers. Opportunity Sale Price.....37 1/2c



1117-GOVERNMENT ST.-1117

Tweed Caps Twenty-five dozen Men's Caps to clear at a sacrifice. Now only.....\$1.25

Every Dollar You Spend Entitles You to a Chance in Our Competition for a \$650 Columbia Grafonola.



Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for C. Jelliman, R. H. Barker, etc.

Total.....199

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for A. H. Ackroyd, F. A. Sparks, etc.

Total.....152

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for W. Sutton, E. Edwards, etc.

SECOND DIVISION CRICKET

The Esquimalt Military Convalescent Home cricket team took Spencer's eleven into camp yesterday afternoon at Oak Bay, defeating them by an innings and 7 runs.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Spence's 1st Innings, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Spence's 2nd Innings, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for F. Waller, S. Craddock, etc.

Total.....25

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Spence's 1st Innings, etc.

Total.....15

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Spence's 2nd Innings, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for King, Spence's 2nd Inn., etc.

Total.....17

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Copas & Young, etc.

Total.....13

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Copas & Young, etc.

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Donaldson, Pte. Bowers, etc.

Total.....17

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Copas & Young, etc.

Total.....13

Table with 4 columns: Name, O, W, R. Includes scores for Copas & Young, etc.

seals handed them a 13 to 8 defeat. Nationals had little trouble in beating Ottawa here by doubling the score. The final count was 14 to 7.

SS. SOPHIA SAILS

The C. P. R. steamer Princess Sophia got away from Vancouver on Saturday night for Skagway and other northern ports.

STOCKHOLM, June 30.—O. F. von Sydow, the Minister of the Interior, has resigned. He is succeeded by Walter Murray, Governor of the Province of Westmanland.

EASTERN LACROSSE

MONTREAL, June 30.—The Shamrocks got the surprise of their lives at Toronto this afternoon when the Toucan...

ELABORATE SCORE FOR "CALIPH OF BAGHDAD"

Orchestration Masterly Piece of Work—Construction Described—Big Patriotic Show Opens Tomorrow

Tap-tap! A hush falls over the audience. Low toned chatter dies away as the orchestra conductor's baton, hovers for an instant and then falls with the decisive sweep that calls out the first notes of the overture.

The audience settles back in its seats, its members giving themselves up to mental appreciation, criticism or plain delight, as the case may be, but few stop to consider the stupendous amount of work entailed in orchestrating a complete opera, before it is given to the ears of the public.

When the curtain has risen on the scene "en masse" the hardest work is necessarily over and that which follows, i.e., the performance, is, in a measure, the least difficult part of the whole undertaking.

In a theatre, perhaps more than in any other place, nothing happens without the aid of the orchestra.



PTE. JOHN SNADDON Who, after ten months' service at the front, has been admitted to 31st Battalion, Royal Canadian Mounted Police, suffering from gas poisoning caused by shell explosion. His wife is now living at 1055 Fairfield Road. Prior to enlisting with the 57th Battalion he was a tailor, making his home at Merritt.

unarily and the smallest item frequently is the result of considerable energy and forethought on the part of many persons.

Responsible Persons The prime instigators in the making of a musical comedy may be said to be the author, composer and orchestrator and on the latter often falls the brunt of the work.

The orchestration of "The Caliph of Baghdad" which opens at the Royal Victoria Theatre tomorrow night for a week's run in aid of the Red Cross and war funds of the Gonzales Chapter, I.O.D.E., has been done by Mr. Leslie Grossmith, as his part of the big patriotic undertaking and comprises that music which will realize in a masterly handling of the requirements of orchestra, singers and dramatic atmosphere.

In making an orchestration of this kind, one of the first things to be considered is "balance," which must be arranged before the pen touches paper. In the orchestra necessary for the carrying of the music for "The Caliph of



PTE. RICHARD ELY Son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Ely, 1249 Fairfield Road, who has just been reported as wounded by gunshot in the right arm and lying in No. 4 General Hospital, Boulogne, since June 3. He is a native of this city, and a brother, Lieut. R. E. Ely, is now at sea. He was employed by the Federal Tire Company before enlisting with the 57th Battalion. He transferred to the 87th and later to the 102nd Battalion.

"Baghdad," three divisions have been planned. These are: Strings, wood and brass; each division forming a complete unit, which, for illustration, may aptly be compared to the parts of a vocal quartet, thus: strings—first violins, (soprano); second violins and violas, (meso-soprano and contralto, or alto); violas and cellos, (tenors and baritone); contra-bass, (bass). In the case of the orchestration for the Caliph, the piano is being substituted for the inner instruments, that is, the second violins and violas.

Wood Division The wood division represents: Flute—soprano; oboe—alto; clarinet—tenor; bassoon—bass. The brass section is: Cornet—soprano and meso-soprano; French-horn—alto and tenor, and trombone—bass. In the case of the Caliph



PTE. JAMES DRINKWATER Albert soldier who was wounded a few days ago and is now reported to have died at Albert. Mrs. J. B. Tubman, 1244 Rutledge Street, this city, is a sister. He has several brothers and sisters in Victoria and elsewhere. He went overseas with the 57th Battalion.

orchestration, the work of the French horn has been divided between the cornets and trombones, owing to the impossibility of obtaining a French-horn player in the city.

Tympanics, sometimes called "kettle-drums"—gowl shaped instruments which may be tuned to special notes—are also unobtainable in Victoria and in their place have been substituted bass drum and snare-drum and other contrivances, termed traps, to produce the rhythmic effects.

In the Caliph orchestra, the wood and brass sections will be made up of a trio in each department, flute, clarinet and bassoon, two cornets and a trombone. After deciding on the combination,

the piano score is carefully studied and the passages allotted to the various sections and the actual work of writing is begun. This has been done by Mr. Leslie Grossmith and some conception of the magnitude of the work may be had by consideration of the fact that each number requires ten different parts for the twenty-three numbers in the opera. Mr. Grossmith has been working early and late constructing these 230 parts, in addition to his other duties, and music critics who have been privileged to hear the results at the orchestra rehearsals, are unanimous in declaring that none but the classical musical offerings produced in New York and shown in the city have ever offered such masterly arrangements.

As the work of the author, composer and orchestrator are alike at the mercy of the interpreters, no effort has been spared to bring together the best talent that Victoria affords and some of the most accomplished instrumental musicians in the city have been secured for the orchestra which has been trained by Mr. Grossmith himself.

It is felt that when the curtain falls at the close of the first performance tomorrow night, the audience will be satisfied that the orchestration has done its full share to perfect this colossal and carefully prepared production.




PTE. JOHN DAVIES One of the four sons of Mr. Herbert W. Davies, 45 Boyd Street, who has served in the present war. He left with the 57th contingent and fell at Passendert on May 26, 1916.

Noted German Aviator Killed COPENHAGEN, June 30.—Lieut. Allman-roeder, a German aviator who was one of the brightest stars of Lieut. Baron von Richthofen's battle squadron, has been killed in aerial fighting. Lieut. Allman-roeder had a record of thirty victims, although he only passed the pilot examination last January.

Getting Supplies From Russia. LONDON, June 30.—The Morning Post's political correspondent says reports are current that Germany has been obtaining considerable supplies from Russia since the revolution. The Minister of Blockade will be questioned about them by Sir Charles Henry next week.

"Fashion Craft"



Clothes are, first and above all things, correct in style—not the freak styles that last a week or a month, but the authentic new styles that will have the approval of people of really good taste. Consequently, whether you order a made-to-measure garment, or a ready-for-service garment, you have only the responsibility of deciding upon patterns and colors—we care for the vital details correctly. A full line of high-class furnishings always in stock.

F. A. GOWEN
Shop of Fashion Craft
1107 Government Street

BARKER'S NEW-SYSTEM BREAD

THE Bread that looks different and tastes different, made of the best and purest materials it is possible to get. It is manufactured in 54 cities on the Pacific Coast, under the most favorable hygienic conditions, and is daily the favorite in 350,000 homes. It is baked in patented gas ovens, revolved by electricity—a method that not only retains the exquisite flavor of the bread, but ensures that every particle of the loaf is properly baked to a nicety. This means that Barker's Bread is more easily digestible.

It Doesn't Dry Out

Barker's Bread is guaranteed to keep fresh for at least a week, and is invaluable for picnic and camping parties. The children love it, and cannot get enough of it. Four kinds: Large White, Graham, Whole Wheat, and Sun-Maid Raisin.

Ask Your Grocer

Barker's Bread is sold by Grocers throughout the city, the following being an up-to-date list:

- Allnut (Mrs.), C., 1600 Bay St.
- Adams, James, 1301 Gladstone Ave.
- Adams, James, 1101 Cook St.
- Avenue Grocery, 2725 Rock Bay Ave.
- Abel's Grocery, Quadra and Cloverdale.
- Bailey, C. G., Burnside and Carroll Road.
- Brinton, A. L., 2600 Gov't.
- Burleigh Grocery, Craigflower Road.
- Beaumont, 1325 Esquimalt Rd.
- Burrows, A., Michigan and Gov't.
- Burt, Johnson and Cook St.
- Beechwood Grocery, Beechwood Ave.
- Brooks, Mrs., Myrtle and Belmont.
- Cloverdale Grocery, Douglas.
- Carroll, O. R., Front and Wilson St.
- Caldwell, Sam, 101 Simcoe St.
- Cooper, J., Fairfield Rd. and Moss St.
- Curcio, L., 1812 Cook St.
- Cl So & Co., Yates St.
- Coulter's Grocery, Camosun and Figard.
- Cornwall Grocery, 627 Cornwall St.
- Cresny, Mrs., Cadboro Bay Rd. and Todd St.
- Cadboro Bay Store, Sinclair and Cadboro Bay Rd.
- Dwyer, J. H., Burnside and Pruden.
- Desville & Sons, 794 Hillside Ave.
- Delastrero, E., 1432 Gov't St.
- Dunn, Robt., 1823 Oak Bay Ave.
- Devonshire Bakery, 210 Menzies St.
- Driver's Store, 856 Yates St.
- Fenerty Bros., 1601 Oak Bay Ave.
- Fairfield Grocery, 259 Cook St.
- Garcin, W. H., Bolelake and Harriet Rds.
- Grant, B. W., 761 Pandora Ave.
- Goodwin, C. A., 943 King's Rd.
- Gladstone Grocery, Fernwood Rd.
- Harrison Grocery, North Park and Quadra St.
- Hillside Confectionery, 2807 Cedar Hill Rd.
- Hillside and Quadra Cash Grocery, 1102 Hillside Ave.
- Hoyle, Mrs., 1980 Oak Bay Ave.
- Hunter, Mrs., Mount Tolmie.
- Herny Bros., 2018 Oak Bay Ave.
- Hollywood Grocery, Fairfield and Lillian Rd.
- Hillside Grocery, 2807 Cedar Hill Rd.
- Hughes, Foul Bay.
- Hammill, Chambers and Princess St.
- Hamilton, W. F., 1269 Denman Street.
- John's Grocery, Douglas St.
- James Bay Grocery, 300 Menzies St.
- Jones, E. B., 1800 Cook St.
- Johnson, W. R., 2059 Fort St.
- Kesler, E. J., 788 Bay St.
- Kear's Grocery, Lansdowne Rd.
- Kela, H., 2009 Fernwood Rd.
- Lake Hill Grocery, North Quadra.
- Lea's Grocery, Gladstone and Stanley.
- McKinnon, Alexander, 709 Pandora Ave.
- McGregor Grocery, 1109 King's Road.
- Maywood Grocery, Tolmie and Douglas.
- Mercer & Rogers, 1004 1/2 Russell St.
- Morris, Mrs., 1665 Fell St.
- McKenzie St. Grocery, 335 Cook St.
- Neilson, 1255 Esquimalt Rd.
- Nicholson, C., 1419 Esquimalt Road.
- Niagara Grocery, 501 Niagara Street.
- Norrman, George, 1056 Fort St.
- Newport Grocery, 2661 Saratoga Ave.
- Nichol's Grocery, Prior and Hillside.
- Novelty Store, The, 760 Fort St.
- Norman, Henry, 1446 Haultain Street.
- Oak Bay Grocery, 2292 Oak Bay Ave.
- Plummer, F. E., 1118 Quadra St.
- Pearson, Mount Tolmie.
- Phillips, Mrs. E., 435 Esquimalt Road.
- Poy, Lou, Fort St.
- Parker's Cash Grocery, Pandora Ave.
- Pimlott Grocery, Royal Oak.
- Pike, Foul Bay.
- Passmore, G. F., 2630 Richmond Road.
- Rock Curry Grocery, Cloverdale Rd.
- Rock Bay Confectionery, Redding Grocery, 810 Catherine Street.
- Richardson, E. M., 1763 Fort St.
- Ross Bay Grocery, Eberts St.
- Rines, L. D., Menzies and Simcoe Sts.
- Rines, L. D., 200 Blik, Cook St.
- Royal Cash Grocery, 1786 Fort Street.
- Richards Candy Co., Gov't and Yates Sts.
- Shelbourne Dairy, Shelbourne and Kings Rd.
- Stafford, A., 2434 Fernwood Rd.
- Sing & Co., Pandora and Quadra Sts.
- Superior Grocery, 408 Superior Street.
- Tindall, H., 3197 Quadra St.
- Thoburn Grocery, Head and Esquimalt Rd.
- Thompson, J. F., Vancouver and Fairfield Rd.
- Vimy Ridge, Foul Bay.
- Ward, John, 1728 Quadra St.
- Walker, H. W., 760 Esquimalt Rd.
- Western Supply, Esquimalt Rd.
- Watson, Thomas, 831 Esquimalt Rd.
- Wyles, H., 1606 Stanley Ave.
- Willows Park Grocery, Thistle and Willows.
- Western Grocery, 765 Fort St.
- Westendale, Yates and School.
- Windsor Grocery, Gov't St.
- Vick, Tom, Gov't St.

BARKER'S NEW-SYSTEM BREAD

(C. C. Mason, Proprietor)

OVENS AT 737 FORT ST. TELEPHONES 3665, 1634

As We Predicted, Bigger Crowds Than Ever Are Visiting Our STAMPEDE Shoe Sale

We knew that when it became generally known how great are the values we are giving, that we would have the utmost difficulty in waiting upon the crowds. On Tuesday morning this big sale enters upon a fresh week and we promise every shopper the best of service and values unsurpassed.

Come Early and Avoid the Crash! Every Shoe on Sale Every Shoe at a Sacrifice

<p>Ladies' High-Top Boots. Fine black kid boots, in a smart, fashionable last. Reg. \$6.50. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$4.45</p> <p>Ladies' "Red Cross" Boots. Fine black kid, with medium or low heels. Button or lacing styles. Reg. \$7.50. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$5.95</p> <p>Ladies' Pumps. A fine assortment of styles, principally with strap. Reg. \$5.00 and \$6.00 values. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$2.50</p> <p>Ladies' High-Top Boots. White Canvas and Reinskin Lacing Boots. Reg. \$5.00. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$3.95</p> <p>Ladies' White Pumps. Fine reinskin, in smart new lasts. Reg. \$3.00 to \$5.00. Stamped Shoe Sale, \$3.65 and..... \$2.25</p> <p>Ladies' Gunmetal Boots, 30 pairs only, High-Top Lacing Boots, with low heel. Sizes 2 1/2 to 7. Reg. \$6.50. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$4.65</p>	<p>OUTING SHOES For Men, Women and Children</p> <p>Men's White Tennis Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.50</p> <p>Men's White Tennis Oxford.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.40</p> <p>Women's White Tennis Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.35</p> <p>Women's White Tennis Oxford.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.25</p> <p>Women's White Tango Pump.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.25</p> <p>Women's White High-Top Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.65</p> <p>Women's White High-Top Bala.—Low heel. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.95</p> <p>Misses' White High-Top Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.50</p> <p>Misses' White Tennis Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.35</p> <p>Boys' White Tennis Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.35</p> <p>Child's White Tennis Bala.—Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$1.00</p> <p>Child's Black Holiday Oxford, 7 1/2</p>	<p>Ladies' "Walk-Over" Shoes. High-top styles, in superior qualities of black kid, leather Louis heels, lace or button. Reg. \$9.00 and \$10.00. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$7.45</p> <p>Men's Russet Calf Boots. Famous "Light Tread" Shoes, unlined; splendid for Summer wear. Reg. at old price, \$6.00. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$3.50</p> <p>Men's Patent or Tan Oxfords. Extra high grade and neat fitting. Reg. at \$7.00. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$3.50</p> <p>Boys' Gunmetal Boots. Button or lacing styles, in the high-grade "Classic" make. Sizes 11 to 2. Reg. \$4.50. Stamped Shoe Sale..... \$3.45</p> <p>Boys' Box Calf Boots. Blucher style, and made of specially good, well-seasoned leather. Stamped Sale Prices— Sizes 1 to 4 1/2..... \$3.45 Now..... \$3.95 Sizes 11 to 13 1/2..... \$2.95</p>
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THE BOOTERY
1111 Government St. (Next to Kirkham's)

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

DAVID SPENCER'S, LTD., 39th JULY SALE STARTS

100 DOZ COLORED BOMBER HANDKERCHIEFS
Large size, worth 10c each. To clear at, a
dozen 25¢
—Main Floor

TUESDAY NEXT, JULY THIRD

WOMEN'S ALSO KID GLOVES, A PAIR, \$1.00
A serviceable kid glove, in white and black; two-
domes, all sizes. Clear at, a pair 25¢
White Chambray Gloves—Two-dome, all sizes.
July Sale, a pair \$1.00

Balance of Women's Novelty Suits Will Be Cleared at Four Prices, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$29.75

Regular Values \$18.75 to \$67.50



The opportunity to save on a high-grade, serviceable Suit is fully demonstrated by this extraordinary offer. The entire balance of our high-grade Novelty Suits, also balance of Summer stock included. There are models in silk, gaberdines, light colored serges and novelty weaves. Some of the season's smartest styles. In buying at this sale you are not only sure of a first-class garment, but an extraordinary bargain. The windows on View Street will give you a splendid idea of the values represented.

Four Groups of Women's Novelty Coats

Will Find a Quick Sale at
\$5.90, \$14.90, \$18.90, \$37.50
Regular Values as High as \$75.00

One of the most interesting features of this offer is the fact that the majority of the Coats are all new styles and models which have reached us within the last six weeks. They were expressed to us as Late Season Models. Here, then, is a most exceptional opportunity, for we have included the entire assortment in the above prices.
Not one Coat worth less than \$10.00, and other values ranged as high as \$75.00:
—mostly in light shades of green, gold, rose and blues;
—novelty styles in short sports, three-quarter and seven-eighths lengths;
—various cloths and novelty weaves, also silks.
—Mantles, First Floor

End of Season Clearance of Silk and Cloth Dresses

Former Values \$10.00 to \$25.00 to Go at
\$5, \$10, \$15

A clearing away of many useful models, in good quality silks, crepe de Chine and plain and fancy cloths. Quite an assortment of styles, but in surplus sizes only. An offering that will appeal to those who need a Dress for service and reliability. The biggest dress values of the season.
—Mantles, First Floor

Clean-Up of Slightly Soiled Wash Skirts

Values \$2.50 to \$4.50 to Go at
\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.50

Skirts of white pique, Horrockses' cotton rep, honeycomb and other novelty weaves. A good assortment of sizes. These are all a little soiled through handling in the department. We clear them out at very low prices.
—Mantles, First Floor

Remarkable Offering in Crepe de Chine and Georgette Crepe Waists at \$3.90

Regular Values \$5.75 to \$12.50

This offering will be one of the greatest attractions of the July Sale, for it brings some of the daintiest models and some of the highest grade ones, too, here to sell at a remarkably low price—the quality of the materials is of the best, and beautiful, to say the least. The shades are flesh, maize, peach, Copenhagen, sky, tan, rose, navy, and white. A dozen or so styles, and all sizes 34 to 44.
100 \$1 Middy Blouses Great Bargains in Lin-
at **50c** gerie Waists **50c**
Absolutely the best dollar values in the trade, so you can just realize what an extraordinary bargain this is. You will have to shop early to get one, though. Made from heavy white drill, in plain white, also trimmed cardinal and navy.
A score or more different styles to choose from, and every model a good serviceable one. Fine grade voiles the chief material, in plain, embroidered and lace trimmed. Long and three-quarter sleeves. Regular \$1.25 grades. Great bargains at 50¢
—Waists, First Floor

July Offerings in Staple Goods

50c and 75c Voiles, Crepe Voiles and Marquissettes Clear at, Yard, **35c**
In some cases there are full pieces, in others just sufficient for a dress. All reasonable fabrics, and perfect weaves. Plain white, white with woven design, also a full range of florals; 39 and 42-inch wide.
50c Awning Stripes, a Yard **35c**
Clearing the balance of these fashionable fabrics, so suitable for middies and sports coats. 36 inches wide, in colors rose, sky, black and brown.
40 Dozen Extra Large Size Turkish Towels, Regular 40c, for 25c
Big thick Towels and a generous size. Better secure a stock of these—we cannot repeat at the price.
15c All-Linear Roller Toweling, a yard **11¢**
\$1.75 Feather Pillows, a pair **\$1.25**, 20 pairs only, size 17 x 26. Well filled in art tick.
50 Dozen Colored Turkish Towels, Regular \$1.50, Sale, \$1.00 Dozen
A rare bargain this, for its a medium size Towel and just the thing for the children to take to the beach. Better shop early for these.
50 Pairs Sheets, \$2.50 Grade for, Pair, \$2.00
Made from strong quality bleached sheeting; size 2 x 2 1/2, and 2 1/4 x 2 1/2. Cheaper than sheeting at this price.
\$3.00 Full Size Honeycomb Quilts **\$2.50**
White and Grey Blankets
A saving easily from 25 per cent to 35 per cent, for our sale prices compare favorably with present day mill prices.
White Blankets, a pair, \$3.75 **\$12.00**
Grey Blankets, a pair, \$3.25 **\$9.50**
\$2.00 Cotton Wool Comforters—Sizes 60 x 72 **\$1.50**
—Main Floor

High Grade Corsets, Values to \$8.00, Sell at \$4.95

Including La Camille Front Lace, also Bon Ton. Made from beautiful materials, such as broche, peking stripe and tricot mesh. Sizes 20 to 28.
Values to \$3.00 for **\$1.95**—Thomson's Glove Fitting and D. & A. models. One model has very low bust, with elastic insert in the bust and over thighs. Other models of heavier weight fancy broche. Sizes 19 to 27.
\$2.50 D. & A. and Thomson's Glove Fitting Corsets—A pair **\$1.00**
—Corset, First Floor

Entire Balance of TRIMMED MILLINERY

And Untrimmed Shapes to Go

This is in keeping with our regular policy—not to carry over goods from one season to another. Hence these Millinery bargains extraordinary.
Trimmed Hats Clear at \$2.50 and \$5.00
Untrimmed Shapes Clear at \$1.00 and \$2.00
Panama Hats Clear at \$1.50 and \$2.50
Outing Hats Clear at \$2.50
Children's Hats Clear at 25¢, 50¢ and \$1.00
—Millinery, Second Floor

Women's Cotton Hose, 7 Pairs for \$1.00

This is a special offering for opening day. A bargain you will do well to take full advantage of. A good strong quality in black and tan. July, a pair **15¢**
7 pairs for **\$1.00**
Women's Silk Boot Hose—Black and white, a pair **35¢**
3 pairs **\$1.00**
Women's Silk Boot Hose—Black, white and tan, a pair **50¢**
Children's Cotton Socks—In black, white, tan, pink, sky and colored tops, a pair **25¢**
—Hose, Main Floor

Women's Wool and Jersey Cloth Sweaters to Sell at \$9.75

These are values that can only be appreciated by seeing. They are beautiful grades, stylish models and in the wanted shades. The Wool Sweaters are in coat shape, square collar and sash, also two pockets. The shades are rose, purple, Paddy and canary; also rose and canary trimmed white. The Jersey Cloth Sweaters are in white trimmed purple and white with rose; also in plain pink.
Striped Silk Sweaters at \$17.50
Regular Values to \$25.00
Beautiful heavy grades, and very stylish models. In rich combination shades of Copenhagen with white, rose with white, and lavender with white. Large square collar, novelty pockets, and girdle in plain shade.
—Selling First Floor

July Suit Bargains for Men and Boys

Men's \$15.00 and \$16.50 Suits to Clear Opening Day at \$10.00
—This offering is made up of fine quality Suits but in surplus sizes. Conservative three-button models, also two-button soft roll effects. The materials are good, serviceable tweed mixtures, in greys, browns and fawns. All sizes represented, so there's a fine opportunity to get a good bargain. Shop early for first choice.
100 Suits for Boys—Regular Values to \$10.00, to Sell at \$6.95
Smart Norfolk and double-breasted models with bloomer pants. The best of tailoring and good quality linings. An assortment of surplus sizes, but all sizes represented. A splendid opportunity to save.

Boys' Cord Pants

English make; in sizes 3 to 7 yrs. July Sale, a pair **\$1.25**
Sizes 8 to 14 years, a pr., **\$1.50**
Boys' Wash Suits—Good variety of styles, materials and sizes. Values to \$2.50 to clear at, a suit **\$1.50**
Boys' Overalls and Overall Pants—All sizes. \$1.50 values. July Sale, a pair **\$1.25**
Boys' Overalls—In khaki, black and grey blue. Sizes 3 to 8 yrs. only. A pair **60¢**
Boys' Romper Suits—Sizes 2 to 6 years. Regular to \$1.00. July Sale, a suit **75¢**
—Men's and Boys' Clothing, First Floor

Men's Straw Hats

Values to \$1.50
Clear at **25c**
These are good, serviceable Hats, but slightly soiled. We have made a price that will clear them in quick time.

Men's Panama Hats Regular to \$5.00, to Clear at \$3.75



125 Shirt Waists for Boys 35c Each

—This price speaks for itself, and needless to say, you will have to shop early to get one. We reserve the right to limit two to a customer. Made in light fancy striped prints, finished with turndown collar; sizes 6 to 15 years.
65c Shirt Waists for 50¢—In light fancy stripes, finished with turndown loop collar, soft band cuffs, pocket and drawstring at waist. Sizes 6 to 15 years.
Men's 50c Underwear **35c**
A surplus lot of good, serviceable Underwear, including natural and white Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers. Sizes 34 to 42. Also Athletic Dimity Shirts and Drawers—coat shape, knee length, no sleeves. Broken sizes.
Men's \$1.50 Sweaters **\$1.00**
Medium weight, ribbed Sweater, coat shape, V-neck and two pockets. In colors blue, grey, cardinal and black. Size 38 chest only.
—Furnishings, Main Floor

Thousands of Pairs of High-Grade Footwear Marked at Extraordinary Price Savings



No scarcity of good Shoes at the Spencer Store, and what is perhaps most important to you, is the fact that they are here, for the July Sale, marked at prices that mean a saving of many dollars. Yes! on hundreds of pairs we can say—"a saving of DOLLARS on each pair." Read on and note the details.

Women's Oxfords and Pumps. Values to \$4.00, Clearing at a Pair \$1.95

—perhaps not the latest styles, but all dependable goods at less than you would pay for common house slippers. At this price you can buy these for wear in the garden or home—mostly small sizes, in Tan Calf and Glazed Kid Oxfords; also some Patent Oxfords with colored cloth tops. Extraordinary bargains at, a pair **\$1.95**

Serviceable Quality Boots Values to \$7.00—July Sale \$4.85

—including practically our stock of Queen Quality Patent Leather Boots, priced a year ago at \$6.00 and \$7.00 a pair and worth a great deal more today; also plain black kid, button and lace styles; White Canvas and Reinskin Boots—some novelty styles. A great chance for you to buy your everyday boots for the Fall at a saving of 30 to 50 per cent.

Women's Boots, Reg. \$5.00 Grades—July Sale, Pair \$3.95

—Patent Leather Button and Lace Boots, with high or low heel; Gunmetal Calf Boots for growing girls. All good, dependable qualities.

Small Sizes in Women's Boots—\$5.00 Values Clear at, a Pair \$2.45

—wonderful values in this assortment, only made possible by the fact that they represent small sizes—2 to 3 1/2. Smart, serviceable styles.

High-Grade Low Shoes and Pumps \$3.95

—All this season's styles and values worth \$5.00 and \$6.00 a pair; patent gunmetal and glazed kid.

Pumps and Oxfords. Values to \$5.00, to Go at, Pair \$2.95

—all leathers and all styles represented, also all sizes and widths—but not in each pattern.

High-Class Novelty Boots Values to \$12.50, July Sale \$6.75

—including some of our best sellers in Queen Quality and other famous American and Canadian makes; colored kid and two-tone novelties; white kid, grey, brown, chocolate, blue, black and white, and grey and black, white and tan, tan-calf, tan Sports Boots and many others.
—Shoes, First Floor

Great Bargains in Children's Colored Wash Dresses at 95c and \$1.75

Regular Values to \$3.50

A big selection of smart, serviceable Wash Dresses, grouped into two prices. There are Dresses in checks, stripes and fancy designs—mostly colored gingham—and a big variety of styles. Sizes 2 to 14 years.
Another Range of Children's White Middy Outing Dresses—Sizes 4 to 10 years. To sell at **\$1.45**
The Dress at 95c are in colored gingham—some with pique collars and cuffs. Also Middy styles. Sizes 2 to 12 years, and big value at 95¢
Several White Middy Suits of fine pique included at **\$1.75**
Children's White Middy Blouses, 95¢—Of heavy white drill, also with collars trimmed in color. Sizes 2 to 12 years.
—Selling First Floor

Women's Knit Underwear

Musing Combinations—Fine quality and light weight; ankle length; assorted sizes. Reg. \$1.25; July Sale **75¢**
Combinations—Essex Mill brand, Summer weight cotton. Very low neck; narrow straps on shoulders; tight knee. All sizes. Regular 75c for **50¢**
Watson's Combinations—Medium weight cotton; sizes 34 to 40. \$1.75 value **\$1.00**
Black Woven Drawers—Two styles. Regular 50c for **25¢**
—First Floor

Children's Knit Underwear

Musing Combinations—Medium weight cotton; sizes 4 to 16 years. Regular 75c. July Sale **50¢**
Zimmerkitt Combinations—Assorted sizes and styles; slightly soiled. Values to 50c. Clear at **35¢**
Summer Cotton Vests—In plain and ribbed cotton; small sizes only. Good bargains here. Regular 25c value for **10¢**
Cotton Woven Drawers—Slightly soiled; oddments. Reg. 25c. Clear at **10¢**
Black Drawers—Fine rib. Regular 35c to 50c. Clear at, pair **25¢**
—Selling First Floor

40-In. Dress Goods. Values to \$1.50, to Clear at, Yard 50c

A variety of good weaves, including Bedford Cords, Wool Voiles, Wool Crepes, Wool Plaids, Black and White Checks and other weaves. These are mainly the old dyes and the good old values—practically unobtainable by us now. Your choice from this assortment at, a yard **50¢**
—Dress Goods, Main Floor

Well-Bound Novels, Formerly Selling 65c to \$1.35, July Sale 3 for \$1.00

Angela's Business by Author of V.V.'s Eyes
Daphnia, by Lucas Mallet
A Great Success, by Mrs. Humphrey Ward
The Epic of Dixmude, by Charles Le Gendre
Vesty of the Basins, by E. P. Ureane
A Knight of the Camberlands by John Fox, Jr.
The Magnet, by Ethel Rowlands
The Princess Virginia, by C. M. and A. A. Williamson.
Mr. Bingley, by George Bar Mouchon
And Others
—Books, Main Floor

July Sale of Art Needlework

Stamped Beady Made Nightgowns—In fine white netting. Values to \$1.50 for **95¢**
Stamped Turkish Towels—2 1/2 size; some with colored borders. Values to 75c for **45¢**
Stamped Beady Made Children's Dresses—in tan, white or blue chambray; sizes two to five years; a few white muslin dresses. Clear at, a pair **25¢**
Slightly soiled, included in this lot.
—Art Needlework, First Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

JUBILEE OF THE CONFEDERATION



QUEEN VICTORIA



KING GEORGE V



FATHERS OF CONFEDERATION

W. A. Henry, N.S.
 E. Palmer, P.E.I.
 Col. H. Bernard, Sec.
 W. H. Steeves, N.B.
 C. Fisher, N.B.
 Col. J. H. Gray, P. E. I.
 E. Whelan, P.E.I.
 G. Coles, P.E.I.

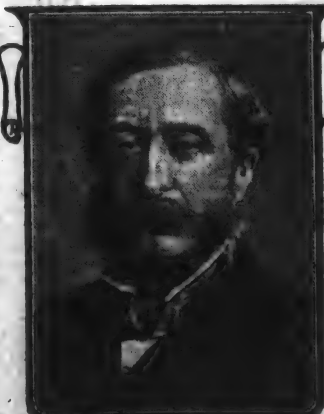
J. A. Shea, N'fd.
 F. B. I. Carter, N'fd.
 Sir A. Campbell
 J. C. Chapais
 E. B. Chandler, N.B.
 Sir S. L. Tilley, N.B.
 Hon. A. G. Archibald, N.S.
 Sir Hector Langevin

Sir John A. Macdonald

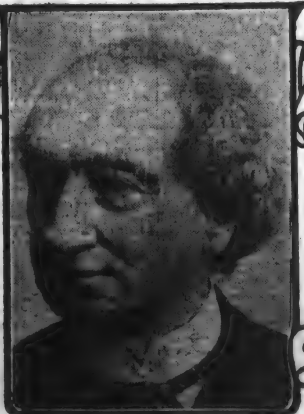
Sir A. T. Galt
 Peter Mitchell
 Hon. Oliver Mowat
 J. Cockburn
 R. B. Dickey
 Sir Chas. Tupper
 J. H. Gray, N.B.
 W. H. Pope, P.E.I.

Wm. McDougall
 A. A. McDonald, P.E.I.
 T. D'Arcy McGee
 J. McCully, N.S.
 J. M. Johnston, N.B.
 Sir Geo. E. Cartier
 Sir E. P. Tache
 Hon. Geo. Brown

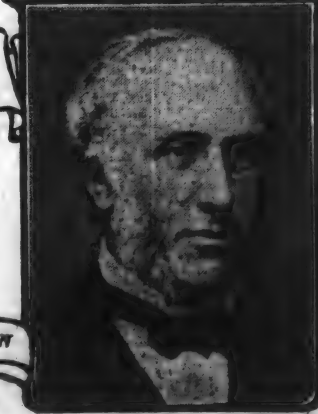
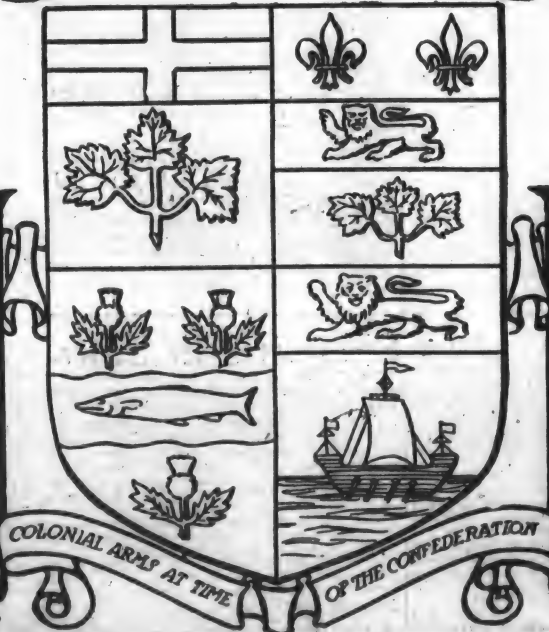
T. H. Haviland, P.E.I.



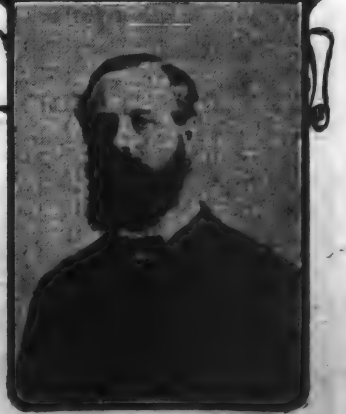
EARL OF CARNARVON



SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD

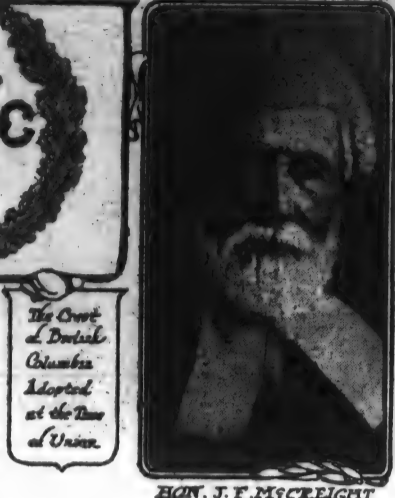


HON. GEORGE BROWN



LORD MONCK

1867—Canada Fifty Years a Dominion—1917



HON. J. F. MACLEIGHT
First Premier



HON. H. C. DELUSTER
Present Premier



Hon. A. T. Galt, Sherbrooke

ORIGINALLY, the idea of Confederation assumed a practical form with the Maritime Provinces, whose people wished connection with Canada, not because they loved Canada, but on account of their geographical isolation. The Intercolonial Railway, which was the sine qua non of the lower provinces entering Confederation, was the solution so far as they were concerned. There were of course many other considerations involved, but the railway was a condition precedent to all others.

The origin of Confederation is almost completely dimmed in the history of the many other great movements, it was long in the minds of many men. For one hundred and fifty years the vision of a united British North America fascinated thinkers and statesmen just as a vision has captivated the imagination of men who look for the greater union of the Empire.

Going back no farther than Lord Durham, we find in his celebrated report a very clear outline of a consolidation of the various parts of British North America as a solution of the many difficulties under which Canada was then laboring, on account of which Lord Durham was asked by the British Government to make a report. The outcome of his report, although it gave to Upper and Lower Canada responsible government, did not by any means illustrate the principles of Durham's scheme. The legislative union of 1841 tied together the two provinces in an unholy alliance. On account of racial and religious prejudices and on account of the principles of dual leadership and joint majorities adopted frequent change of government took place, no continuous policy of government was possible, and the situation ended in a complete deadlock.

As the system had broken down, the Hon. George Brown, through the solicitation of the Governor-General, Lord Monck, went to John A. Macdonald and made a proposal to join his Government, along with other prominent Reformers, on certain conditions looking for wider political union than then existed. When the union of 1841 was effected, Ontario with a less population had equal representation with Quebec, but in a very short course of time Ontario outstripped Quebec, which began an agitation for representation by population, which was Brown's great political hobby. This Quebec would not agree to, and the fight was very bitter on all sides. George Brown's original idea to overcome the difficulties of the situation was to acquire the Middle West, build a railway into it, open and populate it, so as to increase representation in Parliament. A conference was held in the St. Louis Hotel in Quebec City, at which, among others, were John A. Macdonald, George Brown and A. T. Galt. After Brown was convinced of the impossibility of carrying such a measure, it was agreed that there should be, if possible, a union of all the provinces and colonies of British North America.

Just at this particular time the Maritime Provinces had announced a conference at Charlottetown for the purpose of accomplishing a Maritime Union, and this fact was seized upon as psychological for the accomplishment of the proposed Confederation. It was arranged that Canadian delegates should participate, and they were welcomed with open arms. The conference of delegates at Charlottetown resulted in an adjournment to Quebec, where, after due deliberation, 72 resolutions, which formed the basis of the Confederation of 1867, and providing for the entry of other provinces when they wished to come in, or when formed by new territories, were passed. These resolutions were referred to the various Legislatures, and adopted by all but Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland. In the Parliament of Canada in 1865 these resolutions were adopted in bloc after long and interesting debates, and an address was forwarded to the Imperial Government asking for legislation confirming them. The Act passed in consequence is known as the British North America Act, a written constitution defining the division and nature of federal and provincial jurisdictions.

Confederation was not accomplished, however, without very serious opposition in all the provinces, especially in the Maritime Provinces. Great and unexpected opposition developed on the part of Joseph Howe, the leader of the Nova Scotia Liberal party, and who, as described by the late Sir Charles Tupper, held the people of that province in the hollow of his hand. His example had immense influence in the Maritime Provinces, and to a very considerable extent in the other provinces as well. The leaders of Confederation in the actual fight after the conference of Quebec were Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Leonard Tilley in Nova Scotia and new Brunswick, respectively, and it is due to their efforts that these provinces were brought in, and to Sir Charles Tupper undoubtedly belongs the credit for the initiative steps that led to Confederation in a practical form.

Like many other great movements, it was long in the minds of many men. For one hundred and fifty years the vision of a united British North America fascinated thinkers and statesmen just as a vision has captivated the imagination of men who look for the greater union of the Empire.

The Government of Canada next turned its attention to the acquisition and organization of the Middle West. After the purchase of the Hudson's Bay Company's rights in Prince Rupert's Land, the province of Manitoba was created, a serious incident of which was the first Riel rebellion. The rest of the land was organized as the Northwest Territories, out of which eventually was carved the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan in 1905. As in the case of Manitoba, these provinces did not receive the mineral and other constituents, but were given a special allowance in the way of increased subsidy as compensation for the withdrawal of British Columbia's entry closely followed that of Manitoba. The agitation was carried on by Confederationists in the province from 1866 to 1870. The principal opposition came from Vancouver Island, and especially from the official element. Largely through the efforts of Governor Anthony Musgrave, the opponents were reconciled to the principle, but what had most to do with it was the prospect of direct communication with the coast and the R. C. P. R. to be commenced within two years and completed within ten years was the main stipulation; but political conditions in eastern Canada were very much involved in the party bitterness of the time, and British Columbia and the C. P. R. became a supreme issue, with the result that there were long and vexatious delays in completing the Terms of Union, which were modified in 1884, leading to peace and increased development.

Prince Edward Island did not come into Confederation until 1873. The opposition strongly developed at the outset gradually faded away after 1867, and the people seeing the good results in other provinces gladly entered the Federal fold in the end. In Newfoundland, the representatives of the ancient colony were unable to get the endorsement of the scheme by the people. For one reason, they did not like to give up their autonomy, and, for another, the business men of St. John's, the capital, were afraid of their business being absorbed by Halifax and St. John's. In fact, there has not been up until just recently any general desire to unite with Canada. Now, however, the tide of public opinion, owing partly to financial reasons and partly to sentiment created by the war, there is a population and strength, England will more see the advantage of maintaining the alliance between British North America and herself. Does anyone imagine that, when our population instead of three and a half, will be seven millions as it will be many years pass, we would be one whit more willing than now to sever the connection with England? Would not those seven millions be just as anxious to maintain their allegiance to the Queen and their connection with the Mother Country, as we are? Will the addition to our numbers of the people of the Lower Provinces, in any way lessen our desire to continue our connection with the Mother Country? I believe the people of Canada East and West to be truly loyal. But if they can by possibility be exceeded in loyalty, it is by the inhabitants of the Maritime Provinces.

Labor Organizations
In 1867 there were a few isolated trade unions. In 1917 there were in Canada 1,800 local unions, 47 trades and labor councils, and two nationwide confederations of labor bodies.

Education
Compared with the period of Confederation, the number of schools in Canada has increased from about 80,000 to over 26,000, the number of teachers from some 11,000 to over 30,000, the number of pupils from 664,000 to 1,327,000, and the expenditure on education from about \$2,500,000 to approximately \$60,000,000. Colleges and Universities have grown apace, have strengthened and broadened their scope in the older Provinces, and in the newer Provinces have laid firm foundations for the increasing needs of the future.

1871—British Columbia—1917



Hon. J. F. Macleight
First Premier



HON. H. C. DELUSTER
Present Premier

The following extracts have been taken from the speeches made during the debates in the Parliament of Canada on the question of the Confederation of British North America, at the session of 1865, two years prior to the final consummation of the great union which linked up the Provinces in one Dominion, reaching from Atlantic to Pacific.

The entire report of that historic session covers more than 1,400 pages, and therefore great care has been taken, in making these brief extracts, to reprint those which throw the most comprehensive light on the development of the great scheme as its various aspects took form in the minds of the "Fathers of Confederation."

February 3, 1865.
"Much has been said of the war of races, but that war was extinguished on the day the British Government granted Canada Responsible Government, by which all its inhabitants, without distinction of race or creed, were placed on a footing of equality. The war of races found its grave in the resolutions of September 3, 1841, and I hope never to hear of it again. We are so situated that there must needs be mutual forbearance. This life is one of compromise. Only is forbearance needed in public life, but in domestic life, if one member in a family insists upon having all his own way, there will be trouble, and so through all possible relations of humanity. I believe the French-Canadians will do all in their power to render justice to their fellow subjects of British origin, and it should not be forgotten that if the former are in a majority in Lower Canada, the English will be in a majority in the general Government and that no act of real injustice could take place, even if there were a disposition to perpetrate it, without it being reversed there." I have now given to the House the motives which has led me to take the responsibility

of getting rid of the colonies, but I believe such is not the feeling of the statesmen and the people of England. I believe it will never be the deliberately expressed determination of the Government of Great Britain. The colonies are now in a transition state. Gradually a different colonial system is being developed, and it will become, year by year, less a case of dependence on our part and of overruling protection on the part of the Mother Country, and more a case of healthy and cordial alliance. Instead of looking upon us as a merely dependent colony, England will have in us a friendly nation—a subordinate, but still a powerful people—to stand by her in North America in peace or war. The people of Australia will be such another subordinate nation.

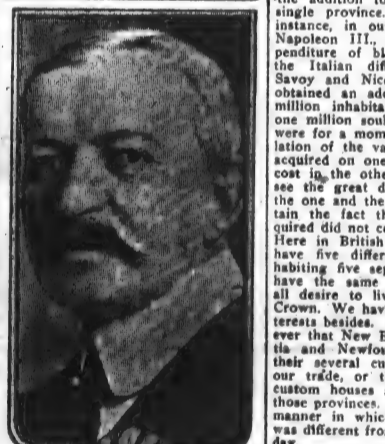
And England will have this advantage, if her colonies progress under the new colonial system, as I believe they will, that, though at war with all the rest of the world, she will be able to look to the subordinate nations in close alliance with her, and owning allegiance to the same sovereign, who will assist in enabling



HON. J. A. MACDONALD, KINGSTON

of introducing this important measure, and I trusted they would be viewed as sufficient. When the proper time for the discussion of the details comes, I will be prepared to give such explanations as may seem requisite."

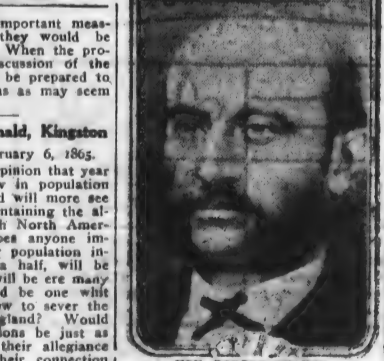
February 6, 1865.
"I am strongly of opinion that year by year, as there is a population and strength, England will more see the advantage of maintaining the alliance between British North America and herself. Does anyone imagine that, when our population instead of three and a half, will be seven millions as it will be many years pass, we would be one whit more willing than now to sever the connection with England? Would not those seven millions be just as anxious to maintain their allegiance to the Queen and their connection with the Mother Country, as we are? Will the addition to our numbers of the people of the Lower Provinces, in any way lessen our desire to continue our connection with the Mother Country? I believe the people of Canada East and West to be truly loyal. But if they can by possibility be exceeded in loyalty, it is by the inhabitants of the Maritime Provinces."



HON. G. W. ALLAN, YORK

February 9, 1865.
"In this Confederation scheme I believe that a golden opportunity was offered to us of remedying the evils under which we are now suffering, and of opening up a new and prosperous career for this country, if we would avail ourselves of it. I believe that it might be said of nations as of individuals: 'There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune; Omitted, all the voyage of their life is spent in shallow and miseries. On such a full sea are we now afloat, and we must take the current as it flows, Or lose our venture.'"

"We would urge upon the House, not so allow the opportunity to pass—even should it be at the sacrifice of individual opinions—of forming a strong, powerful and prosperous Confederation, and thus ensure for ourselves, and our children's children, a national existence as British North America, which may endure for many ages to come."

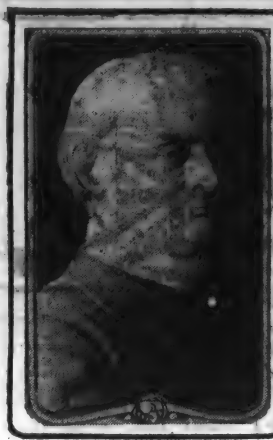


HON. G. A. CARTIER, MONTREAL EAST

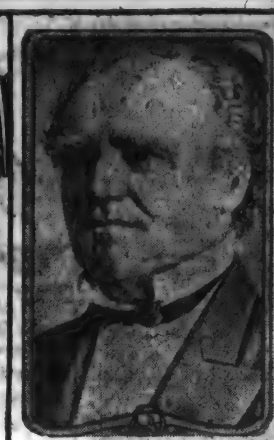
February 7, 1865.
"We find ourselves at the present day discussing the question of the Federation of the British North American Provinces, while the great Federation of the United States of America was broken up and divided against itself. There is, however, this important difference to be observed considering the action of the two peoples. They had founded federation for the purpose of carrying out and perpetuating democracy on this continent; but we, who had the benefit of being able to contemplate republican institutions during a period of eighty years, saw its defects, and felt convinced that purely democratic institutions could not be conducive to the peace and prosperity of nations. We are not now discussing the great problem presented to our consideration in order to propagate democratic principles. Our attempt is for the purpose of forming a federation with a view of perpetuating the monarchical element. The distinction, therefore, between ourselves and our neighbors is just this: In our federation the monarchical principle would form the leading feature, while on the other side of the line, judging by the past history and present condition of the country, the ruling power was the rule of the mob, the rule of the populace. Every person who had converse with the most intelligent United States statesmen and writers must have learned that they all admitted that the governmental powers had become too extended, owing to the introduction of universal suffrage, and mob rule had consequently supplanted legitimate authority; and we saw the sad spectacle of a country torn by civil war, and brethren fighting against brethren. The question for us to ask ourselves is this: Shall we be content to remain separate—that we be agents to maintain a mere provincial existence, when, by combining together, we could become a great nation? It had never yet been the good fortune of any group of communities to secure national greatness with such facility. In past ages warriors had struggled for years for the addition to their country of a single province. We had, too, for instance, in our days, the case of Napoleon III., who after great expenditure of blood and treasure in the Italian difficulty, had acquired Savoy and Nice, by which he had obtained an addition of nearly one million inhabitants to France—only one million souls, and if any person were for a moment to make a calculation of the value of the province acquired on one side, and the great cost in the other, he would at once see the great disproportion between the one and the other, and so ascertain the fact that the territory acquired did not compensate the outlay. Here in British North America, we have five different communities inhabiting five separate colonies. We have the same sympathies, and we all desire to live under the British Crown. We have our commercial interests beside. It is no use what ever that New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland should have their several custom houses against our trade, or that we should have custom houses against the trade of those provinces. In ancient times, the manner in which a witor grew was different from that of the present day."

"Then, the first weak settlement increased into a village, which, by turns, became a town and a city, and the nucleus of a nation. It is not so in modern times. Nations are now formed by the agglomeration of communities having kindred interests and sympathies. Such is our case at the present moment. Objection has been taken to the scheme now under consideration because of the words 'new nationality.' Now, when we are united together, if union is attained, we will form a political nationality with which, neither the national origin, nor the religion of any individual, would interfere. It is lamented by some that we have this diversity of races, and hopes are expressed that this distinctive feature will cease. The idea of unity of races is utopian—it is impossible. Distinctions of this kind will always exist. Dissimilarity, in fact, appears to be the order of the physical world, and of the moral world, as well as of the political world. But with regard to the objection based on this fact, to the effect that a great nation could not be formed because Lower Canada was in great part French and Catholic, and Upper Canada was British and Protestant, and the Lower Provinces were mixed, it was futile and worthless in the extreme. Look, for instance, at the United Kingdom, inhabited as it is by three great races. Has the diversity of races impeded the glory, the progress, the wealth of England? Have they not rather each contributed their share to the greatness of the Empire? Of the glories of the Senate, the field and the ocean; of the successes of trade and commerce, how much is contributed by the combined talents, energy and courage of the three races together? Is our own Federation to be less successful? We should have Catholic and Protestant, English, French, Irish and Scotch, and each by his efforts and success would increase the prosperity

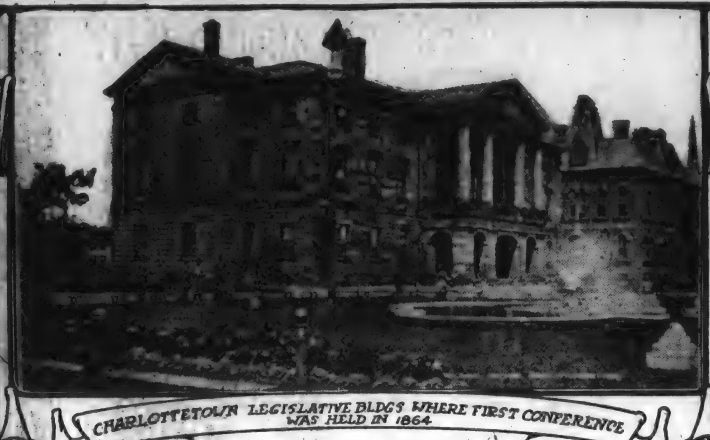
1867-Canada Fifty Years a Dominion-1917



SIR LEONARD TILLEY (N.S.)



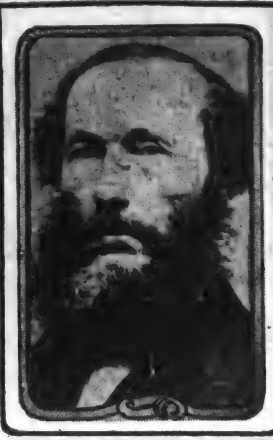
HON. JOSEPH HOWE (N.S.)



CHARLOTTETOWN LEGISLATIVE BLDG. WHERE FIRST CONFERENCE WAS HELD IN 1864



SIR CHARLES TUPPER (N.S.)



HON. JOHN HAMILTON GRAY (P.E.I.)

the creation of our own intellect and of our own free, unbiased and untrammelled will.

"I should like to see our best men go there, and endeavor to have this measure carried through the Imperial Parliament—going into Her Majesty's presence, and by their manner, if not actually by their speech, saying 'During Your Majesty's reign we have had Responsible Government conceded to us; we have administered it for nearly a quarter of a century, during which we have under it doubled our population and more than quadrupled our trade. The small colonies which your ancestors could scarcely see on the map have grown into great communities. A great danger has arisen in our near neighborhood. Over our homes a cloud hangs, dark and heavy. We do not know when it may burst. With our own strength we are not able to combat against the storm, what we can do, we will do cheerfully and loyally.

"But we want time to grow—we want more people to fill our country, more industrious families of men to develop our resources—we want to increase our prosperity—we want more extended trade and commerce—we want more land tilled—more men established through their wastes and wildernesses. We of the British North American Provinces want to be joined together, that if danger comes, we can support each other in the day of trial. We come to Your Majesty, who has given us liberty, to give us unity, that we may preserve and perpetuate our freedom; and whatsoever charter, in the wisdom of Your Majesty and of your Parliament, you give us, we shall loyally obey and fulfil it as long as it is the pleasure of Your Majesty and your successors to maintain the connection between Great Britain and these colonies."

Hon. George Brown, South Oxford

"Here sit the representatives of the British population, claiming justice—only justice; and here sit the representatives of the French population, discussing in the French tongue where there we shall have it. One hundred years have passed away since the conquest of Quebec, but here sit the children of the victor and the vanquished, all avowing their attachment to the British Crown—all earnestly deliberating how we shall best extend the blessings of British institutions—how a great people may be established on this continent in close and hearty connection with Great Britain. Where, sir, in the page of history, shall we find a parallel to this? Will it not stand as an imperishable monument to the generosity of British rule? And it is not in Canada alone that this scene is being witnessed. Four other colonies are at this moment occupied as we are—declaring their hearty love for the parent state, and deliberating with us how they may best discharge the great duty entrusted to their hands, and give their aid in developing the teeming resources of these vast possessions. And well, Mr. Speaker, may the work we have unitedly proposed to do, be done with the energy of every true man in British America. Look, sir, at the map of the continent of America, and mark that island (Newfoundland) commanding the mouth of the noble river that the Atlantic cuts our continent in twain. Well, sir, that island is equal in extent to the kingdom of Portugal. Cross the Straits to the mainland, and you touch the hospitable shores of Nova Scotia, a country as large as the kingdom of Greece. Then mark the sister province of New Brunswick—equal in extent to Denmark and Switzerland combined. Pass up the River St. Lawrence to Lower Canada, a country as large as France. Pass on to Upper Canada—twenty thousand square miles larger than Great Britain and Ireland put together. Cross over the continent to the shores of the Pacific, and you are in British Columbia, the land of golden promise—equal in extent to the Austrian Empire. I speak not now of the vast Indian Territories that lie between—greater in extent than the whole soil of Russia—and that will ere long, I trust, be opened up to civilization under the auspices of the British American Confederation.

"Well, sir, the bold scheme in your hands is nothing less than to gather all these countries into one—to organize them all under one Government, with the protection of the British flag, and in hearty sympathy and affection with our fellow subjects in the land that gave us birth. Our scheme is to establish a government that will seek to turn the tide of European emigration into this northern half of the American continent—that will strive to develop its great natural resources—and that will endeavor to maintain liberty, and justice, and Christianity throughout the land.

"And not only must the scheme proposed in amendment be a better

scheme—it must be something that can be carried. I see an honorable friend now before me, for whose opinions I have the very highest respect, who says to me, 'Mr. Brown you should not have settled this part of the plan as you have done; here is the way you should have framed it.' Well, my dear Sir, is my reply, 'I perfectly agree with you, but it could not be done. Whether we ask for Parliamentary reform for Canada alone or in union with the Maritime Provinces, the French Canadians must have their views consulted as well as us. This scheme can be carried, and no scheme can be that has not the support of both sections of the province!'

Hon. Mr. Cartier—"Hear, hear; there is the question."

Hon. Mr. Brown—"Yes, that is the question, and the whole question. No constitution ever framed was without defect; no act of human wisdom was ever free from imperfection; no amount of talent and wisdom and integrity combined in preparing such a scheme could have placed it beyond the reach of criticism. And the framers of this scheme had immense special difficulties to overcome.

"We had the prejudices of race and language and religion to deal with; and we had to conquer all the rivalries of trade and commerce, and all the jealousies of diversified local interests. To assist then our scheme is without fault would be folly. It was necessarily the work of concession; not one of the thirty-three framers but had, on some points, to yield his opinions; and I myself, I freely admit that I struggled earnestly, for days together, to have portions of the scheme amended. But, Mr. Speaker, admitting all this—admitting all the difficulties that have beset us—admitting frankly that defects in the measure exist—I say that, taking the scheme as a whole, it has my cordial, enthusiastic support, without hesitation or reservation. I believe it will accomplish all, and more than all, that we, who have so long fought the battle of parliamentary reform, very hopeful to see accomplished. I believe that, while granting security for local interests, it will give free scope for carrying out the will of the whole people in general matters—that it will draw closer the bonds that unite us to Great Britain—and that it will lay the foundations deep and strong of a powerful and prosperous people.

"In Lord Durham's admirable report of 1839, in this matter, the bill should contain provisions by which any or all of the other North American colonies may, on the application of the Legislature, be with the consent of the two Canadas, or with the consent of the British Parliament to the union of such terms as may be agreed on between them. As the mere amalgamation of the Houses of Assembly of the two provinces would not be advisable, or give at all a due representation to each, a parliamentary commission should be appointed for the purpose of forming the electoral divisions and determining the number of members to be returned on the principle of giving representation as near as may be, in proportion to population. The same commission should form a plan of local government by elective bodies, subordinate to the General Legislature, and exercising a complete control over such local affairs as do not come within the province of general legislation.

"The plan so framed should be made an act of the Imperial Parliament, so as to prevent the general Legislature from encroaching on the powers of the local bodies. A general executive should be established, together with a supreme court of appeal for all the North American Colonies."

"Let the honorable gentlemen look at the question in this view—and what one of them will take the responsibility of casting his vote against the measure? Sir, the future destiny of these great provinces may be affected by the decision we are about to give to an extent which at this moment we may be unable to estimate—but assuredly, the welfare for many years of four millions of people hangs on our decision. Shall we then rise equal to the occasion? Shall we approach this discussion without partisanship, and free from every personal feeling, but with the earnest resolution to discharge conscientiously the duty which an overruling Providence has placed upon us? Sir, it may be that some among us will live to see the day when, as the result of this measure, a great and powerful people may have grown up in these lands—when the boundless forests all around us shall have given way to smiling fields and thriving towns, and when one united Government, under the British flag, shall extend from shore to shore; but who would desire to see that day if he could not recall with satisfaction the part he took in this discussion? Mr. Speaker, I have done. I leave the subject to the conscientious judgment of the House, in the confident ex-

Hon. D. Macpherson, Saugeen

February 10, 1865.

"Let me just say that we cannot remain any longer as we are; we have to advance in some direction, and I believe we are going in the right direction when we proceed towards Confederation. I am very much disposed to agree with the honorable and gallant Premier, that we are on the top of an inclined plane, and that if we do not adopt Confederation, we shall very likely find ourselves descending it against our wish, and plunged into a maelstrom of debt, democracy and demagogism."

Hon. W. McCrea, Kent

"Today, the balance of advantage may be against us; tomorrow it may be in our favor. Who can say, when the railway shall be established and when by the union we shall have incited new enterprises and energies, and developed the whole resources of the eastern provinces, with whom the financial balances may rest? I cannot close my remarks better than by saying, that had a union of all these provinces existed, in fact, it has existed in the minds of statesmen since the commencement of the present century, the man who, in the face of our present critical position, with civil war raging in our vicinity, and even national war threatening ourselves, should now propose to dissolve that union and scatter us again into disjointed fragments, would be

Sir N. F. Bellau, Quebec

February 14, 1865.

"The honorable member (Hon. Mr. Oliver) has abjured us not to wound the susceptible feelings of our neighbors—not to give umbrage to their sensitiveness—by entering into a confederation which might give them a pretext for carrying out the Monroe Doctrine. This, I think, the most paltry reason that could be alleged in discussing the most important question of legislation which has ever arisen on this continent, so far as the fate of Canada is concerned. I think that the measure is in every respect suitable and advantageous to Canada. Any attempt to obstruct it by such considerations is a proof of pusillanimity, and I almost feel ashamed to hear the expression of them from the lips of a French Canadian."

Hon. Jas. Ferrier, Montreal

February 15, 1865.

"I have seen republican governments in Europe, and of course I have seen the great Republic here on this continent. I have seen people, too, living under the government of the Church. But I have seen no people like those living under the government of Great Britain, or enjoying such perfect freedom, and such complete protection for life and property, as those living under the flag of Old England. And had I my choice to make today, after an ex-

perience of forty-four years, I should still choose Canada as my home. I feel that at my age I have not long to live; but, during the time that I shall be spared on earth, I would be willing to devote all my energies to the carrying out of this scheme—and I do pray that it may succeed—because it is laying anew the foundations of one of the most important of the dependencies of the British Empire. I trust I shall not live to see it in any other condition than as a dependency of the British Empire."

Hon. Jas. Skead, Rideau

February 16, 1865.

"I have only this to say in conclusion, that when these scattered provinces are united together, as is now proposed, and when the bond of that Imperial Seal of Great Britain—with the blessing and favor of an all-ruling Providence—I, for one, have no fear of the result."

Hon. Thos. Ryan, Victoria

February 20, 1865.

We should, at all events, be prepared to meet such a contingency, prepared to repel attack, prepared to defend our homes and the free constitution under which we live. I will conclude by saying that if the citizens of Montreal have been accused in former times of energy in a wrong direction, they are prepared now, and I speak it advisedly, to use that energy for the defence of the province. For the people of the nationality to which I belong, I will further say they have come to this country to

and a home and they have found one, where they are not oppressed by any wrongs, where there is no invidious distinction between races and creeds. They appreciate the blessing and value of the institutions under which they live, they are ready to defend them, and they look on the Union of the British North American Provinces as the surest means of preserving and perpetuating them."

Hon. Solicitor-General Langevin

February 21, 1865.

"The measure is so vast in its bearings, the interests affected by it are so considerable, that no one can be surprised at my diffidence and hesitation. This question of Confederation is bound up with the common interests of empires and the general policies of nations, for it is no unimportant matter for the great nations who rear away among nations, to know in what hands the provinces of British North America may fall. We need only look back into the pages of history to learn how greatly nations are moved by the creation of a new people; and on the present occasion, the thousand voices of the press proclaim the interest which the question of Confederation excited both in America and in Europe itself, and how closely the Governments observe our proceedings, and this interest which they feel and proclaim is legitimate and natural, for the measure is destined to make us rank among the nations of the earth.

"The Confederation would have the effect of giving us more strength than we now possess; we should form but one nation, one country, for all general matters affecting our interests as a people. But when I speak of a great and powerful nation, far be it from me to wish that we should form an independent nation, and that we should abandon the protection of the British flag; on the contrary, I earnestly hope that we shall long remain under the protection of that flag. What I wish is that with Confederation we should be in a better position for self-defence, and to aid the Mother Country under certain exigencies than we are at the present time. Having Confederation, the Central Government will be in a position to have its arms and its feet over its whole territory; and when the question of defence comes up, it will not be obliged to consult four or five different Legislatures, but it will be able to organize our defences in a united and without obstruction. Besides, we shall have acquired a standing which we have not hitherto attained in our relations with other countries with which we have dealings. It is of no small importance for the inhabitants of a country to have a standing in foreign countries, and not to be treated as men of inferior position."

Hon. John Ross, Montreal Centre

February 22, 1865.

"But, sir, though I have said that I was disposed to look upon this question—the danger of Federation rendering us independent of England, quite apart from the considerations that spring out of sentiments of loyalty, yet I believe that those attachments will be increased tenfold by their proposed Union. We will have a sentiment of nationality among ourselves; and I consider it to be one of the first duties of a statesman to incite that national feeling that gives the people a strong interest in their country's welfare. We will feel that we have something here, in the way of constitutional blessings due to our union with England, and that we have stable material interests which we can transmit to our posterity. We shall feel very differently from what we now do as colonists, apart and alienated from each other, and in some respects jealous of one another. With a stable government and a strong central power controlling an immense territory, we shall be able to enter upon a well considered, well devised and attractive system of immigration.

"Let me say then once more that I can perceive no one element of danger to us in this Union. I consider I did try, during the many months in which the process of incubation of Federation, if I may so speak, was going on—I certainly did try to bring as unprejudiced and dispassionate a consideration to its various phases as I possibly could. I looked upon it, I confess, with suspicion at the outset; I felt it was launching us into an unknown future, and that we were changing a system that we had got along with comparatively a satisfactory manner for one that was, in some of its aspects, new under the British Constitution. I say now, however, after giving it the fullest consideration I am capable of giving, that I do not see, in any one respect, how the cementing of these colonies together in the bonds of government can tend to make us independent of Great Britain. If I did, I should feel it my duty to offer it a most uncompromising opposition, and to endeavor

to defeat it by every means in my power.

"But, sir, I do see a great danger the other way. I see that if we remain a mere congeries of isolated colonies, hostile in some degree to each other's interests, there is danger ahead. I see that danger existing and threatening us in the United States. I see that if we do not unite and form one central government, giving it the power to direct all the physical energies of this country in whatever direction may be necessary, that we are liable to be over-run by that power. And this I conceive to be one of the very strongest arguments in favor of the Confederation of the Provinces, that it enables us to prepare appropriate defences along the whole frontier of our country.

"We cannot be left as we are. I should be content, Mr. Speaker, were I to live for twenty-five years after the union now contemplated is consummated, I should be content to know that the British flag will float in bringing it about, if the prosperity of the country during the next twenty-five years under it were only as great as during the twenty-five years that have passed."

Mr. A. Mackenzie, Lampton

February 23, 1865.

"Altogether, I regard the scheme as a magnificent one, and I look forward to the future with anticipations of seeing a country and a government possessing great power and respectability, and of being, before I die, a citizen of an immense empire built up on our part of the North American continent, where the folds of the British flag will float in triumph over a people possessing freedom, happiness and prosperity equal to the people of any other nation on the earth. If there is anything that I have always felt anxious about in this country it is to have the British possessions put in such a position that we could safely repose, without fear of danger from any quarter, under the banner which we believe after all covers the greatest amount of personal freedom and the greatest amount of personal happiness that is to be found in the world. And when we look to the vast territory we have in the North-West; when we know that the great rivers which flow through that territory, flow through immense beds of coal, and that the whole country is rich in mineral deposits of all kinds—petroleum, copper, gold and iron; that the land is teeming with resources of wealth calculated to build up an extensive and valuable commerce, and support a powerful nation; that all this we can reach them and allow the settler to enter; when we remember this, I say, I think we can look forward with hope to the privilege of increase in our population and an immense development of strength and power.

Mr. A. Morris, South Lanark

February 23, 1865.

"I am not a prophet, nor the son of a prophet, but I am willing to place my prediction against that of the honorable gentleman who says it will be a delusion. A fear has been expressed that the Confederation will lead to the severance of those ties which bind us to the Mother Country. But I believe it will be our own fault if the ties between us are broken. With entire freedom and the right of self-government in the fullest sense of the word, together with the great advantage of an improved position, and the strength of Great Britain to foster and protect us, why should we seek to change our connection, what object could we have to induce us to form other ties?

"And, Sir, I am satisfied one of the great advantages of this union will be found in this: that we will be raised above our sectionalisms, and come to feel and to act as the citizens of a great country, with distinct commitments to us such as may well excite the energies of a great people. But I desire to point out another practical advantage which, I think, is of no mean or slight moment; and it



BY THE QUEEN. A PROCLAMATION For Uniting the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick into One Dominion under the Name of CANADA.

VICTORIA B.
WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed on the Twenty-ninth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, in the Thirtieth Year of Our Reign, intituled "An Act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, and the Government thereof, and for Purposes connected therewith," after Divers Recitals; it is enacted, that "it shall be lawful for the Queen, by and with the Advice of Her Majesty's most Honorable Privy Council, to declare by Proclamation that on and after a Day therein appointed, not being more than Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick shall form and be One Dominion under the Name of Canada, and on and after that Day those Three Provinces shall form and be One Dominion under that Name accordingly;" And it is thereby further enacted, that "such Persons shall be first summoned to the Senate as 'the Queen, by Warrant under Her Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, thinks fit to approve, and their Names shall be inserted in the Queen's Proclamation of Union;" We therefore, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do Ordain, Declare, and Command, that on and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick shall form and be One Dominion under the Name of Canada. And We do further Ordain and Declare, that the Persons whose Names are herein inserted and set forth are the Persons of whom We have, by Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, thought fit to approve as the Persons who shall be first summoned to the Senate of Canada.

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|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| FOR THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. | FOR THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. | FOR THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA. | FOR THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK. |
| JOHN HAMILTON GRAY. | JAMES LESLIE. | EDWARD KENNY. | AMOS EDWIN BOUTFORD. |
| ROBERT HATHORN. | ASA BELMONT POSTER. | JONATHAN MCULLY. | EDWARD BARRON CHANDLER. |
| JOHN COOK. | JOSEPH MOUL BOND. | THOMAS B. ARCHIBALD. | JOHN ROBERTSON. |
| SAMUEL HILL. | LOUIS A. OLIVIER. | ROBERT B. DICKET. | ROBERT LEONARD BAZEN. |
| BENJAMIN SYMOND. | JACQUES GUYVER DUBEAU. | JOHN W. ANDERSON. | WILLIAM HUNTER ODELL. |
| WALTER HAMILTON DOUGLASS. | CHARLES HALLIWEY. | JOHN COCKER. | DAVID WARK. |
| JAMES GRAY. | LOUIS KEARNS. | JOHN W. KITCHEN. | WILLIAM HENRY STEVENS. |
| ADAM JOHNSTON FERGUSON BLAIR. | MICHAEL LEBLANC DE ST. JUST. | ROBERT WILSON. | WILLIAM TOOD. |
| ALEXANDER CAMPBELL. | CLAUDE JOSEPH THIBERT. | JOHN LUTKE. | JOHN PEARSON. |
| DAVID CHRISTIE. | JOHN HAMILTON. | CALEB B. HILL. | ROBERT DUNCAN WILSON. |
| JAMES COX ATKINS. | CHARLES CHAMBERLAIN. | JOHN BOURQUE. | AMER DESS MCLELLAN. |
| DAVID BARNES. | ANTHONY JUCHEREAU BUCHANAN. | WILLIAM HILLIER. | PETER BUTWELL. |
| HELIAM LEONARD. | DAVID EDWARD PIRIE. | | |
| WILLIAM MACRAE. | EDWARD J. BUCHANAN. | | |
| ASA ALLWORTH MURRAY. | EMANUEL DUBOIS. | | |
| JOHN HENSON. | LOUIS-LACOUTE. | | |
| JOHN SKEAD. | JOSEPH F. ARNAUD. | | |
| DAVID LEWIS MACPHERSON. | CHARLES WILSON. | | |
| GEORGE CRAWFORD. | WILLIAM HENRY CHAFFERS. | | |
| DONALD MACDONALD. | JEAN BAPTISTE GUYVERMONT. | | |
| OLIVER BLAIR. | JAMES FERRIER. | | |
| DELLA FLEET. | DE FARMER POSTHAY BELLEAU, Esq. | | |
| WALTER FURZ. | THOMAS EVAR. | | |
| GEORGE WILLIAM TELLER. | JOHN NEWELL SANDOZ. | | |

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this Twenty-second Day of May, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the Thirtieth Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

1867—Canada Fifty Years a Dominion—1917



SIR GEORGE CARTER

SIR STEPHEN DUNCAN TACHE

SIR ALEXANDER T. GALT

HON. THOMAS D'A. FERGEE

is this: Bound as we are to England by the closest ties, and yet enjoying our own government, England is still compelled to act for us in all matters of international nature. But when we have for all these British Provinces one general Government, able to take an oversight of the whole, and to attend to all their various interests, we will be able to represent to Britain on equal terms with a force and power we have never before been able to use, what these interests are; we will be able to press them home on the attention of British statesmen in such a manner as will lead them to appreciate and accept of those interests in their negotiations with foreign Powers.

"In conclusion I would desire to call attention to the advantages we will enjoy in consequence of our being able to do something to secure the development of the immense tract of country lying beyond us—Central British North America, popularly known as the Great North-West.

"In 1798 the North-West Company had in its employment not less than 12,000 persons; and there is no reason in the world why the trade which was then carried on should not be re-established between the North-West and Canada. No insuperable obstacles stand in the way. A practicable route exists which can be used by land and by water, and there is no reason why the necessary steps should not be taken to secure the development of the resources of that country and making them tributary to Canada."

Louis Archambault, L'Assomption

March 2, 1865.
"Before concluding, I must pay a tribute of justice to the British population of Lower Canada. We have always gone along hand in hand like good friends, and each party invariably making it a rule to accede to the just claims of the other. This will be our safety also under the Federal Government. For my part I should be sorry to see the present plan of Confederation, or any other event through any action of ours, for that would justly dissatisfy the British population of this country, who desire to see it carried out, and to whom we should not refuse it. We know that the British have always done everything in their power to promote the material prosperity of the country, and it is our duty to respect them and to accede to their just demands."

Hon. J. Cauchon, Montmorency

March 2, 1865.
"In closing, Mr. Speaker, I may be allowed to say to the House, that in a debate of such a solemn character, and when such great destinies as regards the future of the whole of British North America are at stake within these walls, let us have the courage to rise superior to passions, hatreds, personal enmities, and all miserable things, in order to allow our minds to soar more freely in the larger sphere of generous sentiments, and of great and noble national aspirations. We possess all that we want—all the necessary elements of greatness and prosperity in an empire in America. Let us boldly set to work, sheltered by the flag and protected by the powerful aegis of the Empire which leads us on to undertake the task."

R. J. Cartwright, Lennox and Addington

March 9, 1865.
"My own years are not very many, Mr. Speaker, but yet even can remember when Canada was but a petty province, an obscure dependency, scarce able to make its voice heard on the other side of the Atlantic without a rebellion; forgiven or ignored, as if as the French Minister said when he signed the treaty for its surrender, 'it mattered not what became of a few barren acres of snow.' And yet, Sir, in less than thirty years I have lived to see Canada expand into a state equal in numbers, in resources and power of self-government to many an independent European kingdom—lacking only the will to step at once from the position of a dependency to that of an ally—a favored ally of the great country to which we belong, and to take that rank among the commonwealth of nations which is granted to those people, and to those only, who have proved that they possess the power as well as the wish to defend their liberties. This, Sir, is what I think Canada can do; and if, as I believe, this project of Confederation would contribute most powerfully to enable us to do so, there are few sacrifices which I would refuse to make for such an object."

Sir Charles Tupper

November 9, 1860.
"It is true that Canada possesses a boundless country and a large population, but with all the territory, pop-

ulation and resources, the Maritime Provinces could offer something necessary in forming a great nation. They would bring with them fifty or sixty thousand square miles of country, and an additional population of eight hundred thousand souls, and it is needless to say that an addition of eight hundred thousand consumers of the growing manufactures of Canada is no small item. They do not require to unite with Canada for the purpose of taking anything from it, or of drawing upon its wealth or its resources.

"It is needless to say what Canada owes to the St. Lawrence, that great natural highway between the productive regions of the West and the ocean, but great as it undoubtedly is, it is imperfect, inasmuch as it is closed to navigation for five months in the year. The remedy for this state of things is the construction of an Intercolonial Railway. This work would provide a highway to the ocean over British territory, giving not political greatness alone, but commercial greatness likewise. The question under consideration is, however, a great and important question in all its bearings. It is so great that the voice of faction is hushed. Throughout the whole of British North America the feeling prevailed that the magnitude of this question demanded that all partisan positions should cease while the matter is being discussed.

"Who could doubt that under these circumstances, with such a federation of the five provinces (to which ultimately the Red River and the Saskatchewan country might be added) as would give us the position due to our extent, resources and intelligent population, untrammelled either by slavery or the ascendancy of any dominant church; almost the last country where civil and religious liberty exists; British America stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, would in a few years present to the world a great and powerful organization; with British institutions, sympathies and feelings; bound indissolubly to the throne of England by a community of interests, and united to it by the vicereignty of one of the promising sons of our beloved Queen."

Hon. Mr. Tilley, New Brunswick

November 9, 1863.
"The delegates from the Lower Provinces were not seeking this union. They were in a position to state that, for the year 1864, after paying the interest on all their debts, and after providing liberally for all their roads, bridges and other public works, they would have a surplus of half a million. Alluding to the Intercolonial Railway project, he said: 'Their feeling on this subject was: "We won't have this union unless you give us the railway." It was utterly impossible we could have either a political or commercial union without it.'"

A. C. del. Harwood, Vancouver

November 9, 1865.
"It is time Canadians that we should withdraw from the political dilemma in which we are involved. If we reject the plan of Confederation, we fall back into a species of status quo; now, for a new country like ours, to remain stationary is to retrograde; let us not forget that British North America contains other provinces besides those of our own, namely, British Columbia, Vancouver Island, etc., which will hereafter form a portion of the Confederation; that those vast countries are in extent as large as all Europe; that the soil in many places is of marvellous fertility; that the day will come when the greater part of all those countries and provinces will be inhabited; that there will be a network of railways connecting the extremities of all those possessions, and lines of steamboats connecting us, not with the Mother Country only, but with the whole of Europe, and that at all seasons of the year."

National Boundaries

In 1867, Canada comprised four Provinces, embracing a narrow strip along the Lower Lakes and the St. Lawrence, with a limited frontage on the Atlantic.

In 1917, there are nine provinces and a large unorganized territory, embracing half a continent, stretching from the Pacific to the Atlantic and from the United States to the Pole.

The greatest single factor in the progress of Canada has been the opening up of the West, which the above extension in political control made possible.

Why Newfoundland Rejects Confederation

Independent Little Island Satisfied With Its Present Position in the Empire—Is Proud of Glorious Past—Sees No Benefits in Union With Dominion

(By Arthur Sullivan, F.R.C.I.)

To the average Newfoundland the thought of coming into Confederation with the Dominion of Canada, in my opinion, is not taken at all seriously. It looks well from a geographical standpoint and what is sentimentally called "rounding off the Dominion." "Rounding off the Dominion" is not a sufficient excuse for the absorbing of "ye ancient and loyal colony" in the Confederation, for we have as much pride in our beloved island as any other people of their country. We have the unique privilege of being able to say that Newfoundland is the birthplace of the British Empire, for there was no such thing as an Empire until the men of Devon started out to explore the world and to give Britain the great Dominions overseas which now constitute the British Empire. The island was taken possession of by Sir Humphrey Gilbert in 1583, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and since that period has not only held her own against all foreign aggression, but her people have developed the country to the fullest extent, and have so far not been obliged to call in the aid of any country or people to help them out of their difficulties. We have no desire to lose our identity as a people, and we do not believe that any improvement in our condition would accrue to the beautiful "rounding off" process which many people would like to see accomplished.

Previous Efforts Fail
In the seventies and eighties and later periods there were many attempts to entice the people of the Island into Confederation, but all the efforts were fruitless. Sir William Whitney, Premier of Newfoundland, for many years, and a man of Devon, fought strenuously against any attempt to lure the people of the Island into a trap for their absorption into the Dominion. He felt that the people were progressive, and quite well able to manage their own affairs. It was during his stewardship that railroad construction was first started, running between St. John's and Harbor Grace, a distance of about eighty miles. It was a narrow gauge road, and although there were more bumps to the mile than any other road in

Peruvian mines that were running full blast in the days of Elizabeth are still turning out their quota as of old. There have been many failures at different times of the fisheries, but fortunately for only one season every fifteen or twenty years. When the people of British Columbia cry "hard times" they would remind them that when the fishing failed in Newfoundland there was nothing but absolute starvation staring them in the face; and I have seen hundreds of men with large families without a morsel of food in their homes in the month of January, the Government having to supply them with food till the fishing season opened up in May or June.

The country was not so bountifully supplied by nature as in British Columbia, where no man with any "get-up" to him can ever be starved out. These things happened of course before the days of railroad construction, pulp manufacture, etc., when no employment could be obtained other than in the fishing industry.

"Black Friday" perhaps will always be remembered as the blackest day in the history of the Island for on that eventful day the only two financial institutions in the country closed their doors. This fearful disaster brought ruin to nearly every man and woman on the Island, but not a murmur was heard about Confederation with Canada or any other country, and the people simply "buckled to" and in a few years had completely forgotten their troubles.

Country's Credit Good

It is notable in this instance and in all instances of financial trouble the Newfoundland Government had no difficulty in raising all the money it required in London, and has always been in a position to pay its honest debts. Even during the present war, the money markets of New York were quite as accessible to the Newfoundland Government as to the Government of the Dominion. In whatever way Confederation with Canada can benefit Newfoundland the financial situation would not be one of the reasons for the absorption of the colony into the Dominion. Many people read with avidity the

ployment to many at a slack time of the year.

"Copying"

Perhaps it would be interesting to Canadian boys to learn of an ice-sport that prevails in Newfoundland which I have not seen in any other country. The sport is called "copying," that is jumping from one small piece of ice to the other without getting a ducking, each pan being about a foot square and incapable of holding any sustained weight. From two to ten of these small pans are placed in position, and the boy starts on his perilous journey, and woe to him who loses his nerve as he is forced to keep going till he reaches solid ice. Usually he calculates his distance to a nicety, but sometimes has the misfortune to come a cropper, which means an ice cold bath, a licking from the old man and a cup of hot Bovril from his mother. Boys generally have the laugh on daddy when his pants are frozen stiff, which acts as a kindly armor against paternal wrath. Both the seal hunting and the ice sports have produced a splendid type, which are capable of resisting any and all kinds of weather, and these same fine fellows are in the trenches today second to none in endurance and pluck.

I think I have disposed of any valid reason for the bringing of Newfoundland into Confederation with Canada, not that the people of that island have any particular grudge against the people of the Dominion, but I am sure that no one will be quite so unjust as to say that Newfoundland should become a part and parcel of the Dominion simply because the Dominion requires to be "rounded off." That seems to me to be a mighty poor "quid pro quo" for the loss of our identity and no visible material benefit accruing to the colony. If it simply a matter of sentiment, the birthplace of the British Empire, have by far the best reasons for holding their position as a self-governing country, and who are quite capable of managing their own affairs.

Newfoundland and the War

I would like in this article to make some remarks in connection with Newfoundland's participation in the war, and the close intimacy of her people with the British navy. The ancient colony is pre-eminently British, and for many years was governed by the Admirals of the North American squadrons, in which list such names as Hood, Rodney and Cochrane appear, who ably administered the laws of the colony and kept their weather eye on the enemy at the same time.

Although a Governor is now appointed by the British Government, and a Legislative Assembly, elected by the people, constitute the official

which makes her turn a deaf ear and a blind eye to all the allurements held out to her by many misguided individuals in this country.

The Newfoundland people are a seafaring people, and won all know are good-natured and could be uncannily drawn into pitfalls cunningly laid for them; but should such a contingency occur and the people of the old colony led into a trap it would be a grave injustice if thought would not be by any means rebound to the credit of the conspirators who engineered the plot.

I may say that Newfoundlanders adapt themselves quickly to any and all conditions in every country they may make their home, and I am sure that those of my fellow countrymen living in Canada will rejoice with the people of the Dominion at the great progress made in the past fifty years, and will assist in every way for its further development.

Alberta's Tribute to Jubilee of Dominion

Present Generation Will Do Well to Follow in Steps of Fathers of Confederation, Says Premier

On behalf of the Province of Alberta, Hon. A. L. Sifton, Premier, has summed up the position of the Provinces with relation to one another, as the result of the realization of the great dream of the Fathers of Confederation which culminated in the union of fifty years ago, as follows: "Now after 50 years of Confederation we are in a position to estimate the success of the great experiment. The last of the Fathers has passed away and in this, the jubilee year of union, the people of Canada without division of race, creed, interest or political faith unite to rever the memory of the men who founded the Canadian Nation, and pay a just tribute to those who were called upon to guide its course through all the multifarious problems that followed in the train of the British North America Act. Real problems existed and still face us—unity between the races, diplomatic and trade relations with the United States; delimitation of Federal and Provincial rights, cheap and adequate facilities of transportation, the tariff, and our relations to the Motherland and the other Overseas Dominions. All centre round the paramount idea of building up a durable and virile national life within the Empire that will secure the efficiency of the state without destroying the individuality of the citizen.

"In the solution of these problems the present generation will do well to guide themselves in the broad principles that actuated the Fathers of Confederation. They stood for a workable system of government, not for a theoretical constitution; they desired the union of the Provinces on the only basis possible—compromise and fraternity. Above all, their hearts were set to maintain our British connection. In this it is hardly too much to say that they converted British statesmen to a new view of empire. When the delegates from Canada visited England in 1863 on behalf of Confederation, George Brown wrote back that there was a manifest desire on the part of British statesmen that the British Empire North America Colonies would shift for themselves. Today there are gathered again in London other delegates from every Dominion deliberating on terms of a grander union that will include them all within the British Empire as equal partners in a galaxy of nations around the British Crown.

"Time and the irresistible logic of events has justified the constructive work of the Fathers of Confederation. Fifty years ago some of their actions were misconstrued and much petty criticism was directed against them. But they worked faithfully with the materials at hand and with sincere purpose. They may sometimes have taken half a loaf where others would have gone hungry by proclaiming their right to the whole, but they welded the Dominion and kept it part of the Empire for which their grandsons were willing to die at Neuve Chapelle, St. Julien—Courcellette and Vimy Ridge."

A Permanent Memorial

It has been suggested that upon the central stone column, upholding the roof of the great entrance hall of the new Parliament Buildings, the following inscription be incised:

JULY
1867
1917
ON THE FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE CONFEDERATION OF
THE PROVINCES OF
THE NORTH AMERICA
AS
THE DOMINION OF CANADA
THE CANADIAN PARLIAMENT AND
THE PEOPLE OF CANADA
DEDICATED THIS BUILDING
IN PROGRESS OF CONSTRUCTION
AS A MEMORIAL OF THE DEEDS
OF THEIR FOREFATHERS
AND OF THE VALOUR AND SACRIFICE
OF CANADIANS WHO IN THE GREAT WAR
LIBERTIES OF CANADA
OF THE EMPIRE
AND OF HUMANITY.

Nova Scotia Sends Birthday Greetings

Premier Murray Flashes Message to the Native of His Province in British Columbia in Honor of Confederation

The following message to Nova Scotians in British Columbia has been sent, in honor of the Dominion of Canada's fiftieth birthday, by the Hon. James Alexander Murray, Premier of Nova Scotia: "I accede with pleasure to the request of the Editor of 'The Colonist' for a message to his readers on the anniversary of Canadian Confederation. Among these readers, I have no doubt, many native sons and daughters of Nova Scotia who have assisted in peopling the wide spaces of the West. They will be particularly interested to learn that their home Province is enjoying a period of widespread prosperity in practically all phases of industrial activity.

"In going back over the history of this Province since Confederation, and present indications point to every year has been marked by generous fulness in one branch or other of our industrial life. This fortunate circumstance is due as much to the character of our resources. The traits that have made the British Empire what it is today are not absent in Nova Scotians.

"At the present time our farmers are striving to produce record crops, and present indications point to an apple production of two million barrels. Our fishermen are making large catches, which they are marketing at high prices. Our lumbermen, in spite of the uncertainties of shipping, are doing on the whole, a profitable business. Our coal mines are managing to produce large outputs despite the shortage of labor owing to enlistment.

"The demand for ships has stimulated a revival in wooden shipbuilding throughout the Province, while measures are being taken to prepare for the construction of steel ships at strategic centres.

"Nova Scotia, while taking thought for the morrow, in considering plans for the strengthening and the development of her industrial structure, is mindful of the fact that transcending all these at this time is the winning of the war. The predominant task before us today is the prosecution of this struggle to a triumphant conclusion. We have already sent 22,000 of our sons to the fields of Flanders, not counting those who enlisted from the other Provinces. All our energies, all our strength, all our services are consecrated to the achievement of a righteous cause."

Ontario Extends Greetings to B.C.

Premier Hearst Sends Message of Congratulation to People of Pacific Coast in Honor of Confederation

Hon. William Howard Hearst, Premier of the Province of Ontario has sent the following message of greetings to the people of British Columbia, congratulating them on the place they have filled in the progress of the Dominion of Canada during the fifty years since Confederation: "Ontario extends to British Columbia cordial greetings on the occasion of this jubilee of Confederation. We heartily congratulate our sister Province on the great progress it has made since the first Dominion Day, fifty years ago. We congratulate its people on the assurance they enjoy of still greater progress in the future. My message to the people of Canada is that our hope as a country lies in national unity and co-operation. Canadians have much in common. We are one in loyalty and fealty to the British flag and British institutions. We are one in the desire to advance the interests of Canada and of Canadians. We have a common duty, and I believe a common determination to maintain and perpetuate democratic institutions in the world.

"Never was the spirit of unity, which happily brought about Confederation, more essential than at the present time, when the strength and vitality of free government the world over are being tested to the utmost. My confident hope is that the faith and foresight which guided and inspired our forefathers will, by the blessing of Providence, so control and shape our destiny that Canada will acquire and hold the rightful and glorious place which should be hers in the Empire and among the nations of the earth."

In 1867, Canada embraced an area of 500,000 square miles, with a population of 2,000,000.
In 1917 her area measured 3,750,000 square miles, with a population of 7,000,000.



existence it answered the purpose, and became a good investment for the country. I believe that it was through the advent of this road that the famous Belle Isle iron mines were discovered, and which now supply the great iron and steel works at Sydney, Cape Breton and many thousands of tons of ore are being shipped to foreign countries. At the present time the railroad runs practically all over the Island, and the development of the greatest pulp mills in the world has been the result of the policy inaugurated by Sir William Whitney.

The pulp mills of Newfoundland are now supplying England with their product, and it is fortunate for the Old Country that she was able to look to her ancient colony for the much required paper during the present war, the supply from European countries being completely cut off.

Fisheries Resources
In the days of "Good Queen Bess" it was said that the fisheries of Newfoundland were of greater value than the mines of Peru. There is a dead certainty that the fisheries of the Island have not so far "petered out," and it is doubtful whether any of the

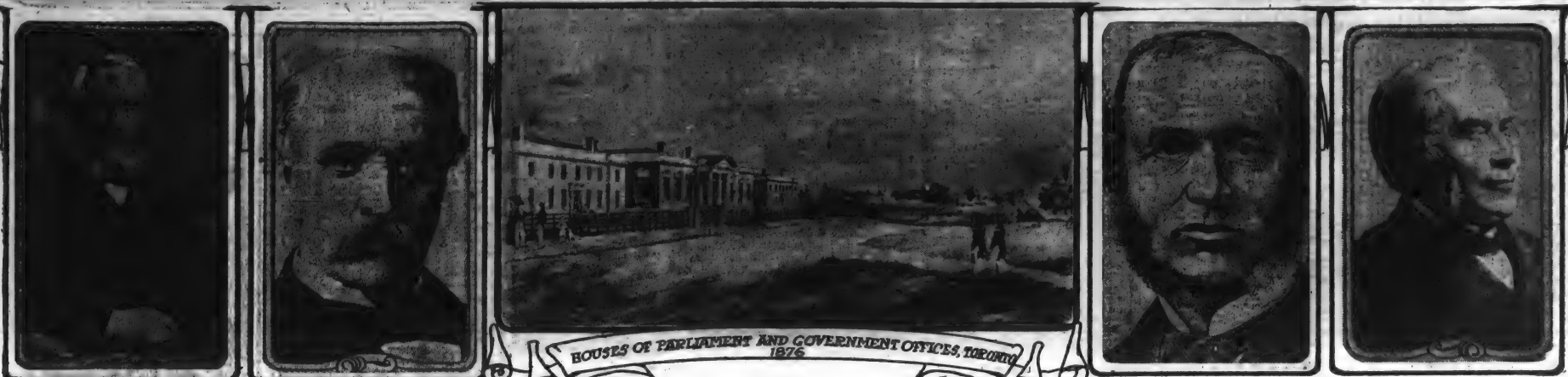
stories of Arctic and Antarctic expeditions, the terrible hardships of the explorers, the blizzards and storms, and wonder how sane and sensible men could run such risks, apparently no reward excepting that of procuring some scientific data. Ask a Newfoundland seal hunter about these things, and he will tell you that when his ship sails on March 10 every year he goes through mortal hardships in his calling that any well outfitted explorer that ever tramped the icefields within the Arctic Circle. He is not provided with an expensive fur-lined sleeping bag, an oil stove, pressed beef, a lot of good Scotch whisky, a knife and fork, electric light, and the many things that assist the explorer on his way; but the sealer has to go over the side of his ship "all standing" and tramp for ten to twenty miles over treacherous drift ice in search of his quarry.

The great seal-fishing industry of Newfoundland is another source of revenue to its people, and probably produces a type of man that can be found nowhere else upon the globe. Like the cod fishery, the number of seals captured fluctuates yearly, but the average is good, and gives em-

authority, the connection with the navy is still to be seen in the way of a strong naval reserve. It is just at this point where we may like to make a friendly comparison showing where Newfoundland can throw out a few hints to the Maritime Provinces of Canada, and I especially want to speak of British Columbia. Some years ago I advocated the bringing to the shores of the Pacific men of British blood, from Labrador, Newfoundland and the North Sea, men who were capable of intelligently developing our fishing industry and incidentally giving this coast the protection she so sorely requires, a strong naval reserve.

It is to the everlasting glory of the Newfoundland people that they were in a position to put on board the ships of the British navy six hundred perfectly trained men and put them there when Britain wanted them badly. Let us not talk Confederation with Newfoundland until Canada places herself in the same strong position in the eyes of the Empire as Newfoundland stands today in so far as the navy is concerned. It is that strong sentimentality which binds Newfoundland to the Old Country,

1867—Canada Fifty Years a Dominion—1917



HON. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL HON. WILLIAM MACDOUGALL SIR ALEXANDER CAMPBELL SIR OLIVER MOWAT

Brief Biographies of the Chief Leaders in the Canadian Confederation

The following are short biographies of the men who played prominent parts in the events which led up to the conception of the idea of Confederation and its final consummation, and have been honored with the title: "Fathers of Confederation":

Sir John Macdonald

Sir John Macdonald, second son of Hugh Macdonald and Helen Shaw, was born in Glasgow, January, 1815. His father was a manufacturer. He moved to Kingston, Ont., 1820. Subsequently he settled in the township of Adolphustown, on the Bay of Quinte; later he crossed the Bay to a place called Stone Mills, where he started a grist mill. In none of these places did he prosper, and in 1836 he returned to Kingston, and took a place in the Commercial Bank. He died in 1848. Sir John's youth was one of hardships incident to pioneer life in Ontario. Sir John was educated in a country school, and for five years in Kingston Grammar School. At the age of fifteen he began the study of law, and in 1836 was called to the bar. Sir John shouldered his musket in the rebellion of 1837. Although he did not advance rapidly in the practice of law, he soon became prominent as a public man. He was elected to Parliament in 1844, where he at once took a front rank, and three years later took a seat in the Draper Cabinet, and from that time on and until Confederation he was virtual, if not actual, leader of the Conservative party, which, like Disraeli, in England, he created. He was a member of all but one of two of the many abortive administrations between 1847 and 1867, and always as the legal representative. At Confederation he became Premier of Canada, and had the distinction of knighthood. His Government was defeated in 1873 as the result of the Pacific scandal, but was returned to power in 1878, principally upon the issue of a National Policy. Sir John continued at the head of affairs until his death in 1891. His political sagacity, his untiring energy, his prudent support of the Imperial tie, his constructive statesmanship are all conceded as placing him at the head in the first rank of Canadian statesmen.

Hon. George Brown

The Hon. George Brown was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, November 29, 1818. He was educated in the High School of his native city, and became bookkeeper for his father, who was a linen draper. His father and family moved in 1820 to New York, where George Brown, at an early age, engaged in his father's business, but not succeeding in that he started The British Chronicle. After a struggling existence it expired. The next venture was The Banner in Toronto, the organ of the Free Church party. This did not succeed, and at just that time the Reform party was in need of an organ to reflect its views, and The Globe, of which George Brown was the proprietor and editor, was the outcome of that need. This newspaper, with Brown as its editor, became a great power in the land. Brown was a powerful writer and speaker, and soon became the leader of the party of Upper Canada. George Brown's great achievement was his temporary alliance with Macdonald to bring about Confederation, but in 1865 he resumed opposition. He was appointed to the Senate by Alexander Mackenzie, and was a member of the Senate at the time of his death. He was shot in his own office by a discharged employe in 1880.

Sir Oliver Mowat

Sir Oliver Mowat was the son of John Mowat, a Scotchman, and was born in Kingston in 1820. He was educated for the legal profession, entering Sir John Macdonald's office as an articled clerk. He was called to the Bar in 1844, and practised law in Toronto with rapidly increasing success. He was made a Q. C. in 1855. He entered the political field in the riding of Ontario as a supporter of George Brown, and was elected by large majority, and was a member of the two-day Government of the Brown-Dorion administration. In opposition for five years longer, he joined hands with John A. Macdonald along with Brown. His political life left politics for the judicial bench immediately after the Quebec Conference, but seven years later he returned to political life as Prime Minister of Ontario, in which position he remained until in 1867 he was called to the Council of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and became Minister of Justice. As Premier of Ontario he was, as Colquhoun in his "Fathers of Confederation," states he was distinguished for his balanced judgment and clearness of intellect. Of all the Fathers, he seemed to possess the clearest knowledge of the effect of the provisions of the B. N. A. Act, and his series of victories in the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in cases involving provincial rights established his reputation as a great authority on constitutional law. In 1897 he was appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, and died in 1903.

Hon. William Macdougall

The Hon. William Macdougall was born on a farm near Toronto about fifty years before the Quebec Conference took place. He was for a short time a student of Victoria College, and studied law in Toronto. He practised as attorney in Toronto, but later became connected with the Canadian Agriculturist. In 1851 he started The North American in opposition to The Globe, with which subsequently it was amalgamated, and of which he became chief editorial writer. He entered the political field in 1858, when he was elected for North Oxford. He did not qualify as a barrister until 1862, and never practised his profession seriously. Colquhoun says: Macdougall, by seeking to fill the role of an independent critic, earned for himself the sobriquet, "Wandering Willie."

Hon. James Cockburn

The Hon. James Cockburn, who was Solicitor-General for Upper Canada in 1865, was born in Berwick-on-Tweed, England, 1819, and came to Canada in 1832. He was educated at Berwick Grammar School and Upper Canada College. In 1847 he was called to the Bar, and practised in Cobourg. In 1861 he contested West Northumberland against the Hon. Sidney Smith, then Postmaster-General, and was elected as a Liberal-Conservative opposed to the Govern-

ment. He was estranged from the Cartier-Macdonald Government, but subsequently joined the administration as Solicitor-General. In 1863 he was made a Q. C. The Hon. James Cockburn remained in office as Solicitor-General until 1867, and was unanimously elected Speaker after Confederation and again in 1872. He died in Ottawa in 1883.

Sir George Etienne Cartier

Sir George Etienne Cartier was born at St. Antoine, on the Chambly River, in 1814. Previous to the union of the Canadas, Cartier took great interest in politics, but altogether outside of Parliament. He was in public esteem a successor of Papineau. He attached himself to the party of Lafontaine. After entering the Legislature he soon became a prominent figure, and was appointed Provincial Secretary in 1855, and succeeded to the leadership in Quebec after Lafontaine. Cartier brought Quebec into Confederation, as Sir Charles Tupper and Sir Leonard Tilley brought in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. He was one of the delegates to the Quebec Conference, in which he took a very prominent part and also in all the subsequent negotiations. At Confederation he received distinction at the hands of the Queen. In the absence of Sir John Macdonald in Washington he piloted through the House of Commons the British Columbia Terms of Union. He was mainly responsible for the contributions from Sir Hugh Allan to the

fontaine-Baldwin administration in 1848. After that he occupied several Cabinet positions. Upon the resignation of Sir Allan McNab, he became Premier, which, with other posts, he signed in 1857, but came back at the request of Quebec's representatives and the call of the people to become Premier again. When the Quebec Conference was called, he was unanimously chosen to preside. He was then in his seventieth year. He died in 1865.

Sir Hector Langevin

Sir Hector Langevin was born August 26, 1836, in Quebec, and was educated in that city. He studied law and was admitted to the Bar in 1850 and made a Q. C. in 1864. Like a great many other French politicians he engaged in journalism, and was an editor for about ten years. He was mayor of Quebec from 1851 to 1861, and represented Dorchester until 1867, and afterwards in the Dominion Parliament until 1874, when he retired. He also represented Dorchester in the days of dual representation from 1871 to 1874. He re-entered Dominion politics in 1876. He occupied various offices before and after Confederation, and in 1878 was made Postmaster-General and in 1879 Minister of Public Works, in which position he remained until the McCreedy scandal brought about his downfall, which in a material degree assisted in the defeat of the Conservative Government, with which he had been so long associated. He died in 1906. The late Vicar-General, E. C. H. Langevin, a well known ecclesiastical and author, was his brother.

Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee

Thomas D'Arcy McGee was an exile from Ireland, on account of his early sympathies with the Fenian movement, or what was known as the Young Ireland party. He was born in Callington, Ireland, and was educated at Westford. He first came to America in 1842, and engaged in newspaper work in the Irish cause. He returned to Ireland, and owing to his connection with the Young Ireland party was forced to flee to America. He again engaged in journalism in the cause he had espoused, but during the "Know Nothing" movement of 1854-6 his views underwent a radical change, and he became an ardent Royalist. He then removed to Montreal and established a paper called The New Era, and in 1857 was elected to Parliament as a Reformer. In 1864, having joined the Coalition, he was made President of the Executive Council, which office he held until 1867. During the campaign for Confederation in Quebec he may be said to have been the orator of Confederation. On account of his defection from the Fenian cause and his espousal of allegiance to the Crown he was the victim of a conspiracy, and on the evening of April 7, 1868, he was shot when returning from a night session of Parliament. His contributions to literature, both in prose and poetry, were numerous.

Sir Charles Tupper

Sir Charles Tupper was the son of the Rev. Charles Tupper, D. D., and was born in Amherst in 1821. The Tupper family is an old United States family descended from English stock. He was educated at private and public schools and at Horton Academy, Wolfville, N. S. He studied medicine in Nova Scotia, and afterward in Edinburgh, where he obtained the highest honors. As a physician, it is thought, he would have attained the same distinguished success as he did in politics. He entered politics actively in 1856, when he was elected for the county of Cumberland, and was among the first to advocate Confederation. In 1858 he went to England in connection with the Intercolonial Railway, and at that time advocated a union of the scattered provinces of British North America. He was head and front of the Confederation movement in the Maritime Provinces, having initiated the plan of a conference at Charlottetown. When Confederation was accomplished he refused to accept a portfolio in the Dominion Government, until his course had been vindicated by the people of Nova Scotia, which it was in 1872. Subsequent to the defeat of Sir John Macdonald, along with Sir Leonard Tilley, he was a strong factor in promoting the National Policy and, after the return of the Conservatives to power in 1878, he took up with Sir John the building of the C. P. R. In 1883 he was appointed High Commissioner of Canada in London, but soon after returned to Canada, taking a place as Minister of Finance. In 1888 he resigned his seat in the Legislature and his post in the Government and became again Canadian High Commissioner. Following the split in the Cabinet, when Sir Mackenzie Bowell resigned as Pre-

mier, he came back to Canada, and led the party of which he had long been a member. After defeat in 1896 he retired to private life, and died Oct. 30th, 1915.

Sir Adams George Archibald

Sir Adams George Archibald was born in Truro, N.S., in 1814, and was educated at Pictou Academy, and called to the Bar of Prince Edward Island in 1838 and to that of Nova Scotia in 1839. His grandfather had been judge of the Court of Common Pleas of that Province. He was a member of the Executive Council of Nova Scotia in legal capacities from 1856 to 1863. He was a delegate to England in 1857 to arrange terms of settlement with the British Government and other affairs, and also in the final conference at London in respect of terms of Confederation. He was Secretary of State in the first Dominion Cabinet and was Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories from May, 1870, until May, 1873, when he became a judge in equity in Nova Scotia and the same year he became Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia. He was one of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway under Sir Hugh Allan in 1873, and in 1885 was knighted. He was in the Nova Scotia Assembly from 1851 to 1867 and sat for two years in the Commons after Confederation.

The Hon. Robert Barry Dickey

The subject of this sketch was born in Amherst, N.S., in 1811. He studied law and was admitted to the Bar in

reference. He was a member of the Legislative Council from 1847 to 1867. After Confederation he was appointed to the Canadian Senate, but resigned in 1870 to accept a position on the Supreme Court bench of Nova Scotia.

Hon. William Alexander Henry

This distinguished member of the delegation was born in Halifax in 1816, and was educated at the High School there, studied law, and was admitted to the Bar in November in 1840. The next year he was elected to the Legislature, in which he sat for many years. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the House of Commons after Confederation. Henry held office three times as Solicitor-General and also as Provincial Secretary and Attorney-General. He was a delegate to Great Britain in 1858 and in 1865, and was appointed a judge of the Supreme Court of Canada in 1875.

Sir Leonard Tilley

Sir Leonard Tilley was born on the 8th of May, 1818, in Queen's County, N.B., was educated at Queen's County Grammar School, and was first elected to the Legislature in 1850 for the city of St. John, and in 1854 became a member of the Executive. A dissolution took place on the question of Prohibition, of which Sir Leonard was a strong advocate, and he was defeated. He was recalled to office in 1857, when the Liberals came to power, and in 1861 became Premier and Provincial Secretary. His administration was quite radical com-

resigned, and for a second time was made Lieutenant-Governor of his native Province. He died in 1890. As a statesman he was distinguished for his knowledge of finance.

Hon. William Steves

The Hon. William Steves was an able colleague of Sir Leonard Tilley. He was born in 1814 in the county of Westmoreland, educated there, and by vocation was a merchant. He was first elected in 1846 and made a member of the Executive Council in 1851. He left office in 1856, but came back with Tilley the following year. He was a practical man of business with considerable influence.

Hon. John M. Johnson

The Hon. John M. Johnson was born in Liverpool in 1818 and came with his father at an early age to Northumberland County in New Brunswick. He was educated at the Grammar School, studied law, and was admitted to the Bar in 1840. He was soon after elected to the Legislature and became Postmaster-General in 1847, then Speaker, Attorney-General and Solicitor-General in 1854. He was a member of the London Confederation Conference, and after Confederation was elected to the Dominion House of Commons. He died in 1868. During his term of office in New Brunswick he did a great deal of good work.

Hon. John Hamilton Gray

The Hon. John Hamilton Gray is of particular interest to us from the fact that after Confederation he was a Supreme Court Judge of British Columbia. He was born in New Brunswick in 1814. He was a graduate of King's College, Nova Scotia, and a member of the New Brunswick bar, to which he was admitted in 1837. He was elected to Parliament in 1850 and became a member of the Executive Council in 1851, and Premier of New Brunswick in 1856. In 1857 he was umpire between Great Britain and the United States under the treaty of Washington, and was Royal Commissioner on the tenant-right question in Prince Edward Island. He was an arbitrator for the Dominion in 1867, and in 1884 was a member of the commission to enquire into the Chinese question in British Columbia. He was author of "Confederation," a history (1871). The late Mr. Justice Gray was learned in constitutional and international law, and an eloquent speaker.

Hon. Edward Barron Chandler

The Hon. E. B. Chandler was born in Amherst, Nova Scotia, in 1800. He was a grandson of Joshua Chandler, New Haven, Conn., who went to Nova Scotia in 1783. He studied law and was admitted to the Bar of New Brunswick in 1823, was judge of probate for Westmoreland County from 1823 until 1862, a member of the Executive Council from 1844 until 1858, and from 1867 to 1869. He resigned to take the office of Intercolonial Railway Commissioner. Chandler was a delegate on various important missions to London, Washington and elsewhere, and was Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick from July, 1878, until his death in 1880.

Hon. John Hamilton Gray

It is rather a remarkable fact that there were two John Hamilton Grays, both colonels, in the Quebec Conference, no relation, though descended from common stock. The Prince Edward Island representative was born in Prince Edward Island. His father emigrated to Virginia from Scotland. He received at an early age a commission in the cavalry, in which service he passed a period of twenty years, much of it in India. He was in the Crimean War, and was wounded at Inkerman. Returning to Prince Edward Island in 1857, he was elected in 1858 to the Legislature, and in 1862 became President of the Executive Council and Premier. Mrs. Fred Peters, of Prince Rupert, is his daughter.

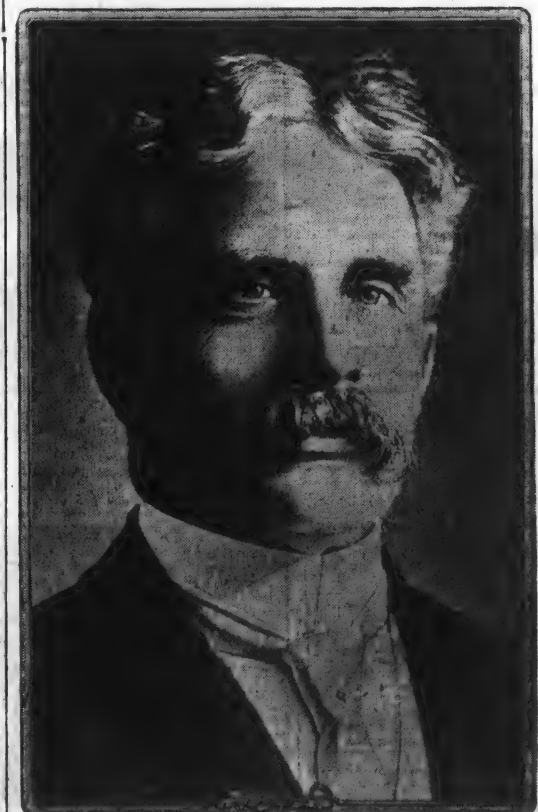
Hon. William Henry Pope

The Provincial Secretary of Prince Edward Island in 1864 was the Hon. William Henry Pope, father of Sir Joseph Pope, of Ottawa. He was born in Bedeque in 1823, was educated in England, and studied law with the Hon. Edward Palmer. His father, the Hon. Joseph Pope, had been a leading member of the Legislature for thirty years, and speaker for eight years. In 1859 he was appointed Colonial Secretary and Clerk of the Executive, and in 1863 he was elected a member of the Legislature.

Other Prince Edward Island Delegates

The Hon. Cole, born in 1810, was twice Premier of the colony. The Hon. Edward Whelan was born in Malins, County of Mayo, Ireland, 1824, and settled in Prince Edward

The Dominion's Premier



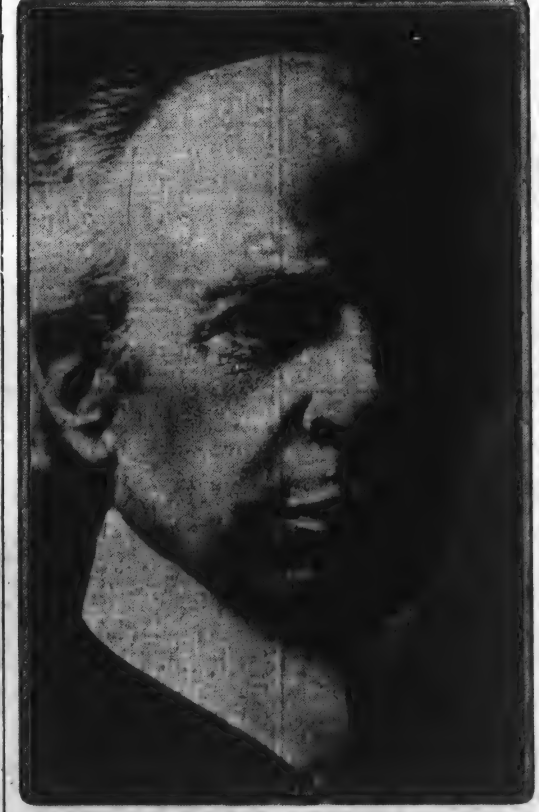
Rt. Hon. Sir Robert Laird Borden, G.C.M.G., K.C., Prime Minister of Canada.

ment. He was estranged from the Cartier-Macdonald Government, but subsequently joined the administration as Solicitor-General. In 1863 he was made a Q. C. The Hon. James Cockburn remained in office as Solicitor-General until 1867, and was unanimously elected Speaker after Confederation and again in 1872. He died in Ottawa in 1883.

Sir E. P. Tache

Sir E. P. Tache was born in St. Thomas, Quebec, in 1795. He served as an officer of the Canadian Chasseurs in the war of 1812, and it was not until after the union of 1841 that he played an active part in the politics of the country. His experience in the Legislative Assembly was confined to five years between 1841 and 1846. He remained out of public life until he was appointed a member of the Executive Council during the La-

Premier for Fifteen Years



Hon. Lieut.-Col. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, C.M.G., K.C., leader of the Liberal party in the Dominion Legislature.

1834. He was a judge and registrar of the probate court for many years, a director of the Nova Scotia Electric Telegraph Co., and was Consul Agent of the United States from 1848 to 1858. He was a delegate to England in connection with the Intercolonial Railway in 1858 and was a member of the Legislative Council of Nova Scotia from 1858 to 1861, when he was called to the Canadian Senate.

Hon. Johnathan McCully

The Hon. Johnathan McCully was born in Amherst, N.S., in 1809, studied law and was admitted to practice in 1837, and in 1860 was appointed Solicitor-General. McCully was a frequent writer in the press of Halifax and was an earnest advocate of union. He was a delegate to the conferences on the Intercolonial Railway and, of course, the Quebec Con-

1867-Canada Fifty Years a Dominion-1917



HON. DR. JAMES TREMBLAI

HON. JOHN BOBSON

JUDGE HALIBURTON

MR. J. HAMILTON GREY

HON. R. W. W. CARRALL

MR. H. J. BARNARD

MR. D. W. HIGGINS

Island in 1843. He was educated in Ireland and in Scotland, and upon coming to Prince Edward Island engaged in journalism. He entered the Legislature in 1846, and afterwards became Queen's Printer. The Hon. Thomas Heath Haviland was born in Charlottetown in 1822, and was educated in England and in Brussels, and was admitted to the Bar of Prince Edward Island in 1846. He was elected to the Assembly in 1846 and was a member of the Executive Council from 1859 to 1862, inclusive, and subsequently was Speaker. The Hon. Andrew Archibald Macdonald, was born at Three Rivers, Prince Edward Island, in 1829, and had a seat in the Executive Council and in the popular assembly at various times from 1853 subsequently until 1872.

As Newfoundland did not come into Confederation, it is not necessary to discuss the careers of its two delegates, the Hon. F. B. T. Carter and Hon. Ambrose Shea.

The Hon. Peter Mitchell

One of the ablest of the Maritime Province delegates was conceded to be the Hon. Peter Mitchell, eventually known in Canadian politics as the "one man party." Born in Newcastle, N.B. in 1824, he received a grammar school education and was admitted to the Bar in 1848. He subsequently turned his attention to ship-building. He entered public life in 1856 and was continuously in the Government of New Brunswick until 1867. He was Minister of Marine and Fisheries after Confederation until 1873, and although he was several times elected subsequently he never held office again. In 1885 he purchased The Morning Herald, which he conducted for some time.

The Hon. Jean Charles Chapais

The Hon. Jean Charles Chapais was born in Riviere Quie, Que. in 1825 and educated at Nicolet College. He was a merchant by vocation and a very practical politician. From March, 1864, until 1867 he was a member of the Executive Council of Quebec, and after Confederation was Minister of Agriculture until the defeat of the Macdonald Government.

Hon. Edward Palmer

The Hon. Edward Palmer, Attorney-General of Prince Edward Island in 1864, was born in Charlottetown in 1820 and was admitted to the Bar in 1849. He subsequently filled the offices of Solicitor-General and Attorney-General, Palmer, like all the other Fathers from that Province, belonged to an old-time family of respectable traditions.

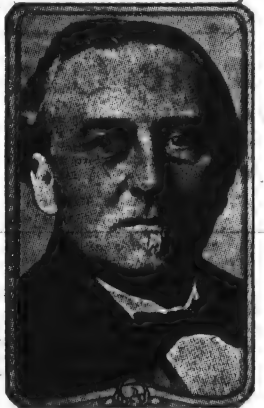
A Retrospective Glance

Mr. A. H. U. Colquhoun, in his contribution to the literature of Confederation, contained in the "Fathers of Confederation," one of the series of the "Chronicles of Canada," edited by Prof. Wrong, of Toronto University, makes the following resume of the merits of Confederation. "The retrospective glance reveals the extent to which the Fathers attained their principal objects. A threefold purpose inspired them. Their first duty was to evolve a workable plan of government. In this they succeeded, as fifty years experience shows. The constitution, after having stood the usual tests and strain, is firmly rooted in national approval; and this result has been reached by healthy normal processes, not by exaggerated claims or a spurious enthusiasm. The constitution has always been on trial, so to speak, because Canadians are prone to be critical of their institutions. But at every acute crisis popular discontent has been due to maladministration and not to defects of organization. The structure itself stands a monument to those who erected it.

"In the second and most trying of their tasks, the unification of the provinces, the Fathers were also triumphant. From the beginning the country was well stocked with pessimists and Job's comforters. They derived inspiration during many years from the brilliant writings of Goldwin Smith. But in the end even the doubters had to succumb to the stern logic of the facts. Under any federation, growth in unity is bound to be slow. The relations of the provinces to the Federal power must be worked out and their relations to each other must be adjusted. Time alone could solve such a problem. Until the system took definite shape national sentiment was feeble. But a modified and well-poised federation, with its strong central government and its carefully guarded provincial rights, at last won the day. Years of doubt and trial there were, but in due course the Nova Scotian came to regard himself as a Canadian and the British Columbia ceased to feel that a man from the East was a foreigner. The provinces have steadily developed a community of interest. They meet cordially in periodical conferences to discuss the rights and claims possessed in common, and if serious, even menacing, questions are not dealt with as they should be, the failure will be traced to faulty statesmanship and not to lack of unity. To preserve the Imperial tie was



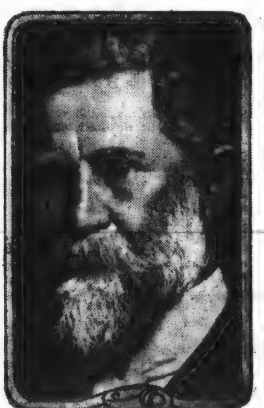
LOLD LISGAR



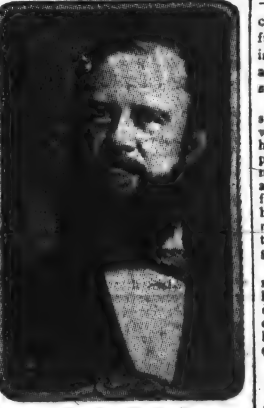
SIR HECTOR LANDEVIN



LOLD DURHAM



MR. J. A. MEAR



SIR ANTHONY MUSGRAVE

the third and greatest object of the Fathers. They realized that many dangers threatened—some tangible and visible, others hidden and beyond the ken of man. It may not be denied that the baroque of the new nationality was launched into an unknown sea. The course might conceivably lead straight to complete independence, and honest minds, like Galt's, were held in thrall by this view. Could monarchy in any shape be re-vitalized in the continent where the Great Republic sat entrenched? What sinister ideas would not the word imperialism convey to the practical men of the western world? These fears the Fathers met with resolute faith and the seeing eye. They believed that inherent in the beneficent rule of Queen Victoria there was a constitutional sovereignty which would appeal irresistibly to a young democracy; that unwavering fidelity to the crown could be reconciled with the fullest extension of self-government; and that the British Empire when organized on this basis would hold its daughter states beyond the seas with bonds that would not break.

"And so it has proved. Of all the achievements of the Fathers this is the most splendid and enduring. They brought them peace, honor, and the blessings of a well-ordered civilization. And when in 1914 the Great War shook the world, Canadians, having found that the sway of British rule brought them peace, honor, and contentment, were proud to die for the Empire. To debate the future of Canada was long the staple subject for abstract discussion, but the march of events has carried us past the stage of idle imaginings. A knowledge of the laws by which Divine Providence controls the destinies of nations has thus far eluded the subtlest intellect, and it may be impossible for any man, however gifted, to foresee what fate may one day overtake the British Empire. But its traditions of freedom and toleration, its ideals of pure government and respect for law, can be handed on unimpaired through the ages. The opportunity to maintain and perpetuate these traditions and ideals is the priceless inheritance which Canada has received from the Fathers of Confederation."

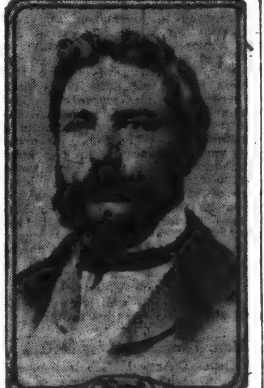
Dominions Follow Canada's Example

W. J. Bowser, M.P.P., Predicts Greater Consolidations After Peace Has Been Declared—Tribute to Confederation

That Canada's design for Confederation will be followed in the welding together of the greater British Empire, after the war, is the opinion voiced by William J. Bowser, M.P.P., leader of the Conservative party in British Columbia, in the following Jubilee message: "In reviewing the story of Confederation, its conception, its inception, its development, its basic principles, we may, with all honesty, lay the flattering unction to our souls that Canada set the first example in modern times of dominion consolidation on true federal lines, an example which, in a modified way, suitable to their conditions, was followed by Australia and South Africa, and that in all human probability will be followed by Great Britain and Ireland, and it will be confidently predicted, be our proud boast as Canadians, that when Empire consolidation shall have been completed after the war, it will be modelled upon the design of the structure erected by our wise old architects of 1867. Empire possessions will encircle the globe, as they do now, but secure in unity, common defence, co-ordinated in constitutional principles, autonomous in their own sovereign powers, harmonious in relations. Our boys are fighting at the front; not only for the



HON. G. A. WALKER



HON. DR. J. S. HELMCKEN

Mother Country, for the rights of wronged nations, for the freedom of the races, and for their own homeland, but for this great result—a consummation which, when reached, will be the profoundest in effect in the history of the whole human race."

Calls on Canadians to Stand Steadfast

Premier Borden in Message to People of Dominion Points to Glorious Record of Past Fifty Years

The following Confederation message to the people of the Dominion of Canada has been issued by Premier Borden: "To the people of Canada: Amid the welter and horrors of a war which devastates civilization, we pause for

a moment to consider the Canada of half a century ago and the Canada of today. Much has been added to us; our boundaries have been vastly extended so as to embrace half a continent; our population has nearly trebled; there has been a measurable development of our resources; we have grown enormously in production, commerce and wealth; facilities of communication and transportation have been provided beyond all anticipation; the general conditions of life and standards of living have been conspicuously raised; educational facilities have been greatly enlarged. In all these, and many more incidents of the world's progress Canada has more than held her own.

"All this is impressive. But, still more inspiring is the thought that during the half century which now draws to a close, Canada has come to a fuller knowledge of her heritage and of the responsibility which it entails, to a clearer consciousness of national

purpose, and to a firmer confidence in her destiny.

"The greatness of any nation rests in the last analysis upon the character of its people as exemplified by their ideas and by their capacity for sacrifice and devotion in fulfilling the national purpose. Judged by this standard, Canada stands unassailed before the world. In 1866, the year before our Confederation was born, Prussia snatched from Austria the hegemony of the German States, and took her first step along the awful path that has led her to the relentless issue which she forced upon humanity three years ago. Her challenge to civilization and human freedom is being answered beyond the seas by the free democracies of the world. Among them Canada has worthily taken her place and proudly borne her part. This would they have wished it who in 1867 laid the foundation of our liberties. Let us with resolute spirit so maintain our purpose and our efforts that in this last and greatest chapter of humanity's strivings and triumphs, it shall be recorded of Canada that as at the first she never flinched, so to the end she never faltered.

"R. L. BORDEN."

Canada and the Future

The necessity for restoring the devastation caused by the war must throw unlooked-for opportunities upon the newer countries of the world, and especially upon Canada.

The agriculture of Canada is still in its initial stages. It is estimated that less than one-fourth of the soil available for agriculture has to date been occupied, i.e., 110,000,000 acres of a possible 440,000,000, and of this only about 50,000,000 acres have been actually improved. Probably 100,000,000 acres are available for immediate improvement.

There are 500,000,000 to 600,000,000 acres under forest in Canada, half of which area carries timber of merchantable size.

The mineral potentialities of Canada are enormous. With natural re-

sources such as these to draw upon—resources that must be requisitioned to the full in the rehabilitation of

Province Owes Its Place to Confederation

Premier Brewster Outlines Position Held by British Columbia in Dominion—Fathers of Union Built Better Than They Knew—Railways Weld All Parts

The following message has been issued by Premier Brewster to the people of British Columbia, touching on the place held by the Province in the Dominion as a direct result of the wise planning of the statesmen of fifty years ago, who drafted the terms of Confederation:

"We who live in this age, crucial as it is to the Empire, and serious for the Dominion as part of the Empire, should be able to see how the Fathers of Confederation built more wisely than perhaps they knew. It is interesting sometimes to speculate on what might have been, and equally interesting to speculate on what might not have been. Plausibly speculating upon the latter, it is easy to see that had not British Columbia been included in the Confederation of the Provinces of Canada her status nationally, certainly commercially and industrially, and perhaps imperially, might have been vastly different.

"The stipulation of the condition that the Canadian Pacific Railway should be extended to Pacific tidewater as part of the compact which included the Province in the Dominion, was as wise a provision on the part of our legislators at that time as the inclusion of the Province in Confederation. Undoubtedly this artery of communication between the vast area West of the Rockies and the already rapidly developing com-

mercial and industrial centres of Eastern Canada saved the commerce and fostered the industries of the Province for Canadian people. Since its completion, other transcontinental lines have solidified this initial welding. But for these the industries and commerce of this Province must have partaken largely of the character of the American Pacific States, and, unavoidably, the population and ideals of the Province would have been influenced by these associations.

"Whether American ideals of democracy are as good as or better than our own is not the question; they are different, and whatever value in the matter of Imperial service, national commerce, or national industry can be evoked in the Province of British Columbia, these must be far more effective and valuable to the Empire when combined with similar values of the other Provinces than when disseminated and rendered by an individual Province. The territory of the North American continent, over that vast stretch from the Atlantic to the Pacific, now is all Canadian, and, therefore, all British, giving us an All Red Line for Imperial purposes, whether for the transmission of news or the great volume of traffic between the Orient and Southern sections of the Empire. It will be conceded, too, that the part which it has been granted to this Province to take in the World War has been rendered much more effective because of its unification with and absorption into national Canadian forces rather than the assistance of an isolated Province.

"In all these, and in a thousand other ways, the achievement of Confederation has been not only justified but glorified. We, who living in this age, are enjoying the fruits of the foresight and beyond the foresight of the Fathers of Confederation, have much food for grateful reflection."

Canada and the War

The seal upon Canadian nationhood has been set by the war. Canada has raised 411,000 men and sent 311,000 overseas.

For many months Canada has spent a million a day on the war, and has added \$50,000,000 in private benefactions to war-causes.

Canada has greatly stimulated her agriculture to provide foodstuffs for the Allies, and she has revolutionized her industry to supply munitions of war. Canada has manufactured and sent forward \$510,000,000 worth of munitions to date.

The \$300,000,000 already contributed to the Patriotic Fund, the many millions more given to Red Cross and various relief funds, and the continual stream of widely distributed gifts of comforts and helps for the soldiers, attest to the depth and sincerity of her sympathy with and loyalty to the great ideals for which the Empire is fighting.

Men Above Parties

Confederation is a striking illustration of an issue being greater than a party, and of party lines being, in the meantime, largely obliterated in order that the leaders might unite to save a greater national peril and achieve a great national ideal. W. N. Rowell, Opposition Leader in Ontario.

Convention at Charlottetown, P. E. I. Sept. 1, 1864

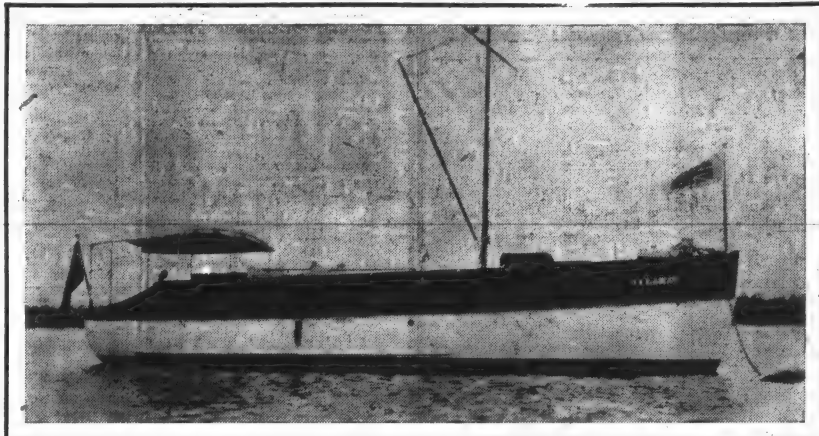


Those in the above picture include: Col. the Hon. John Hamilton Gray, M.P.P., Prince Edward Island, chairman of convention; Hon. John A. Macdonald, M.P.P., Attorney-General, Canada West; Hon. George E. Cartier, M.P.P., Attorney-General, Canada East; Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, M.P.P., Minister of Agriculture, Canada; Hon. Wm. A. Henry, M.P.P., Attorney-General, Nova Scotia; Hon. Wm. H. Steeves, M.E.C., New Brunswick; Hon. John M. Johnson, M.P.P., Attorney-General, New Brunswick; Hon. Robert Dickey, M.L.C., Nova Scotia; Lieut.-Col. the Hon. John Hamilton Gray, M.P.P., New Brunswick; Hon. Edward Palmer, M.L.C., Attorney-General, Prince Edward Island; Hon. Edward Botsford Chandler, M.L.C., New Brunswick; Hon. H. L. Langevin, M.P.P., Solicitor-General, Canada East; Hon. Chas. Tupper, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary, Nova Scotia; Hon. A. T. Galt, M.P.P., Finance Minister, Canada; Hon. Adams G. Archibald, M.P.P., Nova Scotia; Hon. Andrew G. McDonald, M.L.C., Prince Edward Island; Hon. William Campbell, M.L.C., Commissioner of Crown Land, Canada; Hon. Wm. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary, Canada; Hon. Wm. H. Pope, M.P.P., Colonial Secretary, Prince Edward Island; Hon. Jonathan McCully, M.L.C., Nova Scotia; Hon. George Coles, M.P.P., Prince Edward Island; Hon. George Brown, M.P.P., President Executive Council, Canada; Major Bernard, secretary to the Attorney-General, Canada West; Mr. Charles Drinkwater, private secretary to the Attorney-General, Canada West; William B. Lee, clerk Executive Council, Canada.

Positively The Last Day

Wednesday, July 4th, Is The LAST DAY

On which you will be able to buy a Ticket for the I'LL AWAY. Blame yourself if for an Investment of ONE DOLLAR you miss a chance of securing one of the finest Boats of her class on the Coast



The I'll Away was a gift made by Mr. and Mrs. Fitzherbert-Bullen to the Red Cross Society. She is built regardless of cost, of Teak with Oak frames, has a 30-horse power Engine and is 37 feet in length, 9 feet 3 inches beam, 3 feet 6 inches draught.

The boat has just come off the Royal Victoria Yacht Club's ways and has been thoroughly overhauled and is in first-class condition

The Drawing will take place under the auspices of the RED CROSS SOCIETY on Thursday Evening, July 5, at the ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE during the performance of THE CALIPH OF BAGHDAD. Tickets, \$1.00 each, may be obtained at the Superfluties, Belmont Building, or at most of the principal stores in Victoria, up to the Evening of July 4th, WHEN THE SALE OF TICKETS WILL ABSOLUTELY CLOSE.

The Caliph of Baghdad

A Musical
Comedy Written
by R. N. Hincks
to Be Given
at the

Royal Victoria Theatre

During the Week Commencing MONDAY, JULY 2nd, at 8:30 p.m.
In Aid of the War Funds of the

Red Cross Society and the Daughters of the Empire

This performance will be produced under the same theatrical and business management as the Christmas Pantomime, "Puss in Boots," when a *minimum* of expense was incurred, and thousands of persons were turned away because the *maximum* of seats were sold

ALL SEATS RESERVED

Box Office now transferred by the Superfluties Committee of the Red Cross Society to the Royal Victoria Theatre. Hours, 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Phone 5152

VICTORIA THEATRES ARE PRIDE OF CITY

Twenty Years Ago There Was Only One; Now, Ten and All Leaders—Evolution of Moving Pictures and Vaudeville Here—Citizens Offered Wealth of Amusement

As a theatrical centre Victoria has fast been making history during the past decade. The growth of the moving picture and vaudeville business throughout the West has accounted for remarkable expansion in every section of the country on both sides of the line, but nowhere has progress been more conspicuous than in Victoria.

What is noteworthy is the fact that less than twenty years ago the city had but one theatre, that was entitled to such a designation. Since then over a dozen theatres have been built and operated from time to time, and today Victoria boasts the possession of nine houses, all of them leaders in their class.

The people of Victoria can well pride themselves on the wealth of amusement which they have at their disposal, for it is now generally admitted that no city on the Pacific seaboard is better provided with theatres than their own. Such playhouses as the Royal Victoria, the Pantages, Hamilton and others would be a credit to any city, and for their requirements the Columbia, Romano, Majestic, Empress and Princess could be little improved.

In **Quilboe Days** There probably never was a time, except during the first three or four years of its existence, when Victoria could not lay claim to a single theatre. In fact, the theatrical history of the city is practically synonymous with the history of the city itself, for Victoria, before the present-day organizations were established, was regarded as one of the principal attractions for moving entertainers in the Northwest. The old Royal Theatre of Cariboo gold rush and Hudson Bay days did not have many points in common with the palatial Royal Victoria Theatre of today, but it was a theatre none the less, and the way it was crowded night after night would have done credit to many a house of the present day. While the prosperity in the Cariboo gold fields lasted all went well with the theatrical business in Victoria, but when the mines temporarily gave out, ready money became scarce, and people began to quit the country, it was dealt a hard blow that almost forced it beyond the rallying point. Occasional where the amateur talent of the town rushed to the rescue of the stranded professionals and presented entertainments for the benefit of the visitors were not infrequent, but even then the travelling performers did not often leave Victoria with happy recollections of their engagements here.

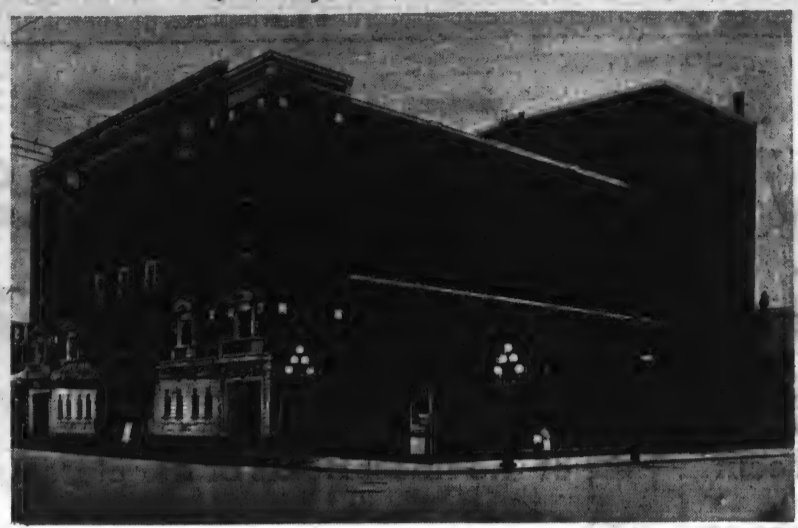
Only One Theatre. For years Victoria boasted of only one theatre. It was used only by road shows and for the production of amateur performances. About twenty-five years ago the Old Victoria Theatre, Douglas Street, was built. At the time it was thought to be almost too good for the city, and in it Victoria took considerable pride.

Victoria saw vaudeville for the first time in 1899. It was then that the Searchlight theatre was built on Fort Street by Jim McConahy. McConahy, who brought along with him the first moving picture machine also; the machine itself was one of the big features for the show, and it was operated from such a location in the theatre that it could be seen by passersby through a glass window.

Veteran Operator. A man named Fred Dawes, who travelled with McConahy was the operator, but before many shows had been given here he found himself in need of an assistant, and enlisted Maynard F. Macdonald, Macdonald is the real veteran of the moving picture business in Victoria. Ever since that eventful day in 1899, when he was called in to help at the Searchlight he has been associated with the picture game in Victoria, and for the past three years has been operator at Pantages Theatre. He remembers the day when he and a man in Seattle were practically the only operators in the Northwest, and if anything went wrong with the machinery, it was often that one would have to make the trip across the Sound to consult the other as to how the repairing should be done. Probably no one on the Coast has seen the long and varied service in the movie business that Macdonald has. He has seen them all come and go. No man is better qualified to speak of the early theatrical history of Victoria.

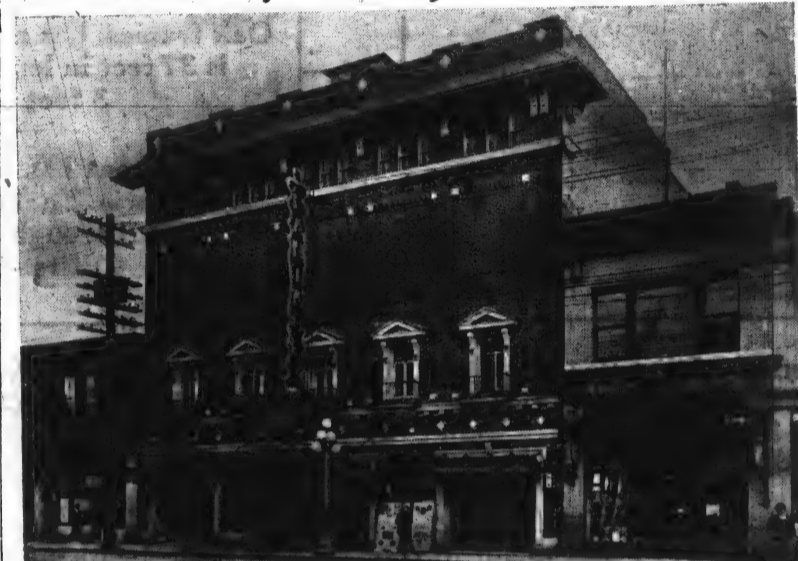
Searchlight Theatre Opens. At the old Searchlight Theatre the picture shows were considered to be pretty good when they lasted as long as ten minutes. The principal subjects shown were fire engines racing down a street, or a passenger train in motion. These seemed to be the most popular, and while 10 cents was charged for each performance, there was always an eager audience. The films were about 25 feet long, and before being run off on the reel had to be pasted together so that the picture might give some pretence of being continuous. The machine itself was operated by hand, and the films ran along a complicated system of spools, and after being flashed on the screen curled up in a heap on the floor. By the time the performance was ended, the whole operating room would be strewn with celluloid. The supply of pictures came at that time almost exclusively from the Edison works at Orange, N. J., and there were a few from Europe, where they were made by a French concern. There was nothing like the present system of production and distribution. Films had to be ordered and paid for by mail in the same way that any ordinary commodity would be bought by mail order today. There were no seats in the Searchlight, but it had standing room for fifty or sixty people. A performance constituted showing the train and

Victoria's \$400,000 Palatial Playhouse



The Royal Victoria Theatre, one of the finest homes of legitimate drama on the Pacific Coast, which, owing to the effect of the war on conditions on the speaking stage, has been temporarily devoted to exploiting screen stars

The Home of Variety Plus Excellence



Pantages Vaudeville Theatre, where Victorians throw aside dull care for frivolity, fun and cleverness

fire engine pictures three or four times one after the other, and the machine was kept in operation from early afternoon till evening. McConahy was making a pile of money, and would have kept on indefinitely had the supply of film held out. But in time the train and the fire engine began to get monotonous and attendance decreased. McConahy tried his best to secure another supply, but failed, and went on the road again, somewhat discouraged.

First Moving Pictures. George W. Boyd was the next picture promoter to arrive here. He leased some property where the King Edward Hotel office now stands, and there installed his theatre. He did not bother giving the space a name, but lost no time in starting his performance. The machine he brought in was the first to be operated without the spool arrangement. The film was of about 800 feet, and by closely turning the crank of the machine the picture would last possibly fifteen minutes. The pictures were then beginning to have a semblance of a plot to them. Boyd's most popular one was "Cinderella." This was about the only one he did show, with the exception of a few scenic pictures, which lasted about two or three minutes. The house had a capacity for about 50 or 75 people, and every day it was filled by a marvellous audience.

That was in 1900. A few weeks later McConahy came back, having finally succeeded in securing some new pictures. One was of a Mexican bull fight and the other showed the funeral of Queen Victoria. These were regarded as masterpieces, and while they did not take long to show, McConahy felt that they were well worth 25 cents and 50 cents for admission. He set up the old A. O. U. W. Hall to serve as a theatre and hired a band to play outside. The whole was a most pretentious affair, but it proved to be just what was wanted by Victoria, and McConahy left town afterwards in much better spirits than he did the first time.

Pantages Was Cook Here. It may be news to Victorians and to a good many others as well to know that at that time Alexander Pantages, who now controls the biggest chain of vaudeville houses in the United States, was then a cook at the Maryland Cafe in this city. McConahy's success was apparently an inspiration to him, and of a sudden he made up his mind that the lure of the theatrical game was greater than that of serving hash and sandwiches. He left the cafe and started up a show of his own in the little theatre just vacated by McConahy. He called it the Orpheum, and there he staged the first real vaudeville bill to be seen by Victorians. His company consisted of Kate Rockwell, a versatile actress, singer and dancer; Fred Tracey, a singer, and Charlie Johnson, who did the stage shifting, took the money at the door and made himself useful in whatever other capacity he could.

Moving pictures had gained a good deal of popularity then, and Pantages soon saw that he could not do without them. He made a systematic search for an operator, and finally secured Maynard Macdonald, who had worked under both McConahy and Boyd. But, after getting the operator, Pantages discovered that a machine was still wanting. Fortune favored him, however. There was a shoemaker here at the time who had also foreseen the profits in the picture business, and had bought himself the necessary equipment to work on his own account. Lack of finances was the shoemaker's stumbling block, so that when Pantages made him an offer he was glad to accept it.

His company intact, and having secured his pictures, Pantages set himself to the task of improving his theatre. For several days the whole company was engaged in building a new stage, arranging chairs, and an elaborate procession of wall paper of the centre was a gaudy hue. The stage lights were set by Macdonald. There was no scenery. The front of the theatre was built of rough boards, and a doorway was cut through them. About fifty chairs were distributed about the room and in the centre was a wood stove. Macdonald recalls that no matter how thrilling might be the scenes enacted on the stage at the time, Johnson never failed to go about the laborious task of stocking up on the pictures which were invariably attended by a good deal of noise in the discomfiture of both players and the audience.

"The Serpentine Dancer" The performances at the Orpheum were continuous from 2 to 5 in the afternoon and from 7:30 in the evening until everyone in town had gone home. One new year's eve the show lasted until 2:30 the next morning. Besides the pictures, the programme consisted of an illustrated song by Tracey and an act by Kate Rockwell, who was billed as Madame Lotus, the Serpentine Dancer. The operator's job was no easier in those days. Macdonald's task was to learn the literature by heart, and while they turned the crank was obliged to use all the vocal power of their command to tell the audience what the films illustrated. After an all-day session, the operator usually felt that he had earned his salary. The films were then stored in a room, and the projector fell in a heap on the floor, or into a gunny-sack, which was often provided at the rear of the machine to catch them as they passed out. When the show was over the whole film had to be re-wound in preparation for the next. Pictures showing the antics of the two colored comedians, Bert Williams and Walker, as well as Weber and Fields, were then the most in demand.

Spent Lots of Money The Pantages Company made plenty of money at the Orpheum, but it proved to be a better spender than an earner. Salaries were paid every day; otherwise they probably never would have been paid at all. After two months of operation, when the rent on the theatre became due, the company found itself mildly bankrupt. One afternoon the sheriff entered the theatre and was about to seize the properties for rent. After some debate, the sheriff was forced to concede that the assets of the company were not even of sufficient value to seize, with the one exception of the films and the lens in the picture machine. Mr. Macdonald was the only actual employee of the company; the others divided the profits, so he was appointed a deputy sheriff with the condition that each night he should take the lens and roll of films home with him as security for the Government. In the meantime the company was instructed to go ahead with its performances in an effort to make a full settlement as soon as the necessary cash had been taken at the box office.

Trained Men to Escape Madame Sahl and her troupe of trained lions came to the rescue of Pantages, and just at the most opportune moment. Eager to pay up the debt, the

company reported the usual plan of splitting the revenue with road companies, and gave Madame Sobel 40 per cent, the company holding the remainder. The prices were raised to \$5 again, and that helped too. Madame Sobel stayed two weeks, and one of those was Christmas week, 1911. The lions, although somewhat feeble, were the means of drawing enormous crowds, for although the seating capacity of the little theatre was limited, from night to night performances were given

ever, and closed up the Olympia, and in its place established La Follie Crystal, which was a considerable improvement on its predecessor. Several other picture shows opened up about that time. A man named Harding started one at the site now occupied by the Wilson Hotel, Yates Street. The Edison Theatre was located further south in the same street near where the Olympia Café stands today. Another, the Caesar, stood on the property adjacent to Dean & Macleod's drugstore.

Bijou Theatre stands now, and as it is built a foundation but no more. He was at a loss to know what to do with it until Mr. Jameson impressed upon him the prospects of the site for a moving picture house. That was the birth of the old Grand Theatre. Eighteen days after the conversation with Mr. Jameson, Mr. Hepburn had erected the theatre and the first performance was held. That was in 1904. Sullivan & Co. had then entered the horizon of the theatrical world, and

Then entered Mr. E. J. Quagliotti, present owner of the Romano and Empress theatres. He built the Romano, then the Empress and later the Majestic about 1910. Mr. Quagliotti is probably the best known moving picture magnate in British Columbia today. The Crystal Theatre was built on Broad Street a short while later; then the Variety Theatre, the Dominion, the Royal Victoria, the Fantages and the Columbia—the latter five all within the past five years.

tion is one of the most complete on the Coast. Not only for the house lighting proper, but also for the stage effects, the very latest system has been installed. The color and decorative scheme is rich and attractive. The structure is in every way fireproof, the operator's room being fitted with automatic fixtures that will flood the place with water in case of a conflagration. The theatre has a total seating capacity of 1,000: 650 on the lower floor and 350 in the large balcony.

Decision is one of its attractions. This is played by Mr. George Hill, whose aim is to have the music at all times symphonize with the theme of the picture.

policy has asserted itself in the way he has conducted the theatre since taking charge three months ago. Patrons of the Romano have every reason to be delighted with the programme of releases that Mr. Deluca has been offering them lately, and he stated that an even better quality of pictures will shortly be available. Bluebird and Red Feather features have been shown at the Romano during the past few months. The Butterfly film, an improvement on the Red Feather pictures, will be shown here by Mr. Deluca, a week from tomorrow. The Romano Theatre has a seating capacity of 450, and is owned in conjunction with the Empress Theatre by Mr. E. J. Quagliotti.

A Rendezvous for Youth and All Ages



Interior view of the Dominion Motion Picture Theatre, roomy, comfy and spacious, where Victorians flock to admire their screen favorites

each day, lasting three-quarters of an hour. On Christmas Eve, however, the popularity of the show met with sudden death. While Madame Sobel was going about her usual duty of cleaning the lions' cage, one of her cats uttered a playful, but very loud, growl. A child in the front row of seats cried out that the lions had escaped. The alarm given, the audience made a charge for the door, knocking over chairs and the wood stoves in its excitement. The little door out in the rough-hewn lumber, which had been artistically covered with cheap wall paper, proved to be too small for the crowd, and under the impetus of the whole front of the theatre gave way. Charlie Johnson mounted the box office, and tried to persuade the refugees that the lions were still caged, but his efforts had no effect.

Harding's house and the Caesar were short lived. This left it for the Crystal and the Edison to fight it out. Big prices were not the rule then for road shows. A man who brought in a marionette show asked for \$40 a week. Such a demand, if agreed to, would have put the theatre out of running altogether. The Crystal finally gave him \$40 and paid his travelling expenses. A feature of the Crystal's programme then was the singing of Len Spencer, now prominent as a phonograph singer. Professor Walter Parks arrived about that time from the North, bringing with him some negatives of films showing the White Pass and Yukon route. These were considered a gold mine. Boyd didn't even wait to develop or print them, but put them on the screen just as they were. The show ran a week, and tickets sold at 25 cents.

the Grand Theatre was included in their circuit. Against this competition the smaller shows could not exist and they gradually dropped out, leaving the Grand the only one in the field, with the exception of the Savoy, a "honky-tonk" dance hall of somewhat notorious reputation, which had existed where the Columbia Theatre now stands for over a decade. The Grand bought out the Savoy and the New Grand was built there in its stead, the building on Johnson Street being locked up so as to do away with the possibility of anyone opening it up and "bucking" the New Grand. The Fantages company took over the place subsequently, but by that time Johnson Street as a theatrical location had been killed. Fantages gave up the fight.

Shortly afterwards Fantages went to Seattle, opened up the Crystal Theatre on Second Avenue and laid the foundation for the present great theatrical circuit which bears his name.

Birth of Grand Theatre
Mr. Robert Jameson, manager of the Victoria Book & Stationery Company, was then manager of the Victoria Theatre, operating it under the direction of its proprietor, Mr. J. Bonowitz, as a side line. The two disagreed, and Mr. Jameson severed his connection with the theatre. Mr. Hepburn owned some property on Johnson Street, where the

Slagers Shifted Scenery.
Meantime the moving picture films had reached a maximum length of 1,000 feet, but all machines were hand operated. There were no scene shifters' unions then, and the man who sang the illustrated songs was always the stage manager and had to do the work done by four now.

There is no finer theatre on the Pacific Coast than the Royal Victoria Theatre, Victorians who have travelled appreciate that fact, and it has time and again been expressed by distinguished actors and theatrical people who happen to visit this city. It was designed and built in 1912, and was given the best equipment in up-to-date in every feature, there being a complete change of air in every section of the auditorium every four minutes, this making it ideal in summer as well as in the winter. The theatre is magnificent in its architectural sense and the artistic design of the interior probably has no equal in Canada.

Possessing facilities for staging the latest productions—a fact which was fully impressed during the Winter and Spring of 1914, the Royal Victoria Theatre on account of the war has been forced to entertain almost entirely the booking of road shows, except at long intervals. In their stead, however, are being shown the highest class of motion pictures and all the big feature photographs. No doubt, after the war, the theatre will revert to the presentation of spoken drama and comedy, and will probably fill in the vacant dates with the larger moving picture productions. For the coming Summer Manager Clifford Denham has already booked some of the most powerful pictures of the day, such as "The Whip," the great DeWolf Hopper drama, "The Deemster," by Hall Caine; Sarah Bernhardt in "The Mothers of France," and all the latest Mary Pickford releases. The Royal Victoria is getting an exclusive line of Artercraft pictures, in which such popular film stars as Mary Pickford, Douglas Fairbanks, and Clara Kimball Young figure.

Stage Big Productions.
The Royal Victoria has already demonstrated its capability of staging some of the most stupendous stage productions ever presented. Here is a list of the more important plays which have been given since the opening late in 1913: "Kismet," with Otis Skinner; "The Light That Failed," and other plays, with Forbes Robertson; "The Only Way," and repertoire, Martin Harvey; "Diarrell," George Arliss; "The Whip"; Robert Mantell, Gertrude Hoffman; Shakespearean repertoire, William Faversham; Gilbert & Sullivan operas, with DeWolf Hopper; Nat Goodwin, Henry Irving, Maria Tempest; the Quinlan Opera Company; "Fog O'Neil in 'Peg O' My Heart';" Billie Burke, Anna Pavlova, Maude Adams, John Drew, Rose Stahl, Ruth St. Denis; "Omar the Tentmaker."

The local Fantages Theatre, under the management of Mr. J. H. Rice, is one of the most modern and best-equipped houses on the whole Pacific coast, which takes in twenty-seven cities from here to Chicago eastward, and to Kansas City southward. It was opened May 13, 1914. The electrical installa-

tion is one of the most complete on the Coast. Not only for the house lighting proper, but also for the stage effects, the very latest system has been installed. The color and decorative scheme is rich and attractive. The structure is in every way fireproof, the operator's room being fitted with automatic fixtures that will flood the place with water in case of a conflagration. The theatre has a total seating capacity of 1,000: 650 on the lower floor and 350 in the large balcony.

The popularity of the Fantages has increased 50 per cent year to year, there being a steady improvement in the acts presented, many of the novelty turns being such that only a country-wide organization such as the Fantages chain of theatres could afford to produce. The orchestra is under the direction of Mr. Benedict Bentley.

Domestic Shows
The Dominion Theatre, under the management of Mr. J. P. Robertson, has followed a progressive policy ever since its opening four years ago last May, and its reputation as an exhibitor of the best in pictures has been enhanced right along. With an accommodation for 300 persons, the theatre is owned by the Victoria Dominion Theatre Company, in conjunction with the Dominion Theatre Company, of which Mr. J. R. Muir Vancouver, is managing director. Among the big productions that the Dominion has handled are "Quo Vadis," "The Last Days of Pompeii," and other George Klein features, including "Gloria's Remorse," now running, with Billie Burke. At present, the Dominion is showing an exclusive line of Fox and Metro pictures, starring

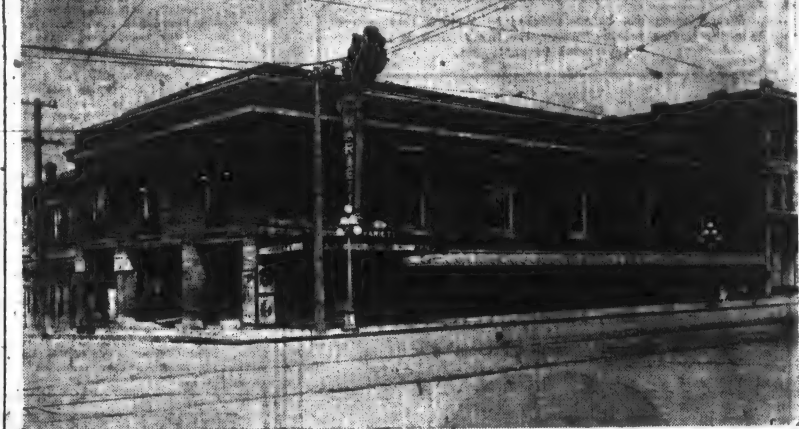
Decision is one of its attractions. This is played by Mr. George Hill, whose aim is to have the music at all times symphonize with the theme of the picture.

World and Fox releases of the best standard have been adding materially to the already firmly-established popularity of the Columbia Theatre, which is being operated under Mr. E. Clark. Among the stars appearing in this line are House Peters, Kitty Gordon, Alice Brady, and others, although the Columbia pictures are not usually marked by any "star" work, but rather by all-round excellence of the whole company. Charlie Chaplin has been drawing huge crowds at the Columbia.

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The Columbia Theatre was remodelled from the old Empress in 1912, and now accommodates 700 persons. The orchestra is under the capable direction of Mr. Goody Willis.

Popular Shrine to the Drama of Silence



The Variety Theatre, designed for both vaudeville and pictures, but at present devoted solely to catering to the enjoyment of a large clientele of movie fans

Harold Lockwood and May Allison; Edna Stevens, Emmy Whelan, Mabel Talliferro, Ethel Barrymore, Theda Bara, and Virginia Pearson, William Farnum, Bertha Calich, June Caprice, Stuart Holman, and George Walsh. The line-up of stars for bookings ahead indicate that the theatre's past records will be excelled. The big pipe organ at the

well seven inches thick, while all wiring is in metal conduits. The lamps are of approximately 60,000 candle-power.

Mr. Joe Deluca, of the Romano Theatre, is one of the youngest and most enterprising picture-house managers in the West, and his aggressive, wide-awake

Photo by R. L. Poesch. Killed by Explosion. TRINIDAD, Colo., June 30.—Four men, including Superintendent J. P.

A. Gonnason, President B. Gonnason, Vice-President F. Nickells, Sec.-Treas.

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Presents the Distinguished Stage Star

Margaret Illington

"SACRIFICE"

By Charles Kenyon, Author of Some of Miss Illington's Greatest Stage Successes

Miss Illington will be remembered by Victoria theatregoers in the leading role in "Within the Law." This is her first appearance in photoplays.

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ROMANO

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Special Attraction Presenting



Beautiful NEVA GERBER in the Great Serial, "The Voice on the Wire"

The Clever Screen Star

Jack Mulhall

in
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A Master Play of Love and Romance
Special Music on the Organ by Mr. G. Paulin

COLUMBIA THEATRE

William Fox Presents the Famous Vampire Woman

THEDA BARA

"Secrets of Society"

Special Return Engagement by Request
SPECIAL MUSIC BY PROF. WILLIE'S ORCHESTRA
10c—ADMISSION—10c
Children, 5c
Box Seats, 25c

To Prevent Gas Gangrene
NEW YORK, June 30.—A gas gangrene anti-toxin which may save thousands of lives for the Allies at the front has been discovered by Dr. Carroll G. Bull, of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, it was announced today. A large percentage of arm and leg amputations among wounded fighting men is necessitated by gas gangrene infection. Dr. Bull's discovery will be sent to France to be tried.

Honored by France
MONTREAL, June 30.—News has been received here from France that Major Royal L. H. Ewing, M. C., now serving at the front as second in command of the 42nd Highlanders of Montreal, has been awarded the Croix de Chevalier, of the Legion of Honor, for distinguished service in the field, receiving at the same time the congratulations of the army corps and divisional commanders. Major Ewing was awarded the Military Cross of the British Army in November, 1916. He went overseas in the Spring of 1916 as a Lieutenant.

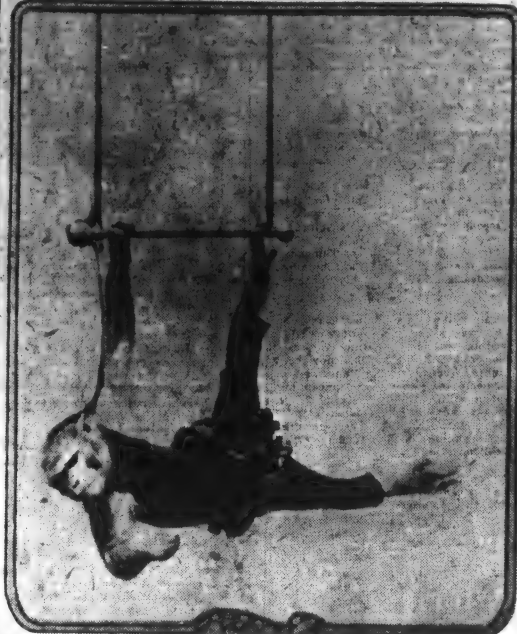
At the Playhouses

THEATRE GUIDE

PANTAGES—Canadian War Pictures and vaudeville all week.
Royal Victoria—The Caliph of Bagdad for the Red Cross all week.
Gorge Park—The Smart Set, offering a special holiday attraction.
Feature Films
For First Half of the Week
Dominion—Mabel Taliaferro in "A Wife by Proxy."
Variety—Margaret Illington in "Sacrifice."
Columbia—Theda Bara in "Secrets of Society."
Romano—Jack Mulhall in "The Hero of the Hour."

PANTAGES The programme at the Theatre Pantages Theatre this week will present features of more than ordinary interest. The feature to the vaudeville bill will be the first instalment of the new series of "Canada's Fighting Forces," the official motion picture record of Canada's part in this war, taken under the direction of the Canadian War Records Department. Of all the films that have come out of the war, none will have offered truer interest to Victorians than this new series photographed by Lieut. D. J. Dwyer, for several hundred men from Victoria are said to be plainly recognizable on the screen in the many close-up views of operations at the front. Especially will this be true of the section devoted to the aviation service, where the exploits of many of the popular Victoria boys form the features of the pictures. A battle scene in which the advance under shell fire the signaller and the trench catapults, are splendidly shown is one of the big features of the infantry pictures, while other interesting features are those portions of the film dealing with the bringing down of the first zeppelin on English soil, the hospitals for Canadians, and the searchlight display, as seen over the city of London every night.

A big feature of the vaudeville programme will be the presentation of the already famous corps of twelve Seattle High School Maidens in a series of patriotic drills on the stage. These girls are touring the continent with a patriotic purpose and are giving the whole of the big salary for their spectacular presentation to the United States Red Cross Society. This means that they are fighting for the Allied cause at the front. Their offering is one of the most entrancing novelties ever launched in vaudeville.



One of the seven highly trained monkeys of the Girard Troupe, which gives a marvelous exhibition on the Pantages bill this week.

(Robert Walker) until it has advanced to a degree that makes "Jerry" task to thwart it almost a hopeless one.

But with dogged determination and ready wit, "Jerry" bravely makes the sacrifice that is demanded of her, and the scheming of the adventuress is thwarted. Unlike the ordinary problems which confront the newly arrived immigrant, that which Jerry has to solve is one laid in the home where she is living, and concerns the welfare of her employer—for whom she holds a secret and powerful love.

VARIETY Margaret Illington, the distinguished star of the speaking stage, will make her debut on the photodramatic screen

noticeable. "The Hero of the Hour," which will be offered at the Romano for the first three days of this week, is a picture of that calibre, and that is why it is issued, not only as a feature, but as a special feature. Eugene B. Lewis wrote the story and made the screen adaptation, and then Raymond Wells took charge of the production, with Jack Mulhall as his principal assistant. Jack will certainly add thousands to the list shown. He not only has the best part in his career, but he gets away with it to the King's taste.

COLUMBIA As is customary with all THEATRE William Fox productions, the cast of his latest success, "Secrets of Society," which is being offered on Columbia screen commencing tomorrow, is far above the average photo-drama cast. Theda Bara, who created such a furor by her marvellously artistic portrayals of the Vampire woman in "A Fool There Was" and "The Devil's Daughter," quite surpasses herself in her latest vehicle. The story of the woman, cursed by an hereditary malady, that causes her to attempt her own husband's life, and to bring misery upon her own, is one of thrilling dramatic power. This production will undoubtedly be considered one of the greatest vehicles that has yet been furnished Miss Bara.

In support of Miss Bara, there appear Clifford Bruce, who starred in many well-known Broadway productions before entering the field of the Silent Drama under the banner of William Fox; Stephen Gratten, who among many other successes created the title role in the original production of "The Prisoner of Zenda"; W. Riley Hatch, who played the title part in the Fox production of the "Plunderer"; Warner Richmond, Fraser Coulter, Catherine Adams, and many other whose names are equally well and favorably known to theatre and motion picture lovers.

GORGE PARK A special programme is arranged for the holiday on Monday, by the Smart Set Concert Party at Gorge Park, and several extra artistes have been engaged. Eleanor Harrison, who made such a big hit last week with her comedy songs, will present some new character sketches and impersonations of London music hall artistes.

A new sketch will be presented entitled "The Artist's Model," and will prove the funniest ever attempted by this versatile company.

Miss Peggy Lewis, who has always something bright to offer, has a selection of new songs which will soon be



MISS MABEL TALIAFERRO

Who will be seen in the feature play, "A Wife by Proxy," at the Dominion.

Edward Blondell and Katharine Cain will offer the comedy playlet entitled "The Boy From Home," which abounds in comedy situations and funny patter; giving Mr. Blondell many opportunities to display his histrionic talent to great advantage.

Miller and Lyles, two-colored comedians, will offer a most unusual comedy, singing, talking and dancing awfully; they claim to be blessed with ignorance, which is a source of great amusement for the audience.

The Four Gillespie Girls, billed as "The Queens of Harmony," will offer a repertoire of popular numbers and display some gorgeous gowns.

Mr. Gerard will present an animal novelty which is the acme of the trainer's art. His wonderful monkeys will provide unbounded amusement with their antics on the trapeze, performing at the same time many of the difficult feats of the human acrobats. It is an act which will appeal tremendously to old and young alike.

There will be no extra performances on Dominion Day. The matinee commences at 2 p.m. and the evening performances at 7 and 9 o'clock.

DOMINION In the new Metro-Rolfe wonderplay, "A Wife by Proxy," which will be shown at the Dominion Theatre on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Mabel Taliaferro the star, figures in a "quadrangle" of love and intrigue. The four characters in the "quadrangle" are: A man without a soul, an adventuress, a young man whose fortune and happiness are the spoils sought for, and a witty, clever, little immigrant girl, "Jerry," who battles with great odds and wins out in the finish in a manner that is startling.

Miss Taliaferro, as the little immigrant, transplanted to a great American city, is confronted with problems which she solves by simplicity and truthfulness. Always alert and keen about protecting the man she loves, little "Jerry" in "A Wife by Proxy" wins sympathy, admiration and stirs the heart.

The scheming of the adventuress ("Sally Crane") is well planned, and her purpose and that of her partner in crime, while evident to the audience is not known by "Jerry" and young Burbeck

in the gripping and vivid drama, "Sacrifice," written especially for her by Charles Kenyon, and prepared for the screen by Beatrice C. DeMille and Leighton Osmun. "Sacrifice" is a Lasky-Paramount picture which will be the attraction at the Variety Theatre Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

An unusual incident is in the fact that Miss Illington will make her screen debut in a story by the same author in whose play, "Kindling," she scored her greatest dramatic triumph. As soon as the story "Sacrifice" appears on the screen, Mr. Kenyon will prepare a version of it for the speaking stage.

Ever since her first appearance before the footlights, Miss Illington has been one of the most distinguished and popular stars on the American stage. Her wonderful performance in "The Thief," which ran for over a year in New York City, established Miss Illington as one of the country's most successful emotional actresses. Later she repeated her success in "Kindling," which was hailed by all as one of the most unusual and appealing plays of the decade.

Still later, Miss Illington won fresh laurels in "Within the Law." In "Sacrifice" Miss Illington plays a dual role—that of the daughter of a high Government official and as a notorious dancer in a small principality of Europe. To play a double role requires a great deal of knowledge of dramatic technique and experience before the camera, but so adaptable was Miss Illington to the silent art that she was given this unusual task at the outset.

The Lasky Company has surrounded Miss Illington with a cast of unusual excellence, including Jack Holt, Winter Hall and Noah Beery.

The scenes, laid as they are amid the principalities of Europe, are unusual in their beauty, and the production is made in the usual thorough Lasky manner under the direction of Frank Retcher.



MISS PEGGY LEWIS
Comedian of the Smart Set entertainers at the Gorge Park.

popular, and Mr. Marc Dale is preparing some funny interludes to amuse the holiday audience.

Today the smart set give two sacred concerts at 8 and 9 p.m. and offer a high class entertainment with musical songs and dramatic monologues.

Next Tuesday is reserved for Sellers' Night, when the jolly Jack Tars are invited to come forward and display their talent. Judging by these jolly boys, there is a treat in store, especially for lovers of the old-fashioned English Cockney songs. Mr. Marc Dale is offering a prize of a wrist watch for the sailor whose efforts receive the most applause.

Learn Wireless or Morse Telegraphy, Ladies or Gentlemen, Here! now, Superior Schools.

Dominion

Monday
Tuesday and
Wednesday

MABEL TALIAFERRO

In One of the Best Screen Dramas of Her Career

"A Wife by Proxy"



MABEL TALIAFERRO IN "A WIFE BY PROXY"

BILLIE BURKE

The Star Supreme

Gloria's Romance

Chapter Eight

ROYAL VICTORIA

One Week Commencing Monday, July 9
Continuous Performances, 2 to 11 p.m.
Matinee, 10c and 15c
Evening, 15c and 25c

Presented Under the Auspices of the Victoria Branch of the French Red Cross Society, Who Will Benefit From Every Performance

Mme. Sarah Bernhardt

The World's Greatest Actress in the Crowning Triumph of Her Triumphant Career

Mothers of France

A Powerful Photoplay That You Will Understand. You Will Appreciate its Timeliness, its Pathos, its Drama, its Scenic Treasures, Historical Value and its Battle Scenes and Thrills

Photographed Under the Auspices of the French Government, Which is Part Owner of This Soul-Inspiring Masterpiece

PANTAGES THEATRE

ALL THIS WEEK

Girard's Monkeys

A Novel and Out-of-the-Ordinary Animal Act
7—Monkeys—7

MILLER AND LYLES

Laugh-Makers—"Blessed With Ignorance"

Ed Blondell & Co.

An Old Favorite—"The Boy From Home"

Four Gillespie Girls

Queens of Harmony

HIGH SCHOOL GIRLS

Patriotic Drills in Aid of the American Red Cross

Canada's Fighting Forces

Taken at the Front by Lieut. Dwyer—in Three Installments: First—"Our Generals," "Battle of Jutland," "Outlines Stations" and "Motor Boat Patrol"

Vancouver Island Briefs

DUNCAN

The contract for the erection of the new King's Presbyterian church at Duncan has been awarded to the Island Building Co. of Vancouver at a price of something over \$4,000. Work is to begin at once. The cost of the new building is higher than expected because of the increase in the price of materials, since specifications for rebuilding were being...

The Duncan Board of Trade is advocating the registration of boys and girls to take up farm work in the summer to relieve the labor shortage.

Examinations at the Duncan High School held by Principal A. B. Thorpe have resulted in the promotion of the preliminary to the junior grade of the following pupils with these marks: Dorothy Casley, 75 out of 100; Leo Barham, 70; Olive Dinco, 67; Margaret Jones, 58; Hector Marsh, 67; Jeannette Herd, 61; Irene Morris, 63; Kathleen Hoy, 64; Doris Gray, 63. Six of the pupils of the school wrote on the advanced junior course examinations last week. With high marks on the advanced course in applied science, while Harry Smith wrote his matriculation and Miss Laura Henderson the supplementary matriculation.

Forty-five pupils of the public schools of the Cowichan district wrote on the entrance examinations last week at Duncan. Forty-two of these were from Duncan.

Principal A. B. Thorpe, on his retirement from the Duncan public school, was presented with an address from the pupils. The address was read by Duncan Campbell. Miss Florence Casley presented him with an inkstand.

Prizes for the entrance class of the Duncan public school have been awarded as follows: Dr. Dykes' prize for arithmetic, Claude Bell; the Rev. A. F. Munro's prize for arithmetic, Bernard Ryal; Mrs. H. B. Ryal's prize for geography, Miss Marion Fox; attendance prize, Miss Florence Casley; department prize, Miss Olive Van Norman.

Eighty-six games and two matches to play, may yet win out. Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. Jaynes, Mrs. Blackwood-Wilman and Mrs. Skrimshire were responsible for the white lunch of chicken patties, jellied veal, galantine, salads and sweet. Mrs. Stillwell, Mrs. G. O. Carr, Mrs. Ivers, Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Ernest Price had charge of the tea and ice cream booths. The work staff of plain and fancy needlework was in charge of Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Jaynes and Mrs. Carr. Cakes, candies, Miss Alexander, strawberries and cream, Mrs. Hayward; fish pond, Mrs. Elkhorn; bean board, Miss Evelyn Bassett; clock golf, Mrs. E. Price; the prizes for which were won by Miss Matilda Douglas and Mr. F. L. Kingston. The annual picnic of the Cowichan Lake school took place at the beach. The amount presented by Mrs. Blackwood-Wilman was \$100. The school was won by Mr. Robertson. The school weight of a duck, presented by Mrs. Stephenson, was guessed by Mrs. Edgington and Master P. Day, who shared the cake.

The owners in the Cowichan district will now have more than the new Provincial dog license of \$1 for males and \$2 for females. Constable Kier has charge of the collection of these and also of the \$4 head tax for every male resident who does not pay property tax, and the \$1 business license for the amount of \$1.

Miss Gladys Bell, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Meadley Bell, of Duncan, was married last Sunday afternoon to Mr. F. D. Pollock, of the Hillcrest at Esquimalt. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. F. Munro at the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Duncan. The bride's sister, Miss H. W. Bell, was bridesmaid, and the bridegroom's brother, Mr. Jack Pollock, was best man. The bride wore white satin, trimmed with passementerie, and veil covered with orange blossoms. Her travelling dress was a pearl grey silk poplin suit with pink chiffon blouse, black hat relieved with pink roses. The church was decorated for the wedding by members of the Ladies' Guild with ivy, maple leaves, snowballs, white pinks and foxgloves. A large bell of...

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municipal work being carried on in Duncan, however.

The rosined necktie donated by Miss R. O. Evans brought in \$7.05 for the Red Cross when it was raffled in the Cowichan Women's Institute. The winning ticket was No. 31.

Pts. J. B. Bell is a prisoner of war, it is now officially announced.

According to unofficial reports, Pts. William Macaulay, formerly of the staff of the Cowichan Leader, has been killed in action.

A dispute between two Chinese over a chicken worth \$1.50 occupied a large part of the time of the county court at Duncan sitting under Judge Barker. Both Chinese had legal representatives.

Mr. R. Clayton Fawcett, E. & S. agent at Duncan, is rapidly recovering from the operation he underwent last Tuesday at the Duncan Hospital.

Mr. W. L. B. Young, of Duncan, has gone to Long Beach, Cal., because of the death there of his father, Mr. Henry Young.

Capt. Lewis Emerson Clark, M.D., who was killed by shellfire while attending wounded on June 7, was the son of Mr. E. F. Clark, now of 355 Eighth Avenue West, Vancouver, and formerly teacher at the Duncan public school. Capt. Clark was only 25 years of age, and was graduated from McGill in 1913. He went overseas in May, 1916, as senior medical officer of a Montreal battalion.

"For many years it has happened that, whenever Mr. W. L. B. Young has returned to his hay, umbrellas are in order," says The Cowichan Leader. "Last week was no exception to the rule. Add to this weather influence the fact that the ladies of St. John's Guild planned an event, and that a car of ice was expected in Duncan, and one need not have been surprised at anything less than a deluge of rain."

The Cobble Hill and Shawnigan Lake Board of Trade is asking the Provincial Government to place danger signs on either side of the Malahat school grounds and on each side of the railway bridge at Raymond's Crossing.

New members are being added to the Cobble Hill and Shawnigan Lake Board of Trade.

Demands that all school trustees in the district realize the importance of manual and vocational training and have the schools take advantage of the offer of the Provincial Government for such training, are being made by the members of the Cobble Hill and Shawnigan Lake Board of Trade.

The Cobble Hill and Shawnigan Lake Board of Trade is protesting about the failure of the authorities to improve the Shawnigan-Cobble Hill and the Shawnigan-Mill Bay roads.

Forty members of the Cowichan Station local of the Union of Farmers of British Columbia at a meeting last week expressed their resentment at the taxes on farm lands that have been brought into force by the Provincial Government. Messrs. W. R. T. Tuckey and C. Wallich told of an interview they and other farmers had had with Premier Brewster. The members decided to pay their taxes this year, but will organize to stand off the assessment next year. Every farmer in the district will be enrolled.

Practically all the cottages, boat-houses and summer residences at Cowichan Bay have been taken.

Extensive logging operations are now being conducted on the old town site at Cowichan Bay, where Klein Bros. are getting out piles.

A big run of springs is due in the waters around Cowichan Bay about July 10.

The following contributions have been received towards the general expenses of the Dominion Day regatta at Cowichan Bay:—Dr. Lehman, \$1; C. T. Gibbons, \$10; A. Sutton, \$3; H. Ballard, \$5; A. M. Shaw, \$5; John Spears, \$25; Percy, Jr., \$2; Cowichan Leader, \$10; A. W. Hincham, \$3; W. H. Cresswell, \$5; P. Burns & Co., Ltd., \$10; Kelly, Douglas & Co., Ltd., \$10.

The body of August Felix Engstrom, who was drowned in Cowichan Lake on May 26, floated to the surface last Monday. Provincial Constable Kier took charge of it and an inquest was held by Dr. H. F. D. Stephens, R.N., coroner.

On Tuesday evening a new chapter of the Daughters of the Empire was organized at Courtenay by Mrs. McNeil, the organizer from Vancouver. There was a large gathering of the ladies of the district.

Mr. Seymour Greene, who has been taking a captain's course of three weeks at Work Point, has returned to Duncan.

Mrs. J. A. Cresswell, whose husband at the front is a son of Mr. E. T. Cresswell, Duncan, is now working as a sub-workman in a munitions factory in Essex.

Reports to the committee meeting last week show that the affairs of the Cowichan Orchestral Society are in good shape. Practices will be resumed on September 25.

Pts. Kenneth F. Duncan, who joined the Canadian Army Medical Corps at Victoria, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant.

Special services were held by the Rev. F. O. Christmas last Sunday at St. John Baptist Church, Duncan, to celebrate the saint's day. The Rev. F. O. Christmas preached, and after the service there was a short musical recital. At the organ Mr. C. W. Silence played "The Crucifixion" from "Madre's 'Creation and Salvation' 'Pasopale'." Notes were beautifully rendered by Mrs. W. Dobson, "Calvary," Mrs. O'Neill, "I Love the Lord" (Benedictus); and Mr. Ruscoble Poole, "Thou Art Passing Hence" (Gospel). The trio, "Lift Thine Eyes" from "Gildas" was sung by Mrs. O'Neill, Mrs. Coyne and Miss Seaton, and the quartet, "The Prodigal Son" (arranged by Parks), by the same ladies and Mrs. W. Dobson.

Government road gangs in the Cowichan district have been reduced almost to the vanishing point. There are not more than eight or ten men now employed there. There has been little or no decrease in the amount of...



MME. SARAH BERNHARDT

as she is seen in the leading role of the wonderful picturization of France's sacrifice in this great war, entitled "The Mothers of France," which will be shown next week at the Royal Victoria.

Madame Sarah Bernhardt is probably the most photographed woman in the world.

It is altogether likely that more photos have been taken of her than any other woman, for she is not only the world's foremost actress, but also the most famous of women.

So it is interesting to know which of all the multitude of photographs is Madame Bernhardt's favorite. With this article you will see a reproduction of her favorite.

This picture was taken in New York a couple of years ago on the occasion of her last appearance in this city under the auspices of the Victoria branch of the French Red Cross.

the district present at the Agricultural Hall to listen to Mrs. McNeil's address on the aim and object of the order.

After listening to the address the ladies decided to form a chapter which will be known as the 162nd Regina Trench, their motto being "Carry on, Carry on." The officers elected were: Regent, Mrs. D. Kilpatrick; first vice-regent, Mrs. (Capt.) Vigors; second vice-regent, Mrs. Fortescue; secretary, Mrs. R. Christie; "echo" secretary, Mrs. Glasbrook; educational secretary, Mrs. Smith; treasurer, Mrs. Cokeley; standard bearer, Mrs. Millard. Along with Mrs. H. Beadnell and Mrs. Jack McKenna, these are the charter members.

The following ladies signed their intention of becoming members: Mrs. J. H. MacIntyre, Mrs. A. Hoag, Mrs. E. Marshall, Elizabeth Gibson, Mary A. Parks, Alice M. Clark, Bertha Scobey, Annie Grive, Agnes Grive, Louise Hicks Beach, Emma Booth, Louisa Glasbrook, Doris Glasbrook, Ida Idens, Gertrude Cokeley, Mrs. J. Sutton, Edith Percy, Minnie Percy, Cecelia Davis, Mrs. McLeod, Isabella Percy, Mrs. H. B. Dawley, Alice McCuaig, Effie Swanson, Agnes Ferris, Mrs. Maud Ellison, Myra Thomson, Florrie Platt, Mrs. Burrows, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mrs. Forster, Mrs. C. W. Harris, Mrs. P. Cross, Mrs. N. H. Boden, Mrs. M. A. Campbell, L. McQuillan, W. Glasbrook, E. A. Hawkins, A. W. Joyce, Mrs. J. Cairns, Mrs. A. Starford, Mary Peck, Mrs. Ethel Kerion, Mrs. Gladys McCourt, Mrs. Leighton, Mrs. J. Coleman.

The Courtenay and Sandwick Auxiliary will hold their garden fête in the vicarage grounds on Tuesday, July 3, at 3 o'clock.

There will be no celebration of Dominion Day in Courtenay, but Campbell River will hold its thirtieth annual celebration, and there will be "doings" at Union Bay. Many Courtenay people expect to spend the day in these places.

"On my arrival at Courtenay I found the mountains concealed by the clouds about their bases, and it seemed doubtful whether I should see the famous glacier," says Bishop Schofield, writing of his recent visit to Courtenay. "However, the weather cleared eventually and I had an unforgettable view. It was on Sunday under an almost cloudless sky. We were returning from the little church at Sandwick when I got the perfect picture. In the foreground the river between the sharp banks, flanked by great cottonwood trees, a little outcragged strip of Courtenay; beyond, ranged after range of ever bluer fir forested hills; and then in a gap of the mountains the glacier itself. There was a small congregation at the Sandwick Church. In the evening Archbishop Collison took me up the ascent to Cumberland, which he had already shown me on a week day; this time I sat in the nave of the little church with a good congregation about me, all joining heartily in our beautiful evening prayer. Other churches I saw at Comox and elsewhere, though to give me a very clear sense of the activity of the Archdeacon and his fellow worker, Mr. Bolton. In addition their car made it possible for me to see Comox Valley and district as well as the logged off areas further back, from whose hideous and appalling ruins many sermons on consecrating might be preached. We visited Denmark Island from which we brought away several sections of a swamp which occupied a portion of the Archdeacon's territory about the middle of the Glacier Period, with another treasured memory of mingled mountain, sky and sea."

Two carloads of prime Shorthorn cattle were shipped to Calgary a couple of days ago by Mr. Griffith R. Hughes, from his breeding ranch at Cobble Hill. Included in the shipment was a bull calf of last September weighing 1,000 pounds.

The sum of \$28.49 was raised for the Red Cross at the Rose Tea, given a week ago by the members of the Shawnigan Lake and Cobble Hill Women's Institute. The decoration scheme was...

Among the party of seventy-eight returned soldiers on their way to the Coast is Sgt. T. Plummer, of Nanaimo.

While unloading a lorry of heavy timbers, Mr. Albee, a driver, sustained a fractured ankle.

Mr. Mayor, the Seventh Day Adventist leader at Chemainus, has been attending the camp meeting of his denomination in Penikese. Mrs. Mayor, during his absence, has been visiting friends in Victoria.

Seventy-six dollars was raised for the soldiers' hospital comforts fund by the sale of work given by Mrs. Watt at her home at Chemainus a week ago. The articles sold were mostly the work of Mrs. Nunn and her pretty daughters. There were numerous raffles, a guessing competition, lucky envelopes. Mrs. Olesen gave a Patriotic song. The Rev. E. M. Cook expelled in the guessing competition.

Edward Sevasse, son of Pts. H. G. Sevasse, of Duncan, who has been completing some plumbing work at James Island, is leaving for the East.

Telephone connection has now been installed between the Genoa Bay Mills and Duncan, giving service to all parts of the island. Until now the nearest telephone was at Cowichan Bay wharf. Four miles of new pole line, crossing the narrow end of Maple Bay Inlet and following the public road had to be built.

Residents of Alberni and Port Alberni will hold their annual game in aid of the Returned Soldiers' Fund at the Hotel Arlington on July 4.

The tax charges at Port Alberni this year will be lower than last year through the decision of the city council to give a rebate of one-sixth on the...

Continued on Page 23

carried out in resect. Cucumbers and tomatoes from the Cowichan garden and butter, eggs, bread, fruit, flowers and other produce were sold. Piano solos were given by Miss T. Clarke and Miss Kenna, recitations by Miss Hamilton, Mrs. Oidham and Mrs. Stubbs, songs by Mrs. C. Nightingale, Miss F. Keena, Miss W. Keena, Miss Thompson and Mr. G. E. Bonner. Members of the choral class also took part in the programme.

The public schools of Cobble Hill, Shawnigan and Malahat held their picnic on Friday at the Wilkinson property at Malahat Beach.

Lieut.-Col. Oidham, of Cobble Hill, has been mentioned in recent dispatches of Sir Douglas Haig from the front.

Mr. G. E. Bonner, president, Cobble Hill Poultry Association, says that Mr. G. Marchant, of Cobble Hill, has been the record of Mr. V. J. Neal, of Hatley Park, with his Buff Orpington pullet hatched February 6, 1917, started to lay June 8, 1917, after four months and two days. He invites those interested to come to Cobble Hill for poultry records.

CHEMAINUS

Sergt. Theodore Burkitt, son of Mr. Burkitt, of Chemainus River, who went overseas with the 87th Battalion, Western Scots, has received a commission for successfully carrying out a raid on the Western front when seventeen prisoners were captured. He is now attached to the 16th Reserve Battalion at Seaford.

Pts Charles Litchfield Moseley, who left twenty months ago as a dispatch rider and was transferred to the motor transport, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant.

Mr. Terrell is in the Chemainus General Hospital with a sprained ankle and some broken ribs as a result of being struck by a log while working in the Vites Camp getting out logs for the Chemainus mills.

Old Indian Willie, a Sitwah living on an island a few miles from Chemainus, woke up the other morning to find his whole flock of sheep killed during the night by a cougar.

School children at Chemainus have already collected 4,800 pounds of old paper for the Red Cross.

Ten tons of ninety-foot logs were among a shipment of ninety cars brought into the Chemainus mill during the last few days from the logging camp.

The Chemainus mill during the last week shipped forty-three cars of lumber to the Prairies.

The summer camp of Sherman Lewis, a brave of the Chemainus tribe, was destroyed by fire Tuesday night, Tom Poell, one of the Indian scouts, gave...

Pupils at the Harewood School presented a pair of gold cut links at the closing of school Friday to Mr. C. G. Brown, their principal, who has resigned to go to Vancouver.

Nanaimo's civic honor roll has been hung in the post office.

City's First Movie House

This is the Orpheum Theatre, the first vaudeville and moving picture house established in Victoria that had any semblance of permanency about it. Even at that, it lasted only two or three months. It was located where the King Edward Hotel office stands now, and was opened in 1900 by Alexander Patzger just after he had graduated into the theatre world and was his first theatrical enterprise. The average moving picture film was twenty-five feet long in contrast to "The Iron Claw," recently shown at Pantages Theatre, which was 40,000 feet long. The figures before the right entrance are, left to right: Mr. A. J. Maynard, Kate Rockwell (Madame Lotus, the serpentine dancer), Mr. Maynard P. Macdonald, Victor's first motion picture operator, who is now at Pantages, and his brother, Detective, Harry Macdonald.

The alarm and other Indians were soon on the spot and put out the fire before it spread to the rest of the camp.

Among the party of seventy-eight returned soldiers on their way to the Coast is Sgt. T. Plummer, of Nanaimo.

Mrs. Mary McDonald, church visitor for St. Andrew's, has reached Nanaimo and is stopping with Mrs. Day, Westworth Street.

GANGES

Mr. J. C. Scovell and Mr. Hugo Robertson, of Ganges, have been visiting the Seanchik Peninsula.

JAMES ISLAND

While practicing jumping for the sports at James Island Thursday morning, Mr. Lowry fell and broke his leg. He was taken to a Victoria hospital.

Residents of James Island held their Dominion Day celebration yesterday. There was a long programme of sports and amusements.

THE ALBERNIS

Miss Annie M. Miles was married to Mr. L. Arnold Hanna of Port Alberni at the home of Mr. F. Miles, Alberni, on June 19. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William C. Macmillan before only a few friends. Miss Vivian Miles and Miss Florence Miles, sisters of the bride, were bridesmaids. Mr. F. Campbell supported the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Hanna spent their honeymoon in Victoria and other coast cities.

GENOA BAY

Residents of Alberni and Port Alberni will hold their annual game in aid of the Returned Soldiers' Fund at the Hotel Arlington on July 4.

Continued on Page 23



BEN WILSON

The star of the big serial, "The Voice on the Wire," which is making a successful run at the Romano.

Provincial Happenings

NEW WESTMINSTER

The annual convention of the Baptist Churches of British Columbia convened in the Olivet Baptist Church, New Westminster, on June 28, and continued until the evening of the 30th.

The incorporation of the New Westminster Construction & Engineering Company, Limited, with a capital of \$30,000, has been gazetted. This is the company that has located its shipbuilding plant on Poplar Island.

It was announced that a number of the women of Fort Langley have been considering the formation of a Round Table Group for the study of Imperial questions, and information has been sent them by the secretary as to methods of organizing.

Capt. F. B. Green, M. D., who after some eighteen months' service with No. 5 General Hospital at Salonica, has been home in New Westminster on leave for the past few weeks, will leave shortly, probably on Monday, for London, where he had to report to the military authorities on July 15 for resumption of duty.

For the second time this summer, the price of coal has gone up, says The British Columbian, and this time it has made a good jump, \$1 a ton increase. The former increase was 50c, so that coal is now \$1.50 per ton dearer than last winter. It is also quite on the cards that it may go up still further

before winter. Lump coal now costs \$9 a ton below Fourth Avenue, and nut coal \$8. The increase in the latter is even greater, for at least one dealer was selling nut coal for \$6 not so long ago. Above Fourth Avenue the extra charge of 25c a ton still holds good. The reason for the advance in the retail price is, of course, that the mines have advanced their figures. Dealers, it is stated, are still operating at the same margin, although the cost of handling has risen considerably. One factor in this rise is the fact that it is proving very difficult to get coal. Oftentimes a scow will bring over half a load, which costs about as much to bring over as a full load. At the mines it is claimed that labor scarcity is at the bottom of the coal scarcity.

PRINCE RUPERT

Bishop Macdonald, of Victoria, has been in Prince Rupert for a day or two.

The first reading of a by-law that provides for the payment of road taxes by women took place at the Prince Rupert City Council meeting on June 19.

Many old friends in Prince Rupert have heard with pleasure of how Rev. W. J. Kid, formerly Presbyterian minister in this city, has been awarded the Military Cross for distinguished services on the field.

During May there were twelve births and three deaths in Prince Rupert. There were no infectious diseases. One infant was held. Four indigent sick cases were taken care of. The general sanitation of the city is good.

The Weekly Empire has printed the following news relating to industrial progress at Prince Rupert:

"It will not be long before the construction of the Emerson saw mill at Seal Cove will be under way. Mr. Nick Gurrich, who took the contract for excavating, will have the job finished within a few weeks, and then the building will begin."

"Although nothing definite can be learned at this stage, it is said the prospects of the Vancouver Ice & Cold Storage Company, erecting a plant near Cow Bay, are favorable. Whether or not the enterprise is to go through will be known shortly."

The last word from Vancouver indicates that there is a chance of the dry dock machine shops being used for the manufacture of marine engines, hoisting gear, and other requirements in ship construction.

The fishing industry is keeping up well. May was an exceptionally good month. Some of the fishermen's families are moving up from Tacoma to make their home in Prince Rupert."

The old argument that it would be unfair to the rest of the Province were Prince Rupert given a decent slice of its waterfrontage, held by the Provincial Government, has been knocked into a cocked hat by the Courthouse site at Vancouver being turned over to that city and a portion of the Songhees, reserve being bestowed upon Victoria. At the present time this city is much more in need of Government help than either of our more prosperous southern neighbors.

A joint meeting of committees representing the Prince Rupert City Council, Board of Trade, and Trades and Labor Council, was held on June 19, says The Daily News, to deal with the drydock and ship-building situation. The whole matter was discussed at considerable length, and it was finally decided to send telegrams to Sir Robert Borden, Mr. J. W. Flavell, and Mr. E. J. Chamberlain pointing out that the citizens of Prince Rupert were preparing to form a company to build ships, and asked permission to lease the ship shed part of the dry dock. The wire to Mr. Flavell, who is chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, acquainted him with the fact of the company going to be formed, and asked if contracts could be secured from the Board. The telegram to Sir Robert Borden also referred to the intention of forming a company, and asked the aid of the Prime Minister in securing contracts from the Munitions Board and leasing the ship shed from the railway company.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS

The first automobile is now in regular use on Graham Island.

The people of the Queen Charlotte Islands want a physician stationed somewhere on the Islands. There is quite an influx of population this summer, but it seems there is not a medical man anywhere in that part of the Province.

The frequent arrival of parties of loggers and lumbermen in Prince Rupert, all bound for the Queen Charlotte Islands, prompts the Weekly Empire to observe that all point to that part of British Columbia being one of the most important lumbering areas of the Province. It is common knowledge that the wealth of the islands is enormous. Many prospectors are already out, and the logging camps and saw-mills are all busy.

ALONG SKEENA RIVER

Mrs. Norris and family have gone to Vancouver for a few weeks' visit.

The annual meeting of the Butte & Rochede Boule Copper Co. will be held June 18th.

The Government telegraph line between New Hazelton and Skeena Crossing is being rebuilt.

The Daily News reports the news reaching Prince Rupert of an accident happening at Uak, which luckily had no very serious results. It appears that the cable which carries the ferry across the river at that point parted, and the scow broke away and drifted down stream, and stranded somewhere near the Kitselas Canyon. The most serious part of the accident was that the ferryman, whose name is Erickson, lost two fingers and had to go to Terrace for treatment.

PRINCE GEORGE

The City Council of Prince George has let to Mr. Corless a contract for the erection of the new City Hall, his tender of \$3,525 having been the lowest received. It is hoped to have the new building ready for occupation before the end of the Autumn.

Several Vancouver men are availing themselves of the opportunity to engage in commercial fishing in the Stuart, Francois, Fraser and Babine lakes, for which the department is charging a license fee of one dollar.

The Hon. Mr. Patullo, Minister of Lands, addressed a public meeting at Prince George on June 18. Mayor Ferry, chairman of the meeting, drew attention to the conference he and the City Council had with Mr. Patullo during the afternoon on matters of interest to the city, which included a readjustment of lot values, the establishment of a provincial assessment series, the necessity of Supreme Court sitting at Prince George, a grant of public land to the city for cemetery purposes, the need of more roads in the district, and, finally, the urgent necessity of an early completion of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway. The Prince George Citizen says that Mr. Patullo promised a full support to the requests made by Mayor Ferry for a grant of land for cemetery purposes, assessor's office, Supreme Court, and a resident mining recorder.

NELSON

News notes from the Daily News are as under:

Chief Provincial Constable Black has returned to Nelson after having spent a vacation at the Coast.

A piano has been provided for the military sanitarium at Balfour, near Kootenay lake. It was paid for by contributions from Nelson and other parts of Southern Kootenay. In thanking those who contributed to the cost of the piano, Capt. B. H. Olson, officer in command, wrote: "This was one of the greatest needs of this institution and I can assure you that it is greatly appreciated by us all."

Harrop fruit growers are making preparations for shipping small fruit. Prospects are very good for the strawberry crop, which will be ripe in about two weeks. The Farmers' Institute has unloaded a carload of crates.

The members of Nelson Lodge No. 23,

A. F. & A. M., attended divine service at St. Basil's church on Sunday evening, June 24.

Prizes offered in the provincial kitchen garden contest for the Fairview district total \$48, contributed by the provincial department of agriculture and the Fairview-Home Improvement Association.

The work of replacing the cables destroyed by lightning at the substation is being proceeded with as rapidly as possible. While the street car power service is shut down pending repairs the electric light service is being given as usual.

Mr. A. B. Curtis, who recently purchased Mr. M. Monaghan's ranch at Taghum, says that the deer are so plentiful and bold in the district that they are eating the cabbages on his property. He states that there are many black bears in the vicinity of his ranch also.

Three hundred and sixty pupils of schools in the district extending from the Crowe Nest to the Arrow Lakes were expected to write at the high school entrance examinations at six centres—Nelson, Kaslo, New Denver, Creston, Cranbrook, and Fernie. Of this total 146 were expected to write at Nelson.

The rose show committee states that a large showing of willflowers collected by children is expected at the show this year. The flowers will be exhibited with cards bearing the botanical and common names. "There are numerous beautiful wild flowers in the vicinity of Nelson," stated a member of the committee. "We look to the children to make the wild flower exhibit one of the features of the show."

R. Dill, a Saskatoon photographer and brother of A. J. and H. E. Dill, of Nelson, made 46 out of a possible 50 at the Nelson Gun club shoot this week. He is on his way to Portland to shoot in the Pacific Coast handicap. Other scores made were: H. Bush, 43; H. R. Cramer, 41; L. Drake, 40; J. Brassfield, 39; Cramer and Drake both used strange guns and it was Brassfield's first shoot this year.

Mrs. N. D. Stewart, for 21 years a resident of Nelson, died recently at Vancouver and was buried there. Her husband, N. D. Stewart of South Slovan, left to attend the funeral. The late Mrs. Stewart was 60 years of age and was born in the Province of Quebec. She is survived by her husband and three sons, also by her father, Alexander McCuaig of Nelson; by one sister, Mrs. Fawcett of Nelson; and two brothers, Duncan McCuaig and Finlay McCuaig, both of whom are in Nelson.

"TAKE QUICK" OUTING CAMERA

Every spot you visit, everyone you meet, any subject, any place, any time—can be taken clearly, sharply, and in color with this camera. It is the only camera that takes color pictures. It is also the only camera that is so simple to use that anyone can take pictures. It is the only camera that is so small that it can be carried in your pocket. It is the only camera that is so light that it can be carried in your hand. It is the only camera that is so cheap that it can be bought for a few dollars. It is the only camera that is so good that it can be used for years. It is the only camera that is so simple that it can be used by anyone. It is the only camera that is so light that it can be carried in your pocket. It is the only camera that is so small that it can be carried in your hand. It is the only camera that is so cheap that it can be bought for a few dollars. It is the only camera that is so good that it can be used for years. It is the only camera that is so simple that it can be used by anyone.

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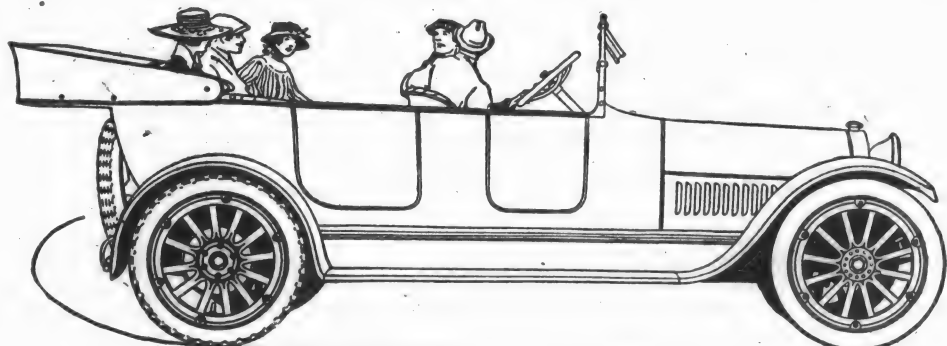
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Studebaker



The Studebaker Car

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THE Series 18 Studebakers are the best cars Studebaker has ever produced. They have been perfected by four years' experience with the same basic design.

They embody ninety distinct improvements in mechanical construction, convenience and comfort over the Series 17, which made such a great record for Studebaker in 1916.

They offer what are probably the best automobiles values in Canada today.

They are made of carefully selected materials, tested and developed in the great Studebaker laboratories.

Their workmanship is experienced, painstaking and carefully supervised.

The inspections are rigid and exacting in the extreme.

For these reasons Studebakers are probably the most powerful cars on the market in ratio to their weight.

For these reasons they are most economical in the consumption of gasoline.

For these reasons Studebaker owners frequently get from 8,000 to 10,000 miles on a single set of tires.

For these reasons Studebakers stand up on the hardest, hilliest drives in the Dominion and under the most racking tests of Canadian roads at a minimum cost for upkeep.

For these reasons Studebaker is enabled to guarantee its cars for a full year against defective workmanship and material.

Let us prove the quality and economy of Studebakers, let us give you a Studebaker demonstration.

"Made-in-Canada"

Four-Cylinder Models

FOUR Roadster	\$1375
FOUR Touring Car	1375
FOUR Limited Roadster	1425
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Six-Cylinder Models

SIX Roadster	\$1425
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SIX Touring Sedan	2245
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Have all urged the importance of producing maximum crops. Our Fertilizers have been thoroughly tested for 18 years in B. C. It is, therefore, not an exaggeration to say that by using our Fertilizers YOU WILL HELP TO WIN THE WAR. Incidentally you will make a handsome profit on the money invested.

Our Specialties

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"Lawn Special" Fertilizer

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Nitrate of Soda

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The orchardist and the florist should insist on getting our lines of spraying material, because there are no other lines "just as good."

LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION

NICOTINE SULPHATE

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We Also Manufacture Sulphuric, Nitric and Muriatic Acids

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TRANSPORTATION BIG CONFEDERATION FACTOR

Railways and Steamships Have Been the Principal Forces in Creating Out of an Uninhabited Waste a Productive and Prosperous Dominion

One of the chief points of discussion in the preliminary debates respecting Confederation, was the question of establishing adequate transportation facilities for the great new Dominion of Canada, which was brought into existence fifty years ago today, and those far-seeing Fathers of Confederation were not oblivious to the fact that tremendous possibilities lay before the country, even at that early period.

With lofty patriotism and a unity of purpose dictated by a superabundant regard for the welfare of the people of future decades, that great statesman, Sir John A. Macdonald, and his colleagues, sought and found the secret of success in binding the British North America colonies together in an inseparable union, and that secret was the laying of rails and keels for the strengthening of her inter-provincial, inter-imperial and international trade.

Transportation was looked upon as the most important factor necessary to the success of Confederation and the great network of railways and the fleets of huge steamships operating out of Canadian ports today stand as an eloquent monument to the keen insight, tenacity of purpose and honorable discharge of duty to their country, of that Conservative Government which fifty years ago today held the honor and distinction of ushering into the world's history a nation destined to become among the greatest powers on earth commercially and otherwise, in that "Community of Nations" under the Union Jack.

Chief Stipulations

So far as the entry of British Columbia into the Confederation was concerned, the chief stipulations on which she based her consent to come into the union, were those affecting and aiming to ensure the prosperity and development of trade by rail and steamship connections, with accommodations for shipping in order to encourage vessels to come here.

For this purpose British Columbia insisted on a subsidy for a graving dock, which was afterwards taken over by the Dominion in 1884 and completed. Another stipulation was that the Dominion Government should give a mail subvention for mail communication by a line of steamers operating between Victoria and San Francisco, while another stipulation was that the influence of the Dominion Government was to be expressed with Imperial authorities in order that the Dominion should remain forever a naval base, the historical status having been established as far back as 1855.

This, however, was allowed to go by the board in the year 1905, when Premier Laurier and his Government, who were then in power at Ottawa, decided that Canada should take over her own defence. The hope has not been altogether abandoned that some day, and probably in the near future, a powerful Imperial naval base will again be maintained on this coast in conjunction with Canadian units.

Installed on Railway

But most important of all, and what constituted the chief stipulation on which British Columbia joined the other colonies, was the building of a transcontinental railway. The undertaking of such a scheme at that time was titanic in its every aspect, nevertheless within a few years after Confederation the Canadian Pacific Railway was an accomplished fact.

There are many people residing in British Columbia and the Prairie Provinces of Canada today, who can look back over the intervening years to the time when they awaited with keen interest for the proclamation that the last spike had been driven which meant the forging of the steel bands that linked up the Atlantic and Pacific ports.

Since Confederation millions of hitherto waste and uninhabited acres have been reached by a network of railways and the productivity of the nation today supports three great transcontinental systems—the C. P. R., the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern, while fleets of great steamships ply out of British Columbia and Atlantic ports carrying Canadian produce to all parts of the world.

With an increase in foreign trade from \$114,107,474 in 1887 to \$1,944,491,000 in 1917, and the tremendous destruction of tonnage during the war, Canada, on the Jubilee of Confederation sends ships, shipbuilding and shipping the chief questions to solve in order to meet the present and future situation, as regards the handling of her foreign trade, and rendering substantial aid to the Empire.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific harbors are busy constructing vessels for operation on the oceans and inland waters, the chief effort being confined to the building of ocean tonnage of wood and steel. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick and the Great Lakes ports have shipyards working at full blast.

Ships Are Needed

In British Columbia the late Conservative Government was quick to realize the urgent needs of the situation and a great impetus was given to the shipbuilding industry by the Aid to Shipbuilding Act which was passed as a direct means for meeting the demand for tonnage to offset the German submarine menace and develop trade out of British Columbia ports.

During the past few months tremendous strides have been made and the advent of the Imperial Munitions Board with orders for twenty-seven wooden steamers has added greatly to the shipbuilding activities in the Province. In addition to the fleet of twelve

wooden auxiliary steamers which will soon have been completed at the Cameron-Gordon shipyards, saved at Victoria and the Wallace Shipyards plant at North Vancouver, a number of steel ships are being built with the promise of very important developments and the placing of large steel ships in the hands of British Columbia owners in the near future, negotiations being now under way for the acquisition of the Grand Trunk Pacific plant at Prince Rupert, where the Union Iron Works of San Francisco is planning to build 28 steel freighters of 12,000 tons each.

Despite all that is being done, there is still need for further effort in the matter of providing ships. Other countries are building thousands of tons where British Columbia is building one. Japan, for instance, at the present time is building 145 steamships, of which 55 are between 5,000 and 6,000 tons. These vessels run from 1,000 to 10,000 tons each, and the 189 steamers aggregate 248,034 tons.

Even this huge programme is not considered sufficient by the Japanese to handle their foreign trade and a great addition is on by Yokohama exporters to induce the Toyko Kisen Kaisha, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and the Osaka Shosen Kaisha to charter at least 100,000 tons of steamers to clear all goods now awaiting shipment in Yokohama.

Twenty-one steamers aggregating 84,084 tons were launched from Japanese yards in the first five months of this year, and six steamers, aggregating 27,450 tons have been launched during June, 1915. When it is taken into consideration that most of the steel used in building these ships was carried all the way from Pittsburgh across the continent and across the Pacific Ocean, in the holds of Japanese steamers plying out of Pacific Coast ports, to be made into ships that will go towards winning supremacy for the Japanese in the competition for trade on the Pacific, local advocates of more shipbuilding in Canada, and especially in British Columbia, declare that there is good ground for characterizing the situation as alarming.

Are Splendid Liners

However, such British vessels as are now plying in the transpacific trade out of British Columbia ports, have called forth praise from thousands upon thousands of citizens of the United States who have patronized steamships plying out of both United States and Canadian ports. The great liners Empress of Russia and Empress of Asia, 15,500 tons in register, built at Okanagan, are the pride of Canada. The C.P.O.S., Limited, also operates the liners Empress of Japan, 6,000 tons, and the SS. Montague, 4,163 tons, in the trade between Vancouver, Victoria and Hongkong.

United States' Programme Indicates That Gen. Goethals Is Not Opposed to Wooden Vessels—List in Full

SEATTLE, June 30.—Of the first 138 contracts awarded for the new government ships, Washington and Oregon received sixty-four as compared with seventy-four for all the rest of the country.

Washington plants were awarded a total of forty-six contracts, Seattle yards alone getting orders for sixteen steel steamships at a total cost of approximately \$22,000,000.

Data just compiled indicates that the two Northwest States hold more contracts than the Atlantic and Gulf shipbuilding States. The contracts for the new government ships are awarded by the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, of which Maj. Gen. Geo. W. Goethals, U.S.A., is general manager.

Wooden Ships Lead

The impression that General Goethals is hostile to the wooden ship is not borne out by an examination of the contracts. The first 138 contracts are divided as follows: Steel ships complete 25; composite wood and steel ships complete 30; wooden hulls 48. Of the first 138 contracts, therefore, seventy-eight are for complete wooden ships or wooden hulls. This gives the wooden ships a decided preponderance.

Composite ships represent a combination of wood and steel construction. Some of these vessels will have steel keels. Others will have steel hulls. The rest of the construction is to be of wood.

Of the first twenty-eight contracts awarded for steel ships, Seattle received more than one-half, or sixteen contracts. This great tribute to the Seattle steel shipbuilding industry has been overlooked in the controversy that arose over wooden ships. The contracts were awarded to Seattle because of the record of this port in steel steamship construction the last year.

In detail the contracts awarded to Washington, Oregon and California, the three Coast States, follow:

Washington—Seattle Construction & Dry Dock Company, Seattle; ten complete steel steamships of 7,500 tons each; Skilling & Eddy Corporation, Seattle; six complete steel steamships of 8,000 tons each; Sison Shipyard Corporation of Seattle, with plant in Olympia, sixteen complete wooden ships; Grays Harbor Motorship Corporation, Aberdeen, four wooden hulls; Salsburgh & Forster, Raymond, ten wooden hulls. Total for Washington, sixteen steel steamships, sixteen complete wooden ships, fourteen wooden hulls, or a grand total of forty-six contracts.

Oregon—Standifer-Clarkson Shipyards, Portland, 18 complete wooden ships; Peninsula Shipbuilding Company, Portland, four complete wooden ships; Coast Shipbuilding Company, Portland, four wooden hulls. Total for Oregon, fourteen complete wooden ships and four wooden hulls or eighteen contracts.

California—Los Angeles Shipbuilding & Drydock Company, Long Beach, eight complete steel steamships of 8,000 tons each. Total for California, eight contracts.

The three Coast States, hence, received a grand total of seventy-two contracts out of the first 138 contracts awarded by the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Type of Pacific Coasting Ships

The above shows the C.P.R. Steamer Princess Charlotte, 3,843.78 gross tonnage, and though larger than all the other vessels plying in the British Columbia coastal trade, showing their tonnage:

C.P.R. Company
Princess Charlotte, 3,843.78 tons; Princess Victoria, 1,943.22 tons; Princess Adelaide, 3,060.64 tons; Princess Alice, 3,099.23 tons; Princess Mary, 2,752.15 tons; Princess Sophia, 3,919.88 tons; Princess Royal, 1,984.81 tons; Princess May, 1,717 tons; Princess Beatrice, 1,235.61 tons; Princess Patricia, 1,197.82 tons; Princess Maquinna, 1,176.59 tons; Charmer, 1,044.41 tons; Tees, 679.15 tons; Otter, 305.97 tons; Bear, 444.44 tons; Princess Ena, 1,865.16 tons; Nahsoos, 305.08 tons; Quilicum, 509.47 tons; Nitinat, 332.16 tons.

Grand Trunk Pacific
Prince Rupert, 3,379 tons; Prince George, 3,372 tons; Prince Albert, 1,820 tons; Prince John, 905 tons; Gas Boat Tillamook.

Union S.S. Co. of B.C.
Camosun, 1,369 tons; Ventura, 1,011 tons; Chelohsin, 1,000 tons; Cowichan, 962 tons; Cheakamus, 800 tons; Casiar, 597 tons; Coquitlam, freight, 256 tons; Comox, 101 tons.

In addition to the above, of course, there are many smaller vessels engaged in various trades, such as towing, etc.

SEATTLE WILL BUILD MAJORITY OF SHIPS

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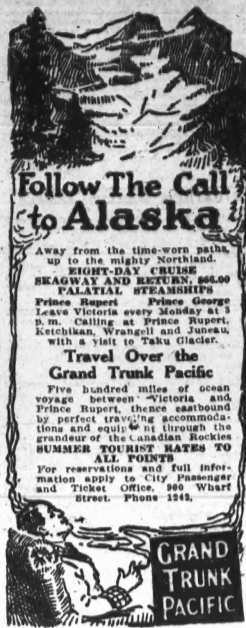
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Follow The Call to Alaska

Away from the time-worn paths, up to the mighty Northland. EIGHT-DAY CRUISE. SKAGWAY AND RETURN, \$65.00. PALATIAL STEAMSHIPS. Prince Rupert, Prince George, Leave Victoria every Monday at 5 p.m. Calling at Prince Rupert, Ketchikan, Wrangell and Juneau, with a visit to Taku Glacier.

Travel Over the Grand Trunk Pacific. Five hundred miles of ocean voyage between Victoria and Prince Rupert, thence eastbound by perfect traveling accommodations and exquisite food through the grandeur of the Canadian Rockies. SUMMER TOURIST RATES TO ALL PORTS. For reservations and full information apply to City Passenger and Ticket Office, 860 Wharf Street. Phone 1543.



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Round Trip Summer Excursion Fare, via the Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets on Sale June 20 to 30, inclusive, also certain dates during July, August and September. Return limit three months; not to exceed October 31, 1917.

Special Low Round Trip Rates now in effect to Rocky Mountain, Kettle Valley and Kootenay Resorts.

For information regarding rates, stopovers, etc., apply to any C. P. R. Agent, or write M. W. BRODIE, General Passenger Agent, Vancouver, B.C.



PATRICIA BAY LINE Holiday Rates DOMINION DAY

Single Fare and One-Third for Round Trip. Tickets on sale June 29th, July 2nd. Return limit July 3rd. For particulars apply: City Ticket Office, 623 Fort St. Phone 111.



EXCURSIONS TO PORT ANGELES JULY 4TH

For Grand Independence Day Celebration. \$1.00 Round Trip \$1.00. SS. "SOL DUC". Leaves C.P.R. Wharf, Victoria, at 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. Returning, leaves Port Angeles at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. Secure Tickets and information from E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent. 1234 Government Street. Phone 456.

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To Scotland via the St. Lawrence Route. Large Modern Steamers. Up-to-date Service. SAILINGS FROM MONTREAL TO GLASGOW. Prepaid Tickets issued at Lowest Rates. Full information from any rail-road or steamship agent, or H. E. LIDMAN, Gen. Agt. Phone Sey. 3199. VANCOUVER, B.C. 470 Granville Street.

Reduced Round Trip Fare to Portland, Oregon

Via Northern Pacific Railway for NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION CONVENTION. July 7 to 14. Tickets on sale daily, July 6 to 13, inclusive. Final return limit July 18, 1917. For information, tickets or reservations, call on our address: E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent, 1234 Government St. Phone 456. or A. D. CHARLTON, A.G.P.A., Portland, Ore.



Saanich Interurban Electric Railway

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE. Caliph of Baghdad. A special train will leave the Victoria Terminus for way points as far as Saanich on MONDAY, JULY 2, AT 11:15 P.M. Ticket Office and Waiting-Room, Douglas Street, Opposite City Hall. Telephone 1869.

Pacific Steamship Co. AMERICAN LINE

Weekly Sailings. WHITE STAR LINE. Frequent Sailings. New York-Liverpool. Carrying Passengers, Cargo and United States Mail. For full information apply to any R.R. or S.S. Agent, or A. B. DENNEY, Passenger Agent, Railway Exchange Bldg., 610 Second Ave., Seattle, Telephone Main 111.

Wholesale Importers of Iron, Steel, Hardware, Valves, Gas Engines, Mining Supplies, Galvanized Black Pipe and Fittings, Packing (Dodd's), Gardening Tools, Blacksmith's Supplies, Blacksmith's Coal (Ajax, Imported), Pumps Pumping Outfits, Saws, Hose, Etc.

Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail. 554-556 YATES STREET. Office Phone 2043. Store Phone 89.

NURSE HAD POOR HEALTH

Suffered Much Pain, Yet Had to Work. Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Toledo, Ohio.—"I am a widow and go out nursing, and suffered from a terrible form of rheumatism that caused a great deal of soreness across my back, and through my abdomen. Sometimes it would be very painful after a hard day's work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I tried it and it has helped me wonderfully, so the soreness is all gone now. I believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is just the remedy for female troubles."—Mrs. ELIZABETH JONES, R. F. D. No. 4, Toledo, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and today is regarded as the most successful remedy for female ills. There are thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., to prove this.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Bellin Building will be raised half-mast high at 12:45 p.m. to the top at 1:15 p.m., and will be dropped at 1 p.m. daily.

F. WAPLER-DENISON, Superintendent. The Observatory, Cassin's Heights.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

One cent a word each insertion. Five cents a week, or a dollar a line a month. No advertisement accepted for less than twenty-five cents.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISING AGENCIES: The Daily Colonist, 1111 Douglas Street, Victoria, B.C. Phone 3111.

SITUATIONS WANTED - MALE

A returned soldier is anxious to obtain employment as a driver or as a messenger. Address: 104 Union Bank Building, Victoria, B.C.

FOR SALE - MISCELLANEOUS

A good second-hand bicycle, with new tires, for sale. Price \$15.00. Call 1111 Douglas Street, Victoria, B.C.

TO RENT - MISCELLANEOUS

FOR RENT - Small store, living room, suitable for cleaning, pressing and dyeing. Phone 4411.

SUMMER RESORTS

SPEND your holiday at Harbor House - Sea bathing, boating, tennis etc. First-class accommodation; terms moderate. Phone 4411.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR RENT - Stores with living rooms, rent \$4.00. Phone 4411.

THE DAILY COLONIST WILL BE FOUND ON ALL AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES

- List of newsagents and distributors across various cities including Vancouver, Seattle, and Portland.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

- List of professionals including dentists, doctors, and accountants.

SITUATIONS WANTED - FEMALE

A bright, reliable young lady wishes position as general office or store. Phone 4411.

FOR SALE - MISCELLANEOUS

A lady will sell and buy all your high class out-of-fashion clothing. Phone 4411.

TO RENT - MISCELLANEOUS

A well furnished room with board in quiet house. 116 Menzies Street, Phone 4411.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE

OWNER of 4 1/2 acres, with modern building, wishes to exchange for a house in Victoria. Phone 4411.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR RENT - Stores with living rooms, rent \$4.00. Phone 4411.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- Advertisement for Builders and Carpenters, Chimney Sweeps, Dry Goods, and other services.

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BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR RENT - Stores with living rooms, rent \$4.00. Phone 4411.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

To Spanish Residents Wards 3 and 4—Install a septic tank. For our figure phone 3189.

MARKET AFFECTED BY RATE REFUSAL

Railway Shares Recede Under Selling on Announcement of Decision—Industrials and Equipments Strong

NEW YORK, June 30.—Considering the widespread interest in the freight rate situation, it was the general opinion that today's short session demonstrated the stock market's sound condition.

Refusal yesterday of the 15 per cent increase asked by the railroads resulted in extreme losses of 2 to 5 points in most of the more important railway shares.

Industrials, equipments, and many unclassified stocks were carried down to 2 points in the early movement, but recovered with surprising ease, carrying the entire list with them.

United States Steel made a net gain of half a point, and Baldwin and American Locomotive, New York Air Brake, American Can and the Shipbuilders advanced 1 to almost 3 points.

The bond market was irregular on small offerings. Total sales (par value), \$1,340,000. Liberty bonds ranged from par to a slight premium on actual sales during the week, but other United States issues were lower by fractions to almost 3 points on call.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Stocks, High, Low, Close. Lists various stocks like Amalgamated, Am. Chalmers, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Bonds, High, Low, Close. Lists various bonds like U.S. 4 1/2%, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Metals, High, Low, Close. Lists various metals like Copper, Lead, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Grains, High, Low, Close. Lists various grains like Wheat, Corn, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Cotton, High, Low, Close. Lists various cotton grades like Middling, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Exchange, High, Low, Close. Lists various exchange rates like London, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Money and Exchange, High, Low, Close. Lists various money and exchange rates like Gold, Silver, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Metal Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various metal prices like Copper, Tin, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Chicago Grain and Provision Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various grain and provision prices like Wheat, Corn, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), New York Bond Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various bond prices like U.S. 4 1/2%, etc.

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Winnipeg Grain Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various grain prices like Wheat, Corn, etc.

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PROMOTIONS FOLLOW—CLOSING OUT SCHOOL

Continued from Page 13

Buckle, Robert Clark, Lillian Mason, William Dale, Kathleen Ballard, Louis Brown, Robert Hawkins.

WILLOWS SCHOOL

Division I, Promotion List to Entrance: Edith Gilman, Francis Hoodley, Gladys Parracloagh, Mabel Allen, Walter Riera, Hilma Adams, Clara Peters, Katherine Ingram, Alex Bell, Albert McIntosh, Gabriel Larbonne, Audrey Bennett, Frank Pomeroy, Godwin Brandon.

Division I, Rolls of Honor: Proficiency: Edith Kathleen Gilman. Department: Elsie May Summers. Regularity and Punctuality: Clara Anne Peters, Katherine Anne Ingram, Edith Kathleen Gilman, Albert Edward McInchou.

Division II, (Third Reader) Rolls of Honor: Proficiency: Joan French. Department: Frances Carter. Punctuality and Regularity: George Butcher, Ashley Gilman, Edward Norcross.

Division III, From Senior Third Class to Fourth Reader: in order of rank: Joan French, Willie Pomeroy, Catherine Dilworth, Rita Barracloagh, Jack Venables, Helen Hayward, Robert Cummings, Cyril Venables, Allan Kinnear.

Division IV, From Junior Third Class to Senior Third Reader: Ashley Gilman, Edward Norcross, Robert Smith, Josephine Brandon, Emerson Showers, Marjorie French, Philip Towasend, Evie Timberley and Dorothy Jones, George Butcher, Mary Thackray, Daisy Headley, Ronald Lay, Herbert Kiddell.

Division III, Promoted from Second to Third Reader: Drusilla Frankham, Jas. Norcross, Geo. Adams, Robt. Morris, Leslie Peters, Eva Shaw, Jack Whittall, Gerald Campbell, Elsie Webb, Marion Kinnerley, Dan Frankham, Harold Whittall, Phyllis Maycock, Annie Griffin, Jean Munro, Jack Kiddell, Robert Jones, Herbert Blythe.

Division III, Rolls of Honor: Proficiency (2nd Reader): Drusilla Frankham. Proficiency (1st Reader): Rhoda Chatterell. Department: Harold Whittall.

Division IV, Second Reader to First Reader: Dorothy Gilman, Loraine Rendell, Harry Bates, Kathleen Berry, Gilbert McIlmoy, Dorothy Perrier, Olive Gilman, Ernest Whitmore, Nellie Munro, Clyde Barfield, Lillian Hargreaves, Doris Hemming, Sydney Townsend, Alno Griffin, James Smart, Willie Pledger.

Division IV, First Reader to Second Reader: Gladney Cuming, Edgar Jones, Jack Dilworth, Gordon Shoubridge, Doris Edith Thackray, Andrew Paton, Winnifred Greener, John Wright, Edward Short, Albert Whittall, Hilda Gough, Edith Thackray, Florrie Pledger, Maurice Berry, Evan Jones.

Division IV, Rolls of Honor: Regularity and Punctuality: Dorothy Gilman, Edith Thackray. Department: Winnifred Greener. Proficiency: (2nd Reader): Loraine Rendell. Proficiency (1st Reader): Gladney Cuming.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 30.—Bar silver, 38 1/2. Money 4 1/2 per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 4 1/2 per cent; three months bills, 4 1/2 per cent.

METAL MARKET

NEW YORK, June 30.—The copper market has shown rather a firmer tone since the Government purchases, and development of labor troubles in the mines, but no improvement has been reported in the general demand, and there was practically no business in evidence at the end of the week.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISION MARKET

(Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), Chicago Grain and Provision Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various grain and provision prices like Wheat, Corn, etc.

NEW YORK BOND MARKET

(Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), New York Bond Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various bond prices like U.S. 4 1/2%, etc.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET

WINNIPEG, June 30.—The grain market here will remain closed for Monday only. October wheat closed 1/4c lower today. July Oats closed 1/4c higher.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

Capital Fully Paid - \$1,000,000 Reserve Fund - \$1,000,000

MAKURA WAS ONE DAY BEHIND HER SCHEDULE

Canadian-Australian Liner Docks From Antipodes With Passengers and Freight

Well over a day behind her schedule, the Canadian-Australian liner Makura, Captain J. D. S. Phillips, arrived at William Head from Auckland and Sydney, via Sava and Honolulu, about 2 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Makura brought in 133 passengers, a number of whom landed at Victoria, including Hon. King O'Malley, former Minister of Home Affairs for the Commonwealth of Australia. Mr. O'Malley is bound for Seattle and will proceed to Europe, where he expects to visit the fighting lines.

Seventeen first class, twenty-two second and three steerage passengers came ashore here, and a heavy mail was landed. The liner carried a full cargo of freight for delivery at Vancouver.

STEAMER SOL DUC TO RUN ON EXCURSIONS

Will Make Two Trips From Victoria to Port Angeles on July 4

Mr. E. E. Blackwood, local agent for the Puget Sound Navigation Company, announces that the steamer Sol Duc will make the usual excursion runs to Port Angeles on Wednesday, July 4, for the big celebration which is to be held across the straits on that day.

The steamer will make two trips, leaving Victoria at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning and at 1 o'clock noon. Returning the vessel will leave Port Angeles at 11 o'clock in the morning and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, arriving back in Victoria from her last trip at 4:30. At 4:45 p.m. she will sail for Seattle direct to go on her regular schedule between that port and Victoria.

SHIPYARD LAUNCHES EIGHTH STEEL SHIP

SEATTLE, June 30.—The Jeannette Skinner, eighth steel ship launched here by the Skinner & Eddy Corporation since May 2, 1916, went down the ways today. The new vessel is of 8,000 tons dead weight capacity, and was built for Knut Knudsfjord, of Bergen, Norway.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

(Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Table with columns: (Supplied by Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.), New York Cotton Market, High, Low, Close. Lists various cotton grades like Middling, etc.

McVicker's Gift Shop

727 Pandora Avenue Half Block From City Hall

PRELIMINARY NOTICE

To close a mortgage, mortgagee deceased, the undersigned, favored with instructions, will sell by public auction, without reserve,

Fifteen Head of Choice Dairy Cattle, Milk Cans, Etc.

At City Station, Thursday, July 5, 10 o'clock a.m.

John Bartholomew

"SELECT" AUCTION ROOMS, 135 FORT Street. And when making a GIFT always bear in mind that some of the most USEFUL and BEAUTIFUL presents for wedding and other gifts. Christmas wares, English mahogany, oak and other good-class FURNITURE, like new, at less than HALF PRICE.

AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND. BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

(ESTABLISHED 1858)

Table with columns: (ESTABLISHED 1858), Bank of New South Wales, Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund, etc.

Canada Asks You to Save Buy Dominion War Loan Bonds

Full Particulars on Application

Burdick Bros. & Brett, Limited Phone 3734, 3725 620 Broughton St., Victoria

PRINCESS MARY GOES ON WEST COAST RUN

C. F. R. Steamer Leaves Tonight for Voyage on Far North or Rivers Inlet

The C.F.R. Princess Mary is taking the run out of Victoria tonight for points on the West Coast of Vancouver Island. She will leave the Belleville Street wharf at 11 o'clock and will call at all West Coast points, proceeding this trip as far as Rivers Inlet.

When the larger steamer Princess Maquina was laid off following a mishap off Kyquot when she touched on a reef, necessitating repairs that will consume altogether three weeks in effecting at Yarrow's shipyard, the company announced that the steamer Tees would attend to the West Coast run in the meantime. In placing the Princess Mary on the run, the company is serving the West Coast with a better ship.

TIME OF SUNRISE AND SUNSET AT VICTORIA

Table with columns: (Pacific Standard Time for Month of July), Date, Sun rise, Sun set, Day rise, Day set. Lists sunrise and sunset times for each day of July.

MINING STOCKS

We buy and sell all active stocks, cash, margin, futures or options. FREE MARKET LETTER ON REQUEST

C. O. Oliver & Co.

(Established 1907) Members Vancouver Stock Exchange 417 Rogers Building, Vancouver, B. C.

To Builders

Sealed tenders will be received up to Tuesday, July 3, 1917, at 3 p.m. for renovating and repairs to the building known as the "Made in Victoria" building, situated at the Agricultural Exhibition Grounds, for the Municipality of the City of Victoria.

McVicker's Gift Shop

727 Pandora Avenue Half Block From City Hall

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THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 200 YEARS (1817-1917)

Capital Paid up - \$16,000,000 Res. - 18,000,000 Total Assets (April 1917) 344,000,000

Dominion Government War Savings Certificates can and should be purchased by everyone who can accumulate from \$21.50 upward in a Savings Account in the Bank of Montreal.

D. A. CLARKE, Sup., British Columbia Branches, VANCOUVER. A. MONTZAMBERT, Manager, VICTORIA.

ESTABLISHED 1825 IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP \$7,000,000 RESERVE FUND \$7,000,000 PELEG HOWLAND, PRESIDENT E. HAY, GENERAL MANAGER

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO

SAVE your Money, SECURE your Future and SERVE the Country. Interest allowed at current rate on Savings Deposits at all Branches.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY

Registered in the Provinces of British Columbia and Alberta

Joint control of Estates by Executors and Trust Companies safeguards the interests of the heirs and beneficiaries and also relieves and assists the Executors. Solicitors introducing business to this Company are retained in the professional care thereof.

An estimate of the Company's charges for acting in any of its capacities will be gladly given. Head Office: 1221 Douglas St., Victoria, B. C. Phone 738

\$25.00 FOR \$21.50 BUY WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

For every \$25.00 you lend to the Government now, you will get a certificate entitling you to \$25.00 at the end of three years—or you can get your money back at any time. Certificates will be registered in Ottawa, in your name, and you will receive interest on your money, you get at all times.

CERTIFICATES are issued in denominations of \$25, \$50, and \$100, and may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office.

ON SALE AT MY BANK OR ANY MONEY ORDER POST OFFICE "MAKE YOUR ENEMY PAY AT THE FRONT"

THE problem of meeting the enormous cost of this war is two-fold. Not only must Canada get the money—most of it, of course, as loans—but she must get as much of it as possible here in Canada.

We can carry the war-debt if the bulk of the interest goes to Canadians, and so is used again in the country's development. But it will be a serious matter for us if a large proportion of the interest has to be sent outside the Dominion.

For the sake of our own and our children's future this drain on our resources must be avoided! Canada's financial freedom can and must be maintained! An average saving of 15 cents a day, invested by each man, woman and child in Canada in War Savings Certificates, would enable us to carry the whole cost of the war. To approach this average, hard work, thrift, self-denial and sacrifice are required of every citizen.

For each \$21.50 you lend the Government now, you will receive \$25.00 in three years—or you can get your money back at any time. Certificates are issued in denominations of \$25, \$50 and \$100, and may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office.

Help Canada Maintain Her Financial Freedom!

Do Your Share towards Financing the War with Canadian Savings Rather than with Outside Capital.

THE National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

THE National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

THE National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

THE National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

THE National Service Board of Canada, OTTAWA.

The Leading Store for Young Men

It's part of our business to have the sort of things our customers like; the other part is to be sure they continue to like the things they buy here. We call the model shown here "Belter 15." We have so many good ones we number them.



Of course, we have plenty of other models besides "Belters"; everybody doesn't want a belt style.

You never fail to "come back" if you have once worn a

Hart Schaffner & Marx or a Leishman Suit

You can wear these clothes until they are threadbare, but the integral grace and beauty of their lines, growing closer into the intimacies of the figure, will endure till the nap is off the fabric and the shine is on the wool. The wool will eventually wear out, but the workmanship will not.

GEO. STRAITH

Men's Clothing Shop

1117 DOUGLAS STREET

Hat Renovators

We will block any lady's or gentleman's last season's Straw, Felt or Panama Hat into the newest styles.

Hard times are here, and a dollar saved is a dollar earned; and by having your old hat gone over by us you save the price of a new one.

Our aim is to give perfect satisfaction, and with that end in view we guarantee all our work.

Our delivery will call for all goods and deliver same.

American Hatter

618 Yates St.

Next to Harvey's



Can Now Give Me a Service Unexcelled on This Coast

Their stock of Office Supplies, Furniture, Filing Systems and even high-grade Writing Papers is so complete that I have no need to send to Vancouver or the East.

Take ten minutes to look over their recently enlarged display. You will not be urged to buy.

This is my tip! If you appreciate service you will act on it.



OFFICE EQUIPMENT CO. LIMITED

View Street

Special Lines: HP Paper, Books, Forms

Special Lines: Eaton, Cross, Writing Papers

VANCOUVER ISLAND

Continued from Page 27

loan rate and school rate in addition to the general purpose rate. The new by-law calls for a gross rate of 27 mills, with the saving in discount about 15 per cent. Instead of the former 6 per cent. The aldermen expect that this will yield a greater percentage of tax payments.

Dominion public works engineers have been surveying the bottom of the Port Alberni harbor with a view to increasing the depth of water near the public wharf.

Miss Ethel Woodward of the fourth reader headed the honor roll at Gill School, Alberni, for May with a percentage of eighty. Other honor roll winners include: Miss Myrtle Beck, 70 per cent; Miss Lena Langhout, 75 per cent; second primer, Miss Eva Clegg, 87 per cent; first primer, Walter Woodward, 87 per cent; receiving class, Miss Iris Beck, 85 per cent; Miss Ermilina Mangani, 80 per cent; Miss Nellie Marks, 75 per cent; Miss Helen Parker, 75 per cent; school wardens, Miss Eva Clegg and Walter Woodward, equal.

Twenty-five thousand young Atlantic salmon, brought from the Cowichan Lake hatchery by Fisheries Inspector E. G. Taylor of Nanaimo, have been placed in the Ash River, in the Alberni district.

Pte. Howe, who was at the front with the famous 7th Battalion, has been visiting his old home at Cameron Lake and Alberni.

Eight tons of whale meat were sent through Port Alberni last week from the Sechart station of the Victoria Whaling Co. to a Vancouver wholesale butcher.

Members of the guild of All Saints' church, Alberni, will hold their annual sale of work in the Parish Hall at 3 o'clock, July 4.

Mrs. R. Clarke and family of Bamfield have been visiting Alberni.

Among recent visitors to Victoria and Vancouver from Alberni and Port Alberni include Mr. T. M. Trew and Mr. C. A. MacNaughton.

Mr. Jack Reid has left Port Alberni for Merritt, B.C., where he will enter business.

Mrs. J. H. Warren and family have returned from a visit to relatives in Nanaimo.

The Rev. William C. Mahwinney of Port Alberni has been entertaining his brother, Mr. Thomas Mahwinney, of Nanaimo.

Mr. D. Burgess, who is to operate the new shingle mill at Port Alberni, has arrived with his family from Cassidy's Sliding.

J. P. Drinkwater, well known in the Alberni district, who left for the front with the Western Scots, has been wounded, according to the official casualty list.

Mr. C. F. Greene and wife, of James Island, have been visiting Port Alberni.

Mr. R. Glen Nixon, of the staff of the Alberni Pacific Lumber Co., went to Vancouver a week ago and was there married to Miss Ethel Lillian Riches.

Mr. A. H. Wylie, accountant and teller of the Bank of Montreal at Port Alberni, has moved to Victoria with his wife and family to assume duties in the Victoria branch of the bank.

Sergt. Frederick, William Laddell Harrop, who was on the censorship staff at Bamfield for the last year, died recently at the West Coast General Hospital. He was 32 years of age and was born at Durham, Ont. The funeral took place in Victoria.

SIDNEY

The Sidney Board of Trade has passed a resolution favoring conscription.

Mr. M. B. Jackson, M.P.P. for the islands, attended the last meeting of the Sidney Board of Trade and discussed with the members matters of interest to residents of the district. He declared that steps would be taken to appoint a policeman, a returned soldier if possible, to cover the Sidney district. He advised the construction of paving from Spanish boundary to Sidney. He also promised attention to the ditch trouble in and around the town. He gave a resume of the work done at the last session of the Legislature.

Trees on Beacon Avenue and other streets of Sidney are in a flourishing condition, according to reports submitted to the Sidney Board of Trade.

Members of the congregation and Sunday school of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church at Sidney will hold their annual picnic tomorrow. The party will meet at the church at 10 o'clock and be taken to the grounds of Mr. R. Bryce, at Meadlands.

Pupils writing on High school entrance examinations at Sidney last week include: Hazel King, Grace Reynolds, Andrew Stevens, and Peter Stevens, of Beaver Point; Elizabeth Maxwell, of Burgoyne Bay; and Mary Holt and Ruth Holt, of Deep Cove. All the pupils stopped with Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Tragedy, Queen's Avenue.

The table composed of Mrs. Steele, Miss Lillian Tester, Sergt. MacKenzie and Pte. Jarvis won the first prize at the Military Five Hundred tournament at Berquist's Hall, Sidney, Wednesday evening, to raise money to wipe off the electric light bill of the town. The affair was not a success from the standpoint of attendance, but was much enjoyed by those who were there. The prize-winning table was tied by another table which also got eighteen flags, but Mrs. Steele and her partners won on the cut. The prizes were boxes of writing paper for the ladies and hair brushes for the men. The consolation prizes went to table No. 3, consisting of Miss Terry, Miss Ross, Pte. Tolhurst and Mr. Reading. The dance music was provided by Miss Lorna White and Pte. Guichon, of Resthaven. Mr. Steel had charge of the play, while Messrs. Roche and Lesage formed the committee.

Receipts of the Sidney and district branch of the Red Cross amounted to \$1,662.23 during the last year, according to reports presented at the annual

meeting, presided over by Mr. J. J. White, vice-chairman, in place of Dr. S. Tiley, who is on war service. The membership consists of nine life members, 23 regular members and six associate members. Besides the light and power supplied free by the B. C. Electric and the raffle of the gramophone of Mr. H. Martie, still in progress, the principal receipts were: Garden sets, net proceeds, \$285; card parties, Mrs. Tester, \$90; card parties, Messrs. Knight and Lesage, \$13.75; billiard tournament, \$13; silver tea for Resthaven fund, \$13; daffodil tea, \$50; ladies' guilds of Holy Trinity and St. Andrew's Churches, \$136; St. Andrew's Guild, for hospital bed, \$50; I.O.D.E. donation, \$50; Sidney Social Club, balance of funds, \$11.70; Sidney and Islands Yacht Club, balance of funds, \$100; tag day, \$50; special donations for rent and sewing machines, \$50. Officers for the year have been elected as follows: Chairman, J. J. White; vice-chairman, the Rev. T. C. Des Barres; hon. Sec.-treasurer, S. A. Kelly; convener of sewing committee, Mrs. J. J. White; executive committee, Mrs. C. C. Cochran, Mrs. A. O. Wheeler, Mrs. W. J. Bowcott, Mrs. J. P. Whistler, Mrs. F. N. Tester, Mrs. Matthews, the Rev. Mr. Letts, the Rev. Mr. Stevenson and the Rev. Mr. Cortenraad and the convener of the auxiliary committee, Mrs. White reported that three sewing machine motors had been bought and 1,500 pounds of old paper collected and shipped to Victoria. During the year the following list of articles has been sent to the Temple Building, Victoria: 225 dresses, 333 convalescent suits, 253 day shirts, 152 surgical shirts, 166 pajama suits, 682 abdominal bandages, 54 triangular bandages, 537 pairs socks, 36 trench caps, 46 scarves, 7 sweaters, 12 pairs mitts, 40 wash cloths, 63 hot water bag covers, 31 personal property bags, 12 comfort bags, 11 filled comfort bags, 1 filled kit bag, 7 operation stock-ings, 5 handkerchiefs, and \$28.50 cash for kit bags. The following donations have been received at the Sidney headquarters: Socks from Mrs. Case and the Misses Turnbull, Crossdalle, Hay and Hoss; fifteen surgical shirts and old linen from Allie's Chapter, I.O.D.E. Filled comfort bags from Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Layard, Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. Des Barres, Mr. Ian Blair, Miss Margaret Cochran, Mrs. B. D. White and two from Miss Logan and cash donations from the same from Mrs. Fisher, \$1, and Mrs. Downey, \$5. Cash donations for the same purpose from James Island, \$14.85; Mrs. Backler, \$2.35; Mrs. Holt, \$2; Miss Holt, \$1; Mrs. Lott, \$2.50; Mrs. Hayward, \$1; Mrs. Hooking, \$5 cents; Mrs. Bristowe, \$2; Messrs. Hooking and Mason, \$1. The following list of work was received from the James Island branch: One dressing gown, 43 pajama suits, 46 day shirts, 154 chest bandages, 142 T bandages, six scarves, 18 face cloths, 56 pairs socks, two scarves, 18 face cloths, seven handkerchiefs. Last February knitting was started at the Deep Cove and Meadlands schools, which added considerably to the knitting list, the children entering into the work with interest. The list of articles knitted

by both schools since February is as follows: Five pairs of socks, 9 pairs bed socks, 7 trench caps, 10 pairs mittens, 12 scarves (1 knitted by a boy of six years old, quite alone). Kit bag contributions were liberally handed in amounting to \$12.15. The following is the list of articles sent in since last November: 33 surgical and flannel shirts, 15 convalescent and other suits, 23 dressing gowns, 348 bandages of various kinds, 25 comfort and other bags, five filled comfort bags, 22 pairs of socks, 13 pairs bed socks, 16 scarves, 16 trench caps, 10 pairs mittens.

The Misses White, at Sidney, have been entertaining Miss Olive Kilpatrick, of St. Margaret's School, Victoria.

Mr. H. Morgan and Mr. W. Watson, of Vancouver, have been visiting Mr. Gerrie Burke, of Third Street, Sidney.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Scarlett, of Atlin, B.C., are spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. W. Whitting, of Fifth Street.

Mrs. A. T. C. Cushman and Miss Louise Small, of Edmonton, who have been touring Coast cities, spent Wednesday afternoon in Sidney with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Moore, of Sidney.

Instructions have been given by the Provincial Government to Road Superintendent Trowse to put down a new sidewalk on Fourth Street. The work has now been practically completed under the supervision of Mr. Julius Brethour.

The Bertha L. and the Anchorite, both seine fishing boats, carrying crews of six men, are loading fish for the Sidney Canning Co. The industry at Sidney will be in full swing within a few days.

Miss Helen G. Stewart, librarian at the Victoria Public Library, will tell of her experiences at the front, in St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Sidney, next Thursday at 8 o'clock. There will be a silver collection for the Red Cross.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Sloan, of Third Street, recently entertained Mr. David L. Neilson, who holds an important office with the vice-president of the C.P.R. at Winnipeg. Mr. Neilson is an old friend of Mr. Sloan.

Confederation Day will be observed by special services in the churches of Sidney today.

The yearly membership fee is now due the treasurer of the Sidney Red Cross.

DEERHOLME

The post office department yesterday closed down the Deerholme post office. Residents of the Glenora district will now obtain their mail from Duncan.

Salvation Army Picnic—Deep Bay, Monday, July 2nd, leaving B. C. Interurban Depot, 8:45 a.m. sharp. Adults, 75c.; half-fare, 40c. All welcome.

What Will I Look Like in Ten Years from Now?



What woman hasn't asked herself this question? How often have you worried about it? You have heard it said that "beauty is only skin deep". Don't believe it. The key to good looks is health, and the first essential to good health is to keep the digestive organs in perfect working order. For this purpose nothing is so helpful as Chamberlain's Tablets. An occasional dose will prevent or relieve constipation, indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, and all their train of attendant evils.

25 cents at all druggists or direct from CHAMBERLAIN MEDICINE CO., TORONTO

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

Leckie Shoes

The out o' door man—the one who has to do with the woods, or the farm, or the mines, or other rough work—the man who hunts or prospects, the business or professional man who has to do with the city streets—there's a LECKIE SHOE for each. Each LECKIE SHOE, in its respective field has not a peer in the world. Each is a wear-resisting, weather-defying, comfort-giving article of footwear particularly suitable for British Columbia conditions.

AT YOUR SHOE DEALER'S

MADE IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Built for Wear, Style & Comfort

Winnipeg Officer Gets D. S. O. WINNIPEG, June 30.—Major Harold J. Riley, son of R. T. Riley, of this city, has been gazetted for the D. S. O. Major Riley was in command of his battalion for a period of six weeks during the absence of his colonel, but during the Vimy Ridge battle, reverted to the rank of lieutenant. This information was contained in a letter received in this city. Wanted—Wireless and Morse Telegraphers. Summer classes. Free syllabus. Superior Schools, Government.

Why the Country Needs Food-Control

The wolf is at the door of the world, so Mr. Hoover reminds us, and he would meet it with the Food-Control Bill that aims to reduce the cost of living in the United States and to bring victory nearer by feeding her Allies.

"In the last five months," says Mr. Hoover "\$250,000,000.00 has been extracted from the American consumer in excess of normal profits of manufacturers and distributors." As evidence that the unprecedentedly high prices of food are largely due to "rampant speculation," he points out that "the average prices to the consumers in countries where food administration is now in effect, are lower than those prevailing in the United States, although those countries are mainly dependent upon us for their supply."

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for June 30th, this most important subject to the American public is presented in all its ramifications. THE DIGEST telegraphed to newspaper editors in every section of the country asking for an expression of the local sentiment as to the Food-Control Bill, and the results of this investigation are shown. There is no other subject that more directly concerns the people of Canada and the United States today.

Other topics of unusual interest in the June 30th DIGEST are:

Canada Spurns Royal Titles

A Summary of Canadian Newspaper Opinion Upon the Perpetuation of English Title Awards
America's Billions for Liberty
Why Latin-America Hesitates To Win War from the Skies
Shall We Eat War Bread
As to Sticking Out the Tongue
The Superstition Regarding Dope
When a "Romney" is Not a "Romney"
Poking Fun at German Art
Why Reprisals Are Demanded in England
Swiss Neutrality Questioned

There Are Better Signs in Russia
Germany's Apprehension of Trade-Ban
The Less Rest, the Less Work
War in Tin-Cans
"Scrambling" Science
A German Defence of Moliere
Mercier to German Catholics
Billy Sunday's New York Campaign
The Best of the Current Poetry

A Fine Collection of Illustrations, Educational and Humorous

How the "Digest" Deals With Business---Big and Little

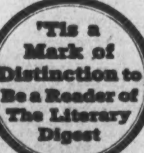
By no means, the least valuable service which THE DIGEST performs for busy men of affairs, is the way in which it treats business conditions, banking, investments, and other financial matters, each week.

newspaper and periodical press of the world, is freed from useless verbiage and is presented in concise, accurate form, for quick reading and assimilation. There is no line of industry, or finance, or banking, whose conditions are not reflected in THE DIGEST from week to week.

In an hour's reading, or less, the business man can get a grasp on the most important phases that have developed throughout the week. The consensus of the most highly skilled financial specialists, gleaned from the

Get THE DIGEST this week, and see what a useful service this Department will perform for you.

June 30th Number on Sale Today---All News-dealers---10 Cents



The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK